TOSHIBA

SERVICE MANUAL

AIR-CONDITIONER (SPLIT TYPE)

OUTDOOR UNIT <DIGITAL INVERTER>

RAV-GM561ATP-E (TR)

RAV-GM801ATP-E (TR)

RAV-GM1101ATP-E (TR)

RAV-GM1401ATP-E (TR)

RAV-GM561ATJP-E

RAV-GM801ATJP-E

RAV-GM1101ATJP-E

RAV-GM1401ATJP-E

RAV-GM561ATP-NZ

RAV-GM801ATP-NZ

RAV-GM1101ATP-NZ

RAV-GM1401ATP-NZ

R32 INVERTER









Original instruction Adoption of R32 Refrigerant

This air conditioner adopts the HFC refrigerant (R32) which does not destroy the ozone layer. This outdoor unit is designed exclusively for use with R32 refrigerant. Be sure to use in combination with a R32 refrigerant indoor unit.

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FILE NO. SVM-18043

SAFETY CAUTION

Please read carefully through these instructions that contain important information which complies with the Machinery Directive (Directive 2006/42/EC), and ensure that you understand them. Some of the details provided in these instructions differ from the service manual, and the instructions provided here take precedence.

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Definition of Qualified Installer or Qualified Service Person

The air conditioner must be installed, maintained, repaired and removed by a qualified installer or qualified service person.

When any of these jobs is to be done, ask a qualified installer or qualified service person to do them for you. A qualified installer or qualified service person is an agent who has the qualifications and knowledge described in the table below.

| Agent | Qualifications and knowledge which the agent must have | | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Qualified installer (*1) | The qualified installer is a person who installs, maintains, relocates and removes the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation. | | |
| | He or she has been trained to install, maintain, relocate and remove the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such operations by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to these operations. | | |
| | The qualified installer who is allowed to do the electrical work involved in installation, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this electrical work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to electrical work on the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work. | | |
| | • The qualified installer who is allowed to do the refrigerant handling and piping work involved in installation, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this refrigerant handling and piping work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to refrigerant handling and piping work on the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work. | | |
| | The qualified installer who is allowed to work at heights has been trained in matters relating to working at heights with the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work. | | |
| Qualified service person (*1) | The qualified service person is a person who installs, repairs, maintains, relocates and removes the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation. He or she has been trained to install, repair, maintain, relocate and remove the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such operations by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to these operations. The qualified service person who is allowed to do the electrical work involved in installation, repair, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this electrical work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to electrical work on the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work. The qualified service person who is allowed to do the refrigerant handling and piping work involved in installation, repair, relocation and removal has the qualifications pertaining to this refrigerant handling and piping work as stipulated by the local laws and regulations, and he or she is a person who has been trained in matters relating to refrigerant handling and piping work on the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and is thus thoroughly acquainted with the knowledge related to this work. The qualified service person who is allowed to work at heights has been trained in matters relating to working at heights with the air conditioners made by Toshiba Carrier Corporation or, alternatively, he or she has been instructed in such matters by an individual or individuals who have been trained and | | |

Definition of Protective Gear

When the air conditioner is to be transported, installed, maintained, repaired or removed, wear protective gloves and "safety" work clothing.

In addition to such normal protective gear, wear the protective gear described below when undertaking the special work detailed in the table below.

Failure to wear the proper protective gear is dangerous because you will be more susceptible to injury, burns, electric shocks and other injuries.

| Work undertaken | Protective gear worn |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| All types of work | Protective gloves "Safety" working clothing |
| Electrical-related work | Gloves to provide protection for electricians Insulating shoes Clothing to provide protection from electric shock |
| Work done at heights (50 cm or more) | Helmets for use in industry |
| Transportation of heavy objects | Shoes with additional protective toe cap |
| Repair of outdoor unit | Gloves to provide protection for electricians |

The important contents concerned to the safety are described on the product itself and on this Service Manual. Please read this Service Manual after understanding the described items thoroughly in the following contents (Indications/Illustrated marks), and keep them.

[Explanation of indications]

| Indication | Explanation | |
|---|--|--|
| <u></u> | Indicates contents assumed that an imminent danger causing a death or serious injury of the repair engineers and the third parties when an incorrect work has been executed. | |
| WARNING Indicates possibilities assumed that a danger causing a death or serious injure repair engineers, the third parties, and the users due to troubles of the production when an incorrect work has been executed. | | |
| ⚠ CAUTION | Indicates contents assumed that an injury or property damage (*) may be caused on the repair engineers, the third parties, and the users due to troubles of the product after work when an incorrect work has been executed. | |

^{*} Property damage: Enlarged damage concerned to property, furniture, and domestic animal/pet

[Explanation of illustrated marks]

| Mark | Explanation | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| \Diamond | Indicates prohibited items (Forbidden items to do) The sentences near an illustrated mark describe the concrete prohibited contents. | | |
| 0 | Indicates mandatory items (Compulsory items to do) The sentences near an illustrated mark describe the concrete mandatory contents. | | |
| \triangle | Indicates cautions (Including danger/warning) The sentences or illustration near or in an illustrated mark describe the concrete cautious contents. | | |

■ Warning Indications on the Air Conditioner Unit

[Confirmation of warning label on the main unit]

Confirm that labels are indicated on the specified positions If removing the label during parts replace, stick it as the original.

Meaning of symbols displayed on the unit

| | WARNING (Risk of fire) | This mark is for R32 refrigerant only. Refrigerant type is written on nameplate of outdoor unit. In case that refrigerant type is R32, this unit uses a flammable refrigerant. If refrigerant leaks and comes in contact with fire or heating part, it will create harmful gas and there is risk of fire. | |
|---|---|---|--|
| | Read the OWNER'S MANUAL carefully before operation. | | |
| | Service personnel are required to carefully read the OWNER'S MANUAL and INSTALLATION MANUAL before operation. | | |
| i | Further information is available in the OWNER'S MANUAL, INSTALLATION MANUAL, and the like. | | |

| Warning indication | | Description | |
|--------------------|---|--|--|
| À | WARNING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing. | WARNING ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD Disconnect all remote electric power supplies before servicing. | |
| | Moving parts. Do not operate unit with grille removed. Stop the unit before the servicing. | WARNING Moving parts. Do not operate unit with grille removed. Stop the unit before the servicing. | |
| | CAUTION High temperature parts. You might get burned when removing this panel. | CAUTION High temperature parts. You might get burned when removing this panel. | |



CAUTION

Do not touch the aluminum fins of the unit.
Doing so may result in injury.

CAUTION

Do not touch the aluminum fins of the unit. Doing so may result in injury.



CAUTION

BURST HAZARDOpen the service valves before the operation, otherwise there

CAUTION

BURST HAZARD

Open the service valves before the operation, otherwise there might be the burst.



WARNING

might be the burst.

Capacitor connected within this disconnect or downstream upon shutdown wait 5 minute to allow capacitors to discharge.

WARNING

Open the service valves before the operation, otherwise there might be the burst.

Precaution for Safety

The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations. Capacity shortages of the power circuit or an incomplete installation may cause an electric shock or fire.

DANGER

Before carrying out the installation, maintenance, repair or removal work, be sure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position. Otherwise, electric shocks may result.

Before opening the intake grille of the indoor unit or service panel of the outdoor unit, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position. Failure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position may result in electric shocks through contact with the interior parts.

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to remove the intake grille of the indoor unit or service panel of the outdoor unit and do the work required.

Before starting to repair the outdoor unit fan or fan guard, be absolutely sure to set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and place a "Work in progress" sign on the circuit breaker

When cleaning the filter or other parts of the indoor unit, set the circuit breaker to OFF without fail, and place a "Work in progress" sign near the circuit breaker before proceeding with the work.

Do not turn ON the circuit breaker under the condition of removing a cabinet, a panel, etc. Otherwise, it leads to an electric shock with a high voltage, resulting in loss of life.



Prohibition

breaker.

WARNING

Before starting to repair the air conditioner, read carefully through the Service Manual, and repair the air conditioner by following its instructions.

Only qualified service person (*1) is allowed to repair the air conditioner. Repair of the air conditioner by unqualified person may give rise to a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leaks and/or other problems

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to carry out the electrical work of the air conditioner. Under no circumstances must this work be done by an unqualified individual since failure to carry out the work properly may result in electric shocks and/or electrical leaks

Wear protective gloves and safety work clothing during installation, servicing and removal. When connecting the electrical wires, repairing the electrical parts or undertaking other electrical jobs, wear gloves to provide protection for electricians, insulating shoes and clothing to provide protection from electric shocks. Failure to wear this protective gear may result in electric shocks Use wiring that meets the specifications in the Installation Manual and the stipulations in the local

regulations and laws. Use of wiring which does not meet the specifications may give rise to electric shocks, electrical leakage, smoking and/or a fire.

Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to undertake work at heights using a stand of 50 cm or more.

When working at heights, use a ladder which complies with the ISO 14122 standard, and follow the procedure in the ladder's instructions. Also wear a helmet for use in industry as protective gear to undertake the work.

When working at heights, put a sign in place so that no-one will approach the work location, before proceeding with the work. Parts and other objects may fall from above, possibly injuring a person below.

Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit. You may injure yourself if you do so. If the fin must be touched for some reason, first put on protective gloves and safety work clothing, and then proceed.

Do not climb onto or place objects on top of the outdoor unit.

You may fall or the objects may fall off of the outdoor unit and result in injury.

When transporting the air conditioner, wear shoes with additional protective toe caps

When transporting the air conditioner, do not take hold of the bands around the packing carton. You may injure yourself if the bands should break.

This air conditioner has passed the pressure test as specified in IEC 60335-2-40 Annex EE

General

| Electric shock hazard | When you access inside of the electric cover to repair electric parts, wait for about five minutes after turning off the breaker. Do not start repairing immediately. Otherwise you may get electric shock by touching terminals of high-voltage capacitors. Natural discharge of the capacitor takes about five minutes. |
|--|---|
| Prohibition | Place a "Work in progress" sign near the circuit breaker while the installation, maintenance, repair or removal work is being carried out. There is a danger of electric shocks if the circuit breaker is set to ON by mistake. When checking the electric parts, removing the cover of the electric parts box of Indoor Unit and/ or front panel of Outdoor Unit inevitably to determine the failure, put a sign "Do not enter" around the site before the work. Failure to do this may result in third person getting electric shock. Before operating the air conditioner after having completed the work, check that the electrical parts box cover of the indoor unit and service panel of the outdoor unit are closed, and set the circuit breaker to the ON position. You may receive an electric shock if the power is turned on without first conducting these checks. |
| Stay on protection | If, in the course of carrying out repairs, it becomes absolutely necessary to check out the electrical parts with the electrical parts box cover of one or more of the indoor units and the service panel of the outdoor unit removed in order to find out exactly where the trouble lies, wear insulated heat-resistant gloves, insulated boots and insulated work overalls, and take care to avoid touching any live parts. You may receive an electric shock if you fail to heed this warning. Only qualified service person (*1) is allowed to do this kind of work. |
| Check earth wires. | Before troubleshooting or repair work, check the earth wire is connected to the earth terminals of the main unit, otherwise an electric shock is caused when a leak occurs. If the earth wire is not correctly connected, contact an electric engineer for rework. After completing the repair or relocation work, check that the ground wires are connected properly. Be sure to connect earth wire. (Grounding work) Incomplete grounding causes an electric shock. Do not connect ground wires to gas pipes, water pipes, and lightning rods or ground wires for telephone wires. |
| Prohibition of modification. | Do not modify the products. Do not also disassemble or modify the parts. It may cause a fire, electric shock or injury. |
| Use specified parts. | When any of the electrical parts are to be replaced, ensure that the replacement parts satisfy the specifications given in the Service Manual (or use the parts contained on the parts list in the Service Manual). Use of any parts which do not satisfy the required specifications may give rise to electric shocks, smoking and/or a fire. Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer. Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak. |
| Do not bring a child close to the equipment. | If, in the course of carrying out repairs, it becomes absolutely necessary to check out the electrical parts with the electrical parts box cover of one or more of the indoor units and the service panel of the outdoor unit removed in order to find out exactly where the trouble lies, place Keep out signs around the work site before proceeding. Third-party individuals may enter the work site and receive electric shocks if this warning is not heeded. |
| Insulating measures | Connect the cut-off lead wires with crimp contact, etc., put the closed end side upward and then apply a water-cut method, otherwise a leak or production of fire is caused at the users' side. |

0

No fire

When performing repairs using a gas burner, replace the refrigerant with nitrogen gas because the oil that coats the pipes may otherwise burn.

When repairing the refrigerating cycle, take the following measures.

- 1) Be attentive to fire around the cycle.

 When using a gas stove, etc., be sure to put out fire before work; otherwise the oil mixed with refrigerant gas may catch fire.
- 2) Do not use a welder in the closed room.
 - When using it without ventilation, carbon monoxide poisoning may be caused.
- 3) Do not bring inflammables close to the refrigerant cycle, otherwise fire of the welder may catch the inflammables.

The refrigerant used by this air conditioner is the R32.

Check the used refrigerant name and use tools and materials of the parts which match with it. For the products which use R32 refrigerant, the refrigerant name is indicated at a position on the outdoor unit where is easy to see. To prevent miss-charging, the route of the service port is changed from one of the former R22.

Be careful for miss-charging since a charging port of R32 is the same diameter as that of R410A.

Do not use any refrigerant different from the one specified for complement or replacement. Otherwise, abnormally high pressure may be generated in the refrigeration cycle, which may result in a failure or explosion of the product or an injury to your body.

For an air conditioner which uses R32, never use other refrigerant than R32. For an air conditioner which uses other refrigerant (R22, R410A etc.), never use R32. If different types of refrigerant are mixed, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle and an injury due to breakage may be caused.

If the different type of refrigerants are mixed in, be sure to recharge the refrigerant



Do not charge refrigerant additionally.

If charging refrigerant additionally when refrigerant gas leaks, the refrigerant composition in the refrigerating cycle changes resulted in change of air conditioner characteristics or refrigerant over the specified standard amount is charged and an abnormal high pressure is applied to the inside of the refrigerating cycle resulted in cause of breakage or injury. Therefore if the refrigerant gas leaks, recover the refrigerant in the air conditioner, execute vacuuming, and then newly recharge the specified amount of liquid refrigerant. In this time, never charge the refrigerant over the specified amount.

When recharging the refrigerant in the refrigerating cycle, do not mix the refrigerant or air other than R32 into the specified refrigerant. If air or others is mixed with the refrigerant, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle resulted in cause of injury due to breakage.

After the installation work, confirm that refrigerant gas does not leak. If refrigerant gas leaks into the room and flows near a fire source, such as a cooking range, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.

Never recover the refrigerant into the outdoor unit.

When the equipment is moved or repaired, be sure to recover the refrigerant with recovering device. The refrigerant cannot be recovered in the outdoor unit; otherwise a serious accident such as breakage or injury is caused.



After repair work, surely assemble the disassembled parts, and connect and lead the removed wires as before. Perform the work so that the cabinet or panel does not catch the inner wires. If incorrect assembly or incorrect wire connection was done, a disaster such as a leak or fire is caused at user's side.



After the work has finished, be sure to use an insulation tester set (500V Megger) to check the resistance is $1M\Omega$ or more between the charge section and the non-charge metal section (Earth position). If the resistance value is low, a disaster such as a leak or electric shock is caused at user's side.



When the refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation.

If the refrigerant gas touches to a fire, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire. A case of leakage of the refrigerant and the closed room full with gas is dangerous because a shortage of oxygen occurs. Be sure to execute ventilation.

If refrigerant gas has leaked during the installation work, ventilate the room immediately. If the leaked refrigerant gas comes in contact with fire, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire.

If the leaked position cannot be found up and the repair work is interrupted, pump-down and tighten the service valve, otherwise the refrigerant gas may leak into the room. When gas touches to fire such as fan heater, stove or cocking stove, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire though the refrigerant gas itself is innocuous. When installing equipment which includes a large amount of charged refrigerant such as a multi air conditioner in a sub-room, it is necessary that the density does not the limit even if the refrigerant leaks. If the refrigerant leaks and exceeds the limit density, an accident of shortage of oxygen is caused. Compulsion Tighten the flare nut with a torque wrench in the specified manner. Excessive tighten of the flare nut may cause a crack in the flare nut after a long period, which may result in refrigerant leakage. Nitrogen gas must be used for the airtight test. The charge hose must be connected in such a way that it is not slack. For the installation/moving/reinstallation work, follow to the Installation Manual. If an incorrect installation is done, a trouble of the refrigerating cycle, water leak, electric shock or fire is caused. Install the outdoor unit properly in a location that is durable enough to support the weight of the outdoor unit. Insufficient durability may cause the outdoor unit to fall, which may result in injury. Once the repair work has been completed, check for refrigerant leaks, and check the insulation resistance and water drainage. Then perform a trial run to check that the air conditioner is running properly. After repair work has finished, check there is no trouble. If check is not executed, a fire, electric shock or injury may be caused. For a check, turn off the power breaker. Check after After repair work (installation of front panel and cabinet) has finished, execute a test run to check repair there is no generation of smoke or abnormal sound. If check is not executed, a fire or an electric shock is caused. Before test run, install the front panel and cabinet. Check the following matters before a test run after repairing piping. Connect the pipes surely and there is no leak of refrigerant. The valve is opened. Do not Running the compressor under condition that the valve closes causes an abnormal high operate the pressure resulted in damage of the parts of the compressor and etc. and moreover if there is unit with the leak of refrigerant at connecting section of pipes, the air is suctioned and causes further valve closed. abnormal high pressure resulted in burst or injury. Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to relocate the air co nditioner. It is dangerous for the air conditioner to be relocated by an unqualified individual since a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result. Check the following items after reinstallation. Check after 1) The earth wire is correctly connected. reinstallation 2) The power cord is not caught in the product. 3) There is no inclination or unsteadiness and the installation is stable. If check is not executed, a fire, an electric shock or an injury is caused. When the service panel of the outdoor unit is to be opened in order for the compressor or the area around this part to be repaired immediately after the air conditioner has been shut down, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and then wait at least 10 minutes before opening the service panel. If you fail to heed this warning, you will run the risk of burning yourself because the compressor pipes and other parts will be very hot to the touch. In addition, before proceeding with the repair work, wear the kind of insulated heat-resistant gloves designed to protect electricians. When the service panel of the outdoor unit is to be opened in order for the fan motor, reactor, Cooling inverter or the areas around these parts to be repaired immediately after the air conditioner has check been shut down, set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and then wait at least 10 minutes before opening the service panel. If you fail to heed this warning, you will run the risk of burning yourself because the fan motor, reactor, inverter heat sink and other parts will be very hot to the touch. In addition, before proceeding with the repair work, wear the kind of insulated heat-resistant gloves designed to protect electricians.

When the refrigerant gas leaks, find up the leaked position and repair it surely.

| | Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to install the air conditioner. If the air conditioner is installed by an unqualified individual, a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result. |
|--------------|---|
| | Before starting to install the air conditioner, read carefully through the Installation Manual, and follow its instructions to install the air conditioner. |
| a | Do not install the air conditioner in a location that may be subject to a risk of expire to a combustible gas. If a combustible gas leaks and becomes concentrated around the unit, a fire may occur. |
| Installation | When transporting the air conditioner, use a forklift and when moving the air conditioner by hand, move the unit with 2 people(GM56,80) or move the unit with 4 people (GM110,140). |
| | Install a circuit breaker that meets the specifications in the installation manual and the stipulations in the local regulations and laws. |
| | Install the circuit breaker where it can be easily accessed by the agent. |
| | Do not place any combustion appliance in a place where it is directly exposed to the wind of air conditioner, otherwise it may cause imperfect combustion. |
| 0 | When carrying out the pump-down work shut down the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe. Disconnecting the refrigerant pipe with the service valve left open and the compressor still operating will cause air, etc. to be sucked in, raising the pressure inside the refrigeration cycle to an abnormally high level, and possibly resulting in reputing, injury, etc. |
| Compulsion | When removing the welding parts of suction and discharge pipe for the compressor, remove them at the place ventilated well after recovering the refrigerant. Improper recovering may cause the spurt of the refrigerant and the refrigeration oil, causing a injury. |
| | Do not vent gases to the atmosphere. |
| | Venting gases to the atmosphere is prohibited by the law. |
| Prohibition | |

A CAUTION

| | 2 0A0 11011 | | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 0 | Ensure wearing of gloves when performing any work in order to avoid injury from parts, etc. Failure to wear the proper protective gloves cause a injury due to the parts, etc. | | | |
| Wearing of gloves | | | | |
| Confirm | When performing the welding work, check whether refrigerant leaks or remains. If the leakage refrigerant gas touches a fire source, it may generate noxious gases, causing a fire. | | | |
| | | | | |

Explanations given to user

• If you have discovered that the fan grille is damaged, do not approach the outdoor unit but set the circuit breaker to the OFF position, and contact a qualified service person to have the repairs done.

Do not set the circuit breaker to the ON position until the repairs are completed.

Relocation

- Only a qualified installer (*1) or qualified service person (*1) is allowed to relocate the air conditioner. It is dangerous for the air conditioner to be relocated by an unqualified individual since a fire, electric shocks, injury, water leakage, noise and/or vibration may result.
- When carrying out the pump-down work shut down the compressor before disconnecting the refrigerant pipe.
 Disconnecting the refrigerant pipe with the service valve left open and the compressor still operating will cause air, etc. to be sucked in, raising the pressure inside the refrigeration cycle to an abnormally high level, and possibly resulting in reputing, injury, etc.

(*1) Refer to the "Definition of Qualified Installer or Qualified Service Person."

Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer: TOSHIBA CARRIER (THAILAND) CO., LTD.

144 / 9 Moo 5, Bangkadi Industrial Park, Tivanon Road, Tambol Bangkadi,

Amphur Muang, Pathumthani 12000, Thailand

TCF holder: TOSHIBA CARRIER EUROPE S.A.S

Route de Thil 01120 Montluel FRANCE

Hereby declares that the machinery described below:

Generic Denomination: Air Conditioner

Model/type: RAV-GM561ATP-E RAV-GM801ATP-E RAV-GM1101ATP-E RAV-GM1401ATP-E

RAV-GM561ATJP-E RAV-GM801ATJP-E RAV-GM1101ATJP-E RAV-GM561ATP-TR RAV-GM801ATP-TR RAV-GM1101ATP-TR RAV-GM1401ATP-TR RAV-GM561ATP-NZ RAV-GM801ATP-NZ RAV-GM1101ATP-NZ RAV-GM1401ATP-NZ

Commercial name: Digital Inverter Series Air Conditioner

Complies with the provision of the Machinery Directive (Directive 2006/42/EC) and the regulations transposing into national law.

Note: This declaration becomes invalid if technical or operational modifications are introduced without the manufacturer's consent.

Disposal

How to dispose of air conditioners with a rating of 12 kW and below in accordance with the 2002/96/EC Directive WEEE (Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment) is provided in the Installation Manual supplied with your product. For disposal of the product above 12 kW in rating you should use a registered company in accordance with any national or EU legislation.

<Model names with a rating of 12 kW and below (outdoor units)>

DI series

RAV-GM561ATP-E, RAV-GM801ATP-E, RAV-GM1101ATP-E RAV-GM561ATJP-E, RAV-GM801ATJP-E, RAV-GM1101ATJP-E RAV-GM561ATP-TR, RAV-GM801ATP-TR, RAV-GM1101ATP-TR RAV-GM561ATP-NZ, RAV-GM801ATP-NZ, RAV-GM1101ATP-NZ

Specification

| | Sound power level (dBA) | | |
|------------------|-------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Model | Cooling | Heating | Weight (kg) |
| RAV-GM561ATP-E | * | * | 40 |
| RAV-GM561ATJP-E | * | * | 40 |
| RAV-GM801ATP-E | * | * | 43 |
| RAV-GM801ATJP-E | * | * | 43 |
| RAV-GM1101ATP-E | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM1101ATJP-E | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM1401ATP-E | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM1401ATJP-E | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM561ATP-TR | * | * | 40 |
| RAV-GM801ATP-TR | * | * | 43 |
| RAV-GM1101ATP-TR | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM1401ATP-TR | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM561ATP-NZ | * | * | 40 |
| RAV-GM801ATP-NZ | * | * | 43 |
| RAV-GM1101ATP-NZ | * | 74 | 68 |
| RAV-GM1401ATP-NZ | * | 74 | 68 |

^{*:} Under 70 dBA

Refrigerant R32

This air conditioner adopts a new HFC type refrigerant (R32) which does not deplete the ozone layer.

1. Safety Caution Concerned to Refrigerant R32

Be sure that water, dust, the former refrigerant or the former refrigerating oil is not mixed into the refrigerating cycle of the air conditioner with refrigerant R32 during installation work or service work. If an incorrect work or incorrect service is performed, there is a possibility to cause a serious accident. Use the tools and materials exclusive to R32 to purpose a safe work.

2. Safety and Cautions on Installation/Service <Safety items>

When gas concentration and ignition energy are happened at the same time, R32 has a slight possibility of burning. Although it will not ignite under normal work environment conditions, be aware that the flame spreads if ignition should occur. It is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- Never use refrigerant other than specified refrigerant (R32) in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with the specified refrigerant (R32).
 If other refrigerant than R32 is used, it may cause personal injury, etc. by a malfunction, a fire, a rupture.
- 2) Since R32 is heavier than air, it tends to accumulate on the bottom (near the floor). Ventilate properly for the working environment to prevent its combustion. Especially in a basement or a closed room where is the high risk of the accumulation, ventilate the room with a local exhaust ventilation. If refrigerant leakage is confirmed in the room or the place where the ventilation is insufficient, do not work until the proper ventilation is performed and the work environment is improved.
- 3) When performing brazing work, be sure to check for leakage refrigerant or residual refrigerant. If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur or it may cause a fire. Keep adequate ventilation during the work.
- 4) When refrigerant gas leaks during work, execute ventilation. If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with a fire, a poisonous gas may occur or it may cause a fire.
- 5) In places where installing / repairing air-conditioning equipment, etc., keep the source of ignition such as gas combustion equipment, petroleum combustion equipment, electric heater etc. away. Do not smoke in the place.
- 6) When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not mix air in the refrigerant cycle. If air or others is mixed with the refrigerant, abnormal high pressure generates in the refrigerating cycle, causing injury due to the breakage.
- 7) After installation work complete, confirm that refrigerant gas is not leaking on the flare connection part or others. If leaked refrigerant comes to contact with a fire, toxic gas may occur, causing a fire.
- 8) Perform the installation work and re-installation according to the installation manual. Pay attention especially to the area of application. Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble or water leakage, electric shock and fire etc.
- 9) Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician. Improper repair may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.
- 10) Carry out the airtight test with nitrogen at a specified pressure. Do not use oxygen or acetylene gas absolutely as it may cause an explosion.
- 11) Always carry a refrigerant leakage detection sensor during the work and work while checking that no refrigerant leaks around working environment.
- 12) If the leakage refrigerant comes into contact with fire, it may cause a fire. Have a dry powder or CO₂ fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.

<Caution items>

- The opposite side dimension of the air-conditioner's flared nut using R32 and the shape of the charge port are the same as those of R410A.
- 2) Be careful not to charge refrigerant by mistake. Should the different type of refrigerant mix in, be sure to recharge the refrigerant
- 3) Do not mix the other refrigerant or refrigerating oil with the refrigerant.
- 4) Since the pressure of R32 is higher 1.6 times of that of the former refrigerant (R22), use tools and parts with high pressure withstand specification similar to R410A.
- 5) In the installation time, use clean pipe materials and work with great attention so that water and others do not mix in because pipes are affected by impurities such as water, oxide film, oil, etc. Use the clean pipes. Be sure to braze while flowing nitrogen gas in the pipe.

 (Never use gas other than nitrogen gas.)
- 6) For the earth protection, use a vacuum pump for air purge.
- 7) R32 refrigerant is Single-component refrigerant that does not change its composition. Although it is possible to charge the refrigerant with either liquid or gas, charge it with liquid. (If using gas for charging, composition of the refrigerant changes and then characteristics of the air conditioner change.)

3. Pipe Materials

For the refrigerant pipes, copper pipe and joints are mainly used.

It is necessary to select the most appropriate pipes to conform to the standard.

Use clean material in which impurities adhere inside of pipe or joint to a minimum.

1) Copper pipe

<Piping>

The pipe thickness, flare finishing size, flare nut and others differ according to a refrigerant type. When using a long copper pipe for R32, it is recommended to select "Copper or copper-base pipe without seam" and one with bonded oil amount 40mg/10m or less.

Also do not use crushed, deformed, discolored (especially inside) pipes.

(Impurities cause clogging of expansion valves and capillary tubes.)

<Flare nut>

Use the flare nuts which are attached to the air conditioner unit.

Be sure to select the pipes with copper thickness in the table below since the pressure of an air conditioner using R32 is higher than that of R22.

| Nominal diameter | Outer diameter (mm) | Thickness (mm) R410A or R32 |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1/2 | 6.4 | 0.80 |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.80 |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.80 |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 1.00 |

Make sure not to use a thin copper pipe sach as 0.7 mm copper thickness in the market.

2) Joint

The flare joint and socket joint are used for joints of the copper pipe.

The joints are rarely used for installation of the air conditioner.

However clear impurities when using them.

4. Tools

Tools exclusive for R410A (The following tools for R410A are required.)

O: R410A tools available

 Δ : Partly unavailable, \times : R410A tools unavailable

| | | | | raitiy ullavallable, 🔨 N4 | 10/1 toolo anavallable |
|----|---|--|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| No | Installation/serv | | Use | Applicability to R32 air | Applicability to R22 air |
| | Tools / Equipment | specification | | conditioner or not | conditioner or not |
| 1 | Flare tool | Clutch type | Pipe flaring | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | Copper pipe gauge for adjusting projection margin | _ | Flaring by conventional flare tool | 0 | |
| 3 | Torque wrench | _ | Tightening of flare nut | 0 | × |
| 4 | Gauge manifold | Port size 1/2"-20UNF (5/16" Flare) | Evacuating, refrigerant charge, run | O Note 2 | × |
| 5 | Charge hose | High-voltage | check, etc. | 0 | × |
| 6 | Vacuum pump | _ | Vacuum drying | O Note 3 1/2"-20UNF(5/16" Flare) | △ Connection diameter 1/4" |
| 7 | Vacuum pump adapter | _ | Vacuum drying | O Note 4 1/2"-20UNF(5/16" Flare) | △ Connection diameter 1/4" |
| 8 | Electronic balance for refrigerant charging | For 10 kg or 20 kg cylinder | Refrigerant charge | 0 | 0 |
| 9 | Leakage detector | _ | Gas leakage check | O Note 5 | O Note 5 |
| 10 | Refrigerant cylinder | _ | Refrigerant charge | × Note 6 | × |
| 11 | Refrigerant recovery cylinder | Exclusive for R32 | Refrigerant recovery container | × Note 7 | × |
| 12 | Refrigerant recovery device | _ | Refrigerant recovery device | O Note 8 | △ Connection diameter 1/4" |

- **Note 1** When flaring is carried out for R410A or R32 using the conventional flare tools, adjustment of projection margin is necessary. For this adjustment, a copper pipe gauge, etc. are necessary.
- **Note 2** When saturation temperature is described, the gauge manifold differs for R410A and R32. If saturation temperature reading is required, special tools exclusive for R32 are required.
- Note 3 Since R32 has a slight possibility of burning, be sure to use the tools corresponding to R32.
- **Note 4** Like R410, a Vacuum pump adapter needs installing to prevent a Vacuum pump oil (mineral oil) from flowing backward into the Charge hose. Mixing of the Vacuum pump oil into R32 refrigerant may cause a trouble such as generation of sludge, clogging of capillary, etc.
- Note 5 Be sure to use those tools after confirming they correspond to each refrigerant.
- **Note 6** For a refrigerant cylinder exclusive for R32, the paint color (or label color) of the cylinder is set the specified color (light blue) together with the indication of the refrigerant name.
- **Note 7** Although the container specification is the same as R410A, use a recovering container exclusive for R32 to avoid mixing with other refrigerants.
- **Note 8** Be careful for miss-charging of the refrigerant during work. Miss-charging of the refrigerant type may cause not only damage of the equipments but also a fire etc.

General tools

In addition to the above exclusive tools, the following equipments are necessary as the general tools.

1) Pipe cutter

6) Spanner or Monkey wrench

2) Reamer

7) Hole core drill

3) Pipe bender

8) Tape measure

4) Level vial

9) Metal saw

5) Screwdriver (+, -)

Also prepare the following equipments for other installation method and run check.

1) Clamp meter

3) Insulation resistance tester (Megger)

2) Thermometer

4) Electroscope

1. SPECIFICATIONS

1-1. Outdoor Unit

<Digital Inverter>

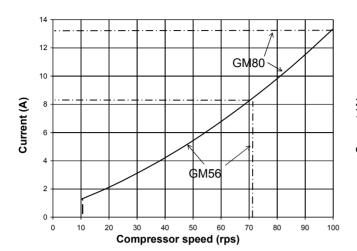
| Model name | Outdoor unit | | RAV-GM | 561AT*P* | 801AT*P* | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|---|-----------------------|--|
| Power supply | | | 1 phase | 0-240V, 50Hz 220V, 60Hz o outdoor is required.) | | |
| | Туре | | | Hermetic | compressor | |
| Compressor | Motor | | (kW) | 1.1 | 1.6 | |
| | Pole | | | 4 | 4 | |
| Refrigerant charge | ed | | 0.9 | 1.3 | | |
| Refrigerant contro | I | | | Pulse m | notor valve | |
| | Standard leng | jth | (m) | 7.5 | 7.5 | |
| | Min. length | | (m) | 5 | 5 | |
| Intor | Max. total len | gth | (m) | 30 | 30 | |
| Inter connecting pipe | | rigerant charge ping connector | | 20g/m (21m to 30m) | 35g/m (21m to 30m) | |
| | Height | Outdoor lower | (m) | 30 | 30 | |
| | difference | Outdoor higher | r (m) | 30 | 30 | |
| | Height | | (mm) | 550 | 550 | |
| Outer dimension | Width | | (mm) | 780 | 780 | |
| | Depth | | (mm) | 290 | 290 | |
| Appearance | | | | Silky shade (Muncel 1Y8.5/0.5) | | |
| Total weight | | | (kg) | 40 | 43 | |
| Heat exchanger | | | | Finn | ed tube | |
| | Fan | | | Prop | eller fan | |
| Fan unit | Standard air f | low high | (m3/min.) | 40 | 45 | |
| | Motor | | (W) | 43 | 43 | |
| Connecting size | Gas side | | (mm) | 12.7 | 15.9 | |
| Connecting pipe | Liquid side | | (mm) | 6.4 | 9.5 | |
| Sound pressure le | evel | (| 46/48 | 48/52 | | |
| Sound power leve | l | (| 63/65 | 65/69 | | |
| Outside air tempe | rature, Cooling | | °C (Dry bulb temp.) | 46 to -15 | | |
| Outside air tempe | rature, Heating | | °C (Wet bulb temp.) | 15 | to -15 | |

<Digital Inverter>

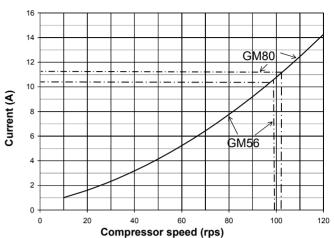
| Model name | Outdoor unit | | RAV-GM | 1101AT*P* | 1401AT*P* | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Power supply | | | | 1 phase 2 | 0-240V, 50Hz 220V, 60Hz o outdoor is required.) | |
| | Туре | | | Hermetic | compressor | |
| Compressor | Motor | | (kW) | 3.0 | 3.0 | |
| | Pole | | 4 | 4 | | |
| Refrigerant charge | ed | | (kg) | 2.1 | 2.1 | |
| Refrigerant contro | I | | | Pulse m | otor valve | |
| | Standard leng | jth | (m) | 7.5 | 7.5 | |
| | Min. length | | (m) | 5 | 5 | |
| leten | Max. total len | gth | (m) | 50 | 50 | |
| Inter connecting pipe | | rigerant charge ping connector | | 35g/m (31m to 50m) | 35g/m (31m to 50m) | |
| | Height | Outdoor lowe | r (m) | 30 | 30 | |
| | difference | Outdoor highe | er (m) | 30 | 30 | |
| | Height | | (mm) | 890 | 890 | |
| Outer dimension | Width | | (mm) | 900 | 900 | |
| | Depth | | (mm) | 320 | 320 | |
| Appearance | | | | Silky shade (Muncel 1Y8.5/0.5) | | |
| Total weight | | | (kg) | 68 | 68 | |
| Heat exchanger | | | | Finne | ed tube | |
| | Fan | | | Prope | eller fan | |
| Fan unit | Standard air f | low high | (m3/min.) | 68 | 70 | |
| | Motor | | (W) | 100 | 100 | |
| 0 | Gas side | | (mm) | 15.9 | 15.9 | |
| Connecting pipe | Liquid side | | (mm) | 9.5 | 9.5 | |
| Sound pressure le | evel | | 54/57 | 55/57 | | |
| Sound power leve | l | | 70/74 | 70/74 | | |
| Outside air tempe | rature, Cooling | | °C (Dry bulb temp.) | 46 | to -15 | |
| Outside air tempe | rature, Heating | | °C (Wet bulb temp.) | 15 | to -15 | |

1-2. Operation Characteristic Curve RAV-GM561AT*P*,GM801AT*P*

<Cooling>

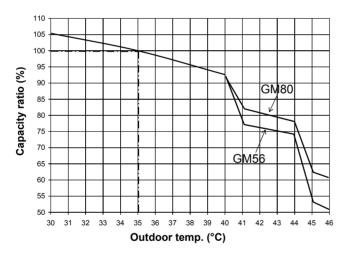


<Heating>

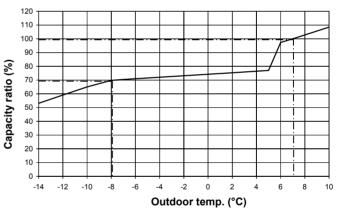


ëCapacity variation ratio according to temperature

<Cooling>



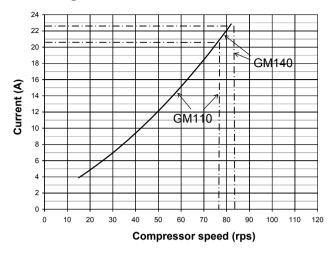
<Heating>



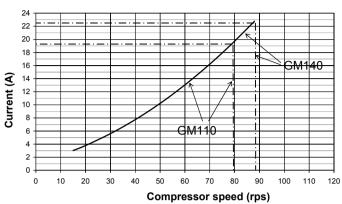
ëOperation Characteristic Curve

RAV-GM1101AT*P*, **GM1401AT*P***

<Cooling>

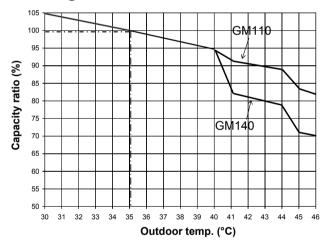


<Heating>

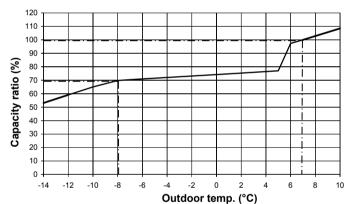


ëCapacity variation ratio according to temperature

<Cooling>

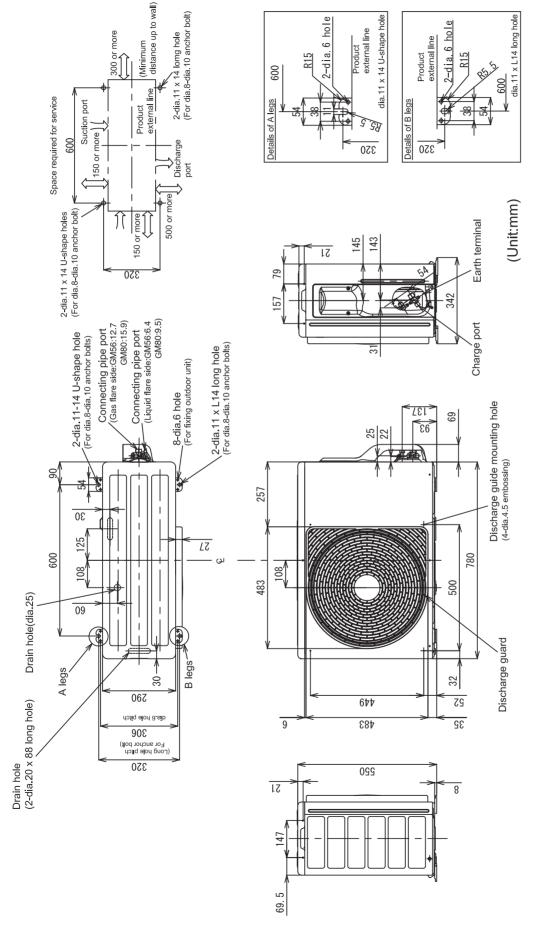


<Heating>

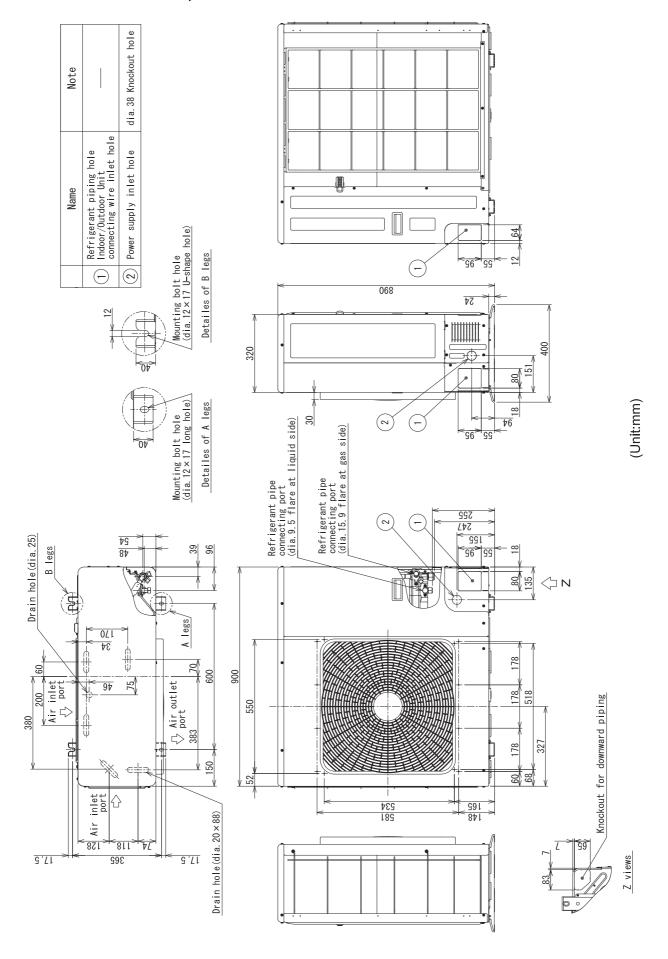


2. CONSTRUCTION VIEWS (EXTERNAL VIEWS)

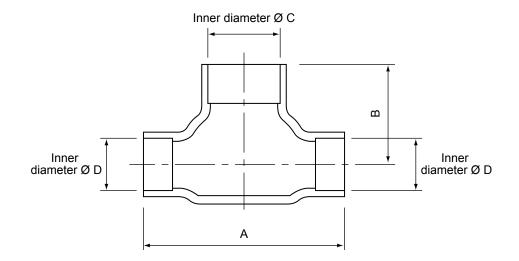
2-1. RAV-GM561AT*P*, GM801AT*P*



2-2. RAV-GM1101AT*P*, GM1401AT*P*



RAV-TWP30E2, RAV-TWP50E2 (Simultaneous Twin)

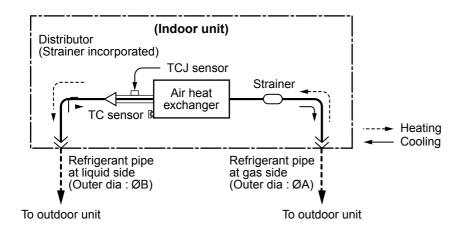


| Model | (RBC-) | Α | В | С | D |
|---------|-------------|----|----|-------|-------|
| TWD20F0 | Liquid side | 36 | 14 | Ø9.5 | Ø6.4 |
| TWP30E2 | Gas side | 43 | 23 | Ø15.9 | Ø12.7 |
| TWDESES | Liquid side | 34 | 14 | Ø9.5 | Ø9.5 |
| TWP50E2 | Gas side | 44 | 21 | Ø15.9 | Ø15.9 |

3. SYSTEMATIC REFRIGERATING CYCLE DIAGRAM

3-1. Indoor Unit

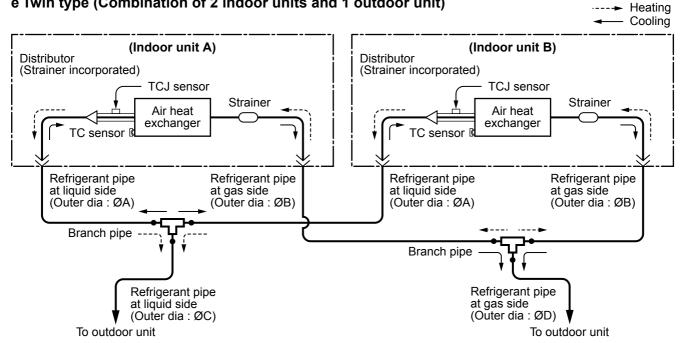
ë Single type (Combination of 1 indoor unit and 1 outdoor unit)



Dimension table

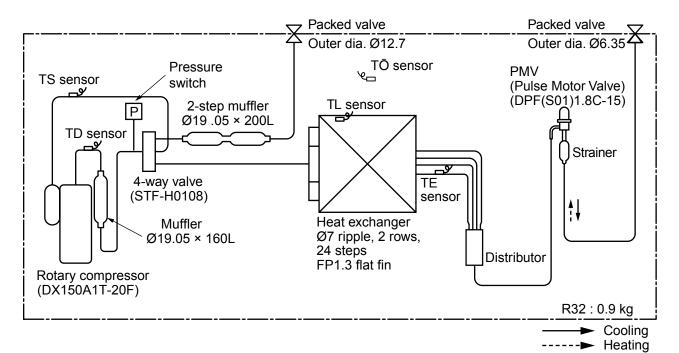
| Indoor unit | Outer diameter of refrigerant pipe | | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| indoor unit | Gas side ØA | Liquid side ØB | | | | |
| RM56 type | 12.7 | 6.4 | | | | |
| RM80, 110, 140 type | 15.9 | 9.5 | | | | |

ë Twin type (Combination of 2 indoor units and 1 outdoor unit)



| Indoor unit | Branch pipe RBC- | Α | В | С | D |
|-------------|------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| RM56 × 2 | TWP30E2 | 6.4 | 12.7 | 9.5 | 15.9 |
| RM80 × 2 | TWP50E2 | 9.5 | 15.9 | 9.5 | 15.9 |

3-2. Outdoor Unit RAV-GM561AT*P*

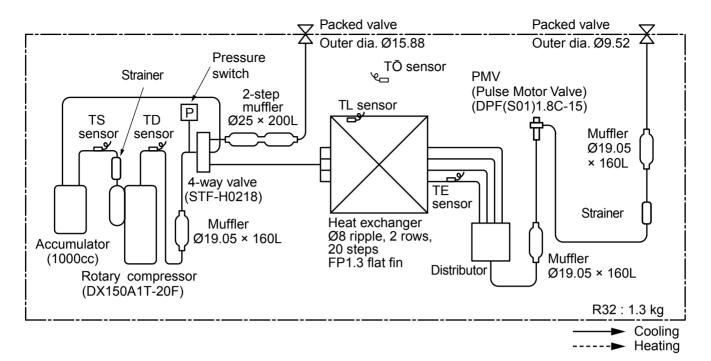


| | | | Pres | sure | | Pi | Pipe surface temperature (°C) | | | | | Indoor/Outdoor | |
|---------|----------|------|-----------------|------|------|-----------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|-----------|
| | | | (MPa) (kg/cm²G) | | m²G) | Discharge | Suction | | Outdoor heat | revolutions per second (rps) | Indoor fan | temp. conditions (DB/WB) (°C) | |
| | | Pd | Ps | Pd | Ps | (TD) | (TS) | exchanger (TC) | exchanger (TE) | * ` . , | | Indoor | Outdoor |
| | Standard | 3.11 | 0.96 | 31.7 | 9.8 | 90 | 13 | 12 | 43 | 60 | HIGH | 27/19 | 35/- |
| Cooling | Overload | 3.37 | 1.08 | 34.4 | 11.0 | 77 | 21 | 17 | 53 | 35 | HIGH | 32/24 | 46/- |
| | Low load | 1.90 | 0.70 | 19.4 | 7.1 | 48 | 7 | 5 | 30 | 50 | LOW | 18/15.5 | -5/- |
| | Standard | 2.27 | 0.63 | 23.1 | 6.4 | 82 | 2 | 36 | 1 | 65 | HIGH | 20/- | 7/6 |
| Heating | Overload | 2.86 | 0.89 | 29.2 | 9.1 | 86 | 17 | 47 | 11 | 95 | LOW | 28/- | 24/18 |
| | Low load | 1.86 | 0.25 | 19.0 | 2.6 | 69 | -14 | 31 | -15 | 98 | HIGH | 15/- | -10/(70%) |

^{* 4} poles are provided to this compressor.

The compressor frequency (Hz) measured with a clamp meter is 2 times of revolutions (rps) of the compressor.

RAV-GM801AT*P*

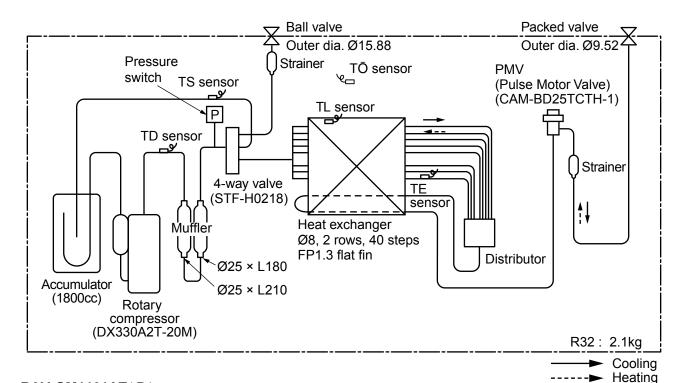


| | | Pressure | | | Pi | pe surface te | emperature (° | C) | Compressor | | | Outdoor | |
|---------|----------|----------|-------|------|------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| | | | (MPa) | | m²G) | Discharge | Suction | | Outdoor heat exchanger | revolutions per second (rps) | Indoor fan | temp. conditions (DB/WB) (°C) | |
| | | Pd | Ps | Pd | Ps | (TD) | (TS) | exchanger (TC) | (TE) | * | | Indoor | Outdoor |
| | Standard | 3.27 | 0.89 | 33.3 | 9.1 | 95 | 11 | 10 | 41 | 80 | HIGH | 27/19 | 35/- |
| Cooling | Overload | 3.63 | 1.26 | 37.0 | 10.2 | 80 | 19 | 18 | 51 | 53 | HIGH | 32/24 | 46/- |
| | Low load | 1.96 | 0.85 | 20.0 | 8.7 | 53 | 4 | 3 | 16 | 72 | HIGH | 18/15.5 | -5/- |
| | Standard | 2.61 | 0.64 | 26.6 | 6.5 | 88 | 3 | 41 | 1 | 90 | HIGH | 20/- | 7/6 |
| Heating | Overload | 3.24 | 0.94 | 33.0 | 9.6 | 84 | 13 | 53 | 11 | 76 | HIGH | 30/- | 24/18 |
| | Low load | 1.76 | 0.20 | 17.9 | 2.0 | 90 | -21 | 31 | -20 | 120 | HIGH | 15/- | -15/- |

^{* 4} poles are provided to this compressor.

The compressor frequency (Hz) measured with a clamp meter is 2 times of revolutions (rps) of the compressor.

RAV-GM1101AT*P*, GM1401AT*P*



RAV-GM1101AT*P*

| | | Pressure | | | Dine surface temperature (°C) | | | | * | | Temp | | |
|---------|----------|----------|------|------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------|---------|-------|
| | | (MPa) | | (kg/cm ² G) | | Pipe surface temperature (°C) | | | | Comp. | Fan | remp | |
| | | Pd | Ps | Pd | Ps | (TD) | (TS) | (TC) | (TE) | Hz | | In | Out |
| | Standard | 3.10 | 0.94 | 31.6 | 9.6 | 90 | 12 | 11 | 39 | 47 | HIGH | 27/19 | 35/- |
| Cooling | Overload | 3.60 | 1.13 | 36.7 | 11.5 | 78 | 16 | 18 | 54 | 50 | HIGH | 32/24 | 46/- |
| | Low load | 2.03 | 0.82 | 20.7 | 8.4 | 55 | 11 | 8 | 4 | 30 | LOW | 18/15.5 | -15/- |
| | Standard | 2.57 | 0.65 | 26.2 | 6.6 | 90 | 1 | 41 | 1 | 58 | HIGH | 20/- | 7/6 |
| Heating | Overload | 3.13 | 1.12 | 31.9 | 11.4 | 76 | 19 | 52 | 16 | 30 | LOW | 30/- | 24/18 |
| | Low load | 2.15 | 0.24 | 21.9 | 2.4 | 82 | -19 | 34 | -17 | 79 | HIGH | 15/- | -15/- |

RAV-GM1401AT*P*

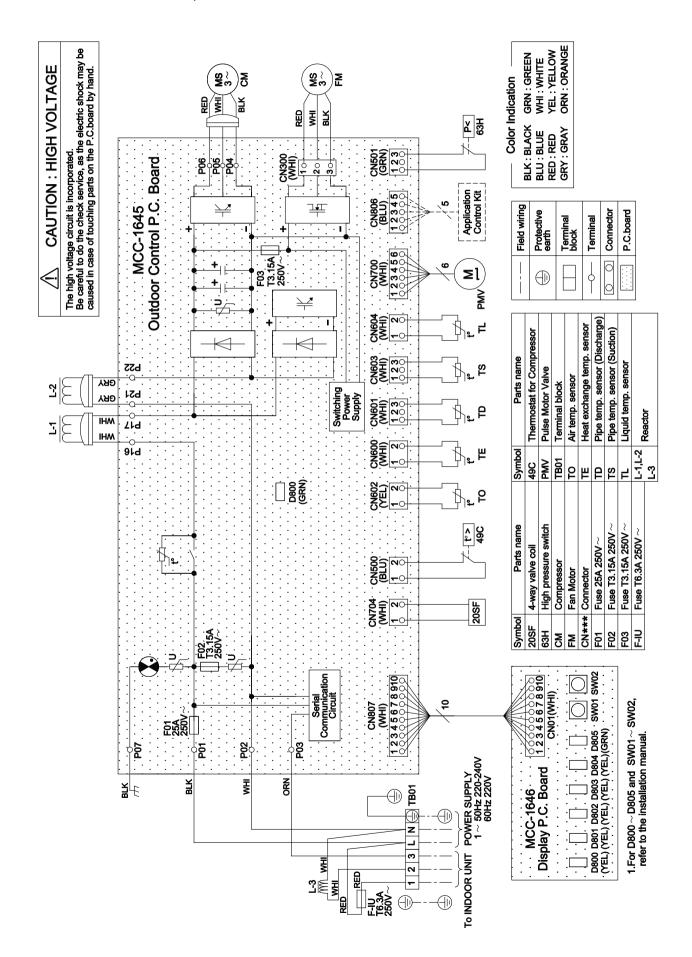
| | | Pressure | | | | Pipe surface temperature (°C) | | | | * | | Temp | |
|---------|----------|----------|------|------------------------|------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|------|---------|-------|
| | | (MPa) | | (kg/cm ² G) | | ripe surface temperature (C) | | | | Comp. | Fan | remp | |
| | | | Ps | Pd | Ps | (TD) | (TS) | (TC) | (TE) | Hz | | In | Out |
| | Standard | 3.37 | 0.85 | 34.4 | 8.7 | 92 | 9 | 10 | 44 | 68 | HIGH | 27/19 | 35/- |
| Cooling | Overload | 3.65 | 1.07 | 37.2 | 10.9 | 80 | 16 | 18 | 54 | 53 | HIGH | 32/24 | 46/- |
| | Low load | 2.05 | 0.83 | 20.9 | 8.5 | 56 | 10 | 8 | 4 | 30 | LOW | 18/15.5 | -15/- |
| | Standard | 2.79 | 0.63 | 28.4 | 6.4 | 90 | 1 | 42 | 1 | 68 | HIGH | 20/- | 7/6 |
| Heating | Overload | 3.10 | 1.12 | 30.6 | 11.4 | 75 | 19 | 51 | 16 | 30 | LOW | 30/- | 24/18 |
| | Low load | 2.30 | 0.23 | 23.5 | 2.3 | 86 | -19 | 38 | -17 | 99 | HIGH | 15/- | -15/- |

^{* 4} poles are provided to this compressor.

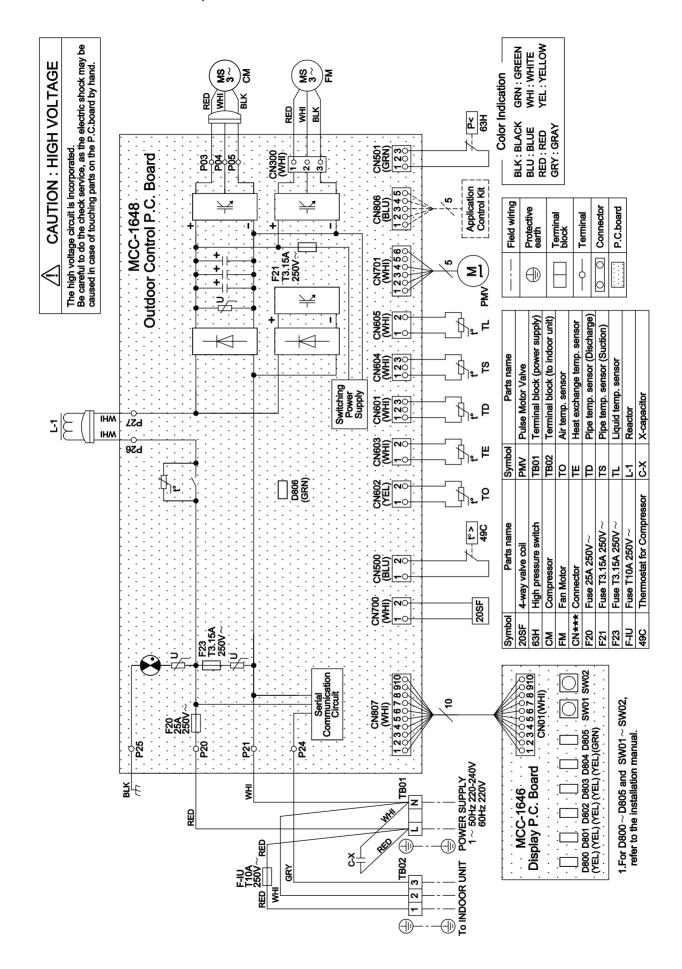
The compressor frequency (Hz) measured with a clamp meter is 2 times of revolutions (rps) of the compressor.

4. WIRING DIAGRAM

4-1. RAV-GM561AT*P*,GM801AT*P*



4-2. RAV-GM1101AT*P*, GM1401AT*P*



5. SPECIFICATIONS OF ELECTRICAL PARTS

RAV-GM561AT*P*, GM801AT*P*

| No. | Parts name | Туре | Specification |
|-----|---|------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Compressor | DX150A1T-20F | 3 phase, 4P, 1100 W |
| 2 | Fan motor | ICF-140-43-4R | Output 43 W |
| 3 | 4-way valve coil | STF-H01AZ1724A1 | - |
| 4 | PMV coil | PQ-M01012-000082 | - |
| 5 | High-pressure SW | ACB-4UB83W | OFF:4.15MPa |
| 6 | Reactor | CH-57-Z-T | 8.88~10mH, 16A |
| 7 | P.C. board | MCC-1645 | - |
| 8 | Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board) | - | AC250 V, 25 A |
| 9 | Fuse | - | AC250 V, 6.3 A |
| 10 | Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board) | - | AC250 V, 3.15 A |
| 11 | Outdoor temp. sensor (TO sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 12 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 13 | Suction temp. sensor (TS sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 14 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD sensor) | - | 50 kΩ at 25°C |
| 15 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL sensor) | - | 50 kΩ at 25°C |
| 16 | Compressor thermo. (Protection) | CS-12AL | OFF: 125 ± 4°C, ON: 90 ± 5°C |

RAV-GM1101AT*P*,GM1401AT*P*

| No. | Parts name | Туре | Specification |
|-----|---|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Compressor | DX330A2T-20M | 3 phase, 4P, 3000W |
| 2 | Fan motor | WDF-340-A100-1 | Output 100 W |
| 3 | 4-way valve coil | STF-H01AZ1724A1 | - |
| 4 | PMV coil | CAM-MD12TF-18 | - |
| 5 | High-pressure SW | ACB-4UB83W | OFF:4.15MPa |
| 6 | Reactor | CH-62-Z-T | 5.34~5.99mH, 18.5A |
| 7 | P.C. board | MCC-1648 | - |
| 8 | Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board) | - | AC250 V, 25 A |
| 9 | Fuse | - | AC250 V, 10 A |
| 10 | Fuse (Mounted on P.C. board) | - | AC250 V, 3.15 A |
| 11 | Outdoor temp. sensor (TO sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 12 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 13 | Suction temp. sensor (TS sensor) | - | 10 kΩ at 25°C |
| 14 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD sensor) | - | 50 kΩ at 25°C |
| 15 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL sensor) | - | 50 kΩ at 25°C |
| 16 | Compressor thermo. (Protection) | CS-12AL | OFF: 125 ± 4°C, ON: 90 ± 5°C |

6. REFRIGERANT R32

This air conditioner adopted the R32 refrigerant which does not damage the ozone layer.

The working pressure of the refrigerant R32 is 1.6 times higher than conventional refrigerant (R22). The refrigerating oil is also changed in accordance with change of refrigerant, so be careful that water, dust, and existing refrigerant or refrigerating oil are not entered in the refrigerant cycle of the air conditioner using the new refrigerant during installation work or servicing time. The next section describes the precautions for air

The next section describes the precautions for air conditioner using the new refrigerant.

Conforming to contents of the next section together with the general cautions included in this manual, perform the correct and safe work.

6-1. Safety During Installation/Servicing

As R32's pressure is about 1.6 times higher than that of R22, improper installation/servicing may cause a serious trouble. By using tools and materials exclusive for R32, it is necessary to carry out installation/servicing safely while taking the following precautions into consideration.

- Never use refrigerant other than R32 in an air conditioner which is designed to operate with R32.
 - If other refrigerant than R32 is mixed, pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high, and it may cause personal injury, etc. by a rupture.
- 2. Confirm the used refrigerant name, and use tools and materials exclusive for the refrigerant R32. The refrigerant name R32 is indicated on the visible place of the outdoor unit of the air conditioner using R32 as refrigerant. A diameter of charge port for R32 is the same as that of the R410's Be careful not to charge the refrigerant by mistake.
- If a refrigeration gas leakage occurs during installation/servicing, be sure to ventilate fully. If the refrigerant gas comes into contact with fire, a poisonous gas may occur.
- 4. When installing or removing an air conditioner, do not allow air or moisture to remain in the refrigeration cycle.
 - Otherwise, pressure in the refrigeration cycle may become abnormally high so that a rupture or personal injury may be caused.
- 5. After completion of installation work, check to make sure that there is no refrigeration gas leakage.
 - If the refrigerant gas leaks into the room, coming into contact with fire in the fan-driven heater, space heater, etc., a poisonous gas may occur.

- 6. When an air conditioning system charged with a large volume of refrigerant is installed in a small room, it is necessary to exercise care so that, even when refrigerant leaks, its concentration does not exceed the marginal level. If the refrigerant gas leakage occurs and its concentration exceeds the marginal level, an oxygen starvation accident may result.
- Be sure to carry out installation or removal according to the installation manual.
 Improper installation may cause refrigeration trouble, water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.
- 8. Unauthorized modifications to the air conditioner may be dangerous. If a breakdown occurs please call a qualified air conditioner technician or electrician.
 - Improper repair may result in water leakage, electric shock and fire, etc.

6-2. Refrigerant Piping Installation

6-2-1. Piping Materials and Joints Used

For the refrigerant piping installation, copper pipes and joints are mainly used.

Copper pipes and joints suitable for the refrigerant must be chosen and installed.

Furthermore, it is necessary to use clean copper pipes and joints whose interior surfaces are less affected by contaminants.

1. Copper Pipes

It is necessary to use seamless copper pipes which are made of either copper or copper alloy and it is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m.

Do not use copper pipes having a collapsed, deformed or discolored portion (especially on the interior surface).

Otherwise, the expansion valve or capillary tube may become blocked with contaminants.

As an air conditioner using R32 incurs pressure higher than when using R22, it is necessary to choose adequate materials.

Thicknesses of copper pipes used with R32 are as shown in Table 6-2-1. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8mm even when it is avail-able on the market.

NOTE:

Refer to the "6-6. Instructions for Re-use Piping of R22 or R407C".

Table 6-2-1 Thicknesses of annealed copper pipes

| | | Thickness (mm) | | |
|------------------|---------------------|----------------|------|--|
| Nominal diameter | Outer diameter (mm) | R32 | R22 | |
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 0.80 | 0.80 | |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.80 | 0.80 | |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.80 | 0.80 | |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 1.00 | 1.00 | |

1. Join

For copper pipes, flare joints or socket joints are used. Prior to use, be sure to remove all contaminants.

- a) Flare Joints
 - Flare joints used to connect the copper pipes cannot be used for pipings whose outer diameter exceeds 20 mm. In such a case, socket joints can be used.
 - Sizes of flare pipe ends, flare joint ends and flare nuts are as shown in Tables 6-2-3 to 6-2-5 below.
- b) Socket Joints
 - Socket joints are such that they are brazed for connections, and used mainly for thick pipings whose diameter is larger than 20 mm. Thicknesses of socket joints are as shown in Table 6-2-2.

Table 6-2-2 Minimum thicknesses of socket joints

| Nominal diameter | Reference outer diameter of copper pipe jointed (mm) | Minimum joint thickness (mm) |
|------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 0.50 |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.60 |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.70 |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 0.80 |

6-2-2. Processing of Piping Materials

When performing the refrigerant piping installation, care should be taken to ensure that water or dust does not enter the pipe interior, that no other oil other than lubricating oils used in the installed air conditioner is used, and that refrigerant does not leak.

When using lubricating oils in the piping processing, use such lubricating oils whose water content has been removed. When stored, be sure to seal the container with an airtight cap or any other cover.

1. Flare Processing Procedures and Precautions

- a) Cutting the Pipe
 - By means of a pipe cutter, slowly cut the pipe so that it is not deformed.
- b) Removing Burrs and Chips
 - If the flared section has chips or burrs, refrigerant leakage may occur.
 - Carefully remove all burrs and clean the cut surface before installation.

- c) Insertion of Flare Nut
- d) Flare Processing

Make certain that a clamp bar and copper pipe have been cleaned.

By means of the clamp bar, perform the flare processing correctly.

Use either a flare tool for R410A/R32 or conventional flare tool. Flare processing dimensions differ according to the type of flare tool.

When using a conventional flare tool, be sure to secure "dimension A" by using a gauge for size adjustment.

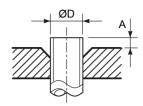


Fig. 6-2-1 Flare processing dimensions

Table 6-2-3 Dimensions related to flare processing for R410A or R32 / R22

| | | | A (mm) | | | | | |
|------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Nominal diameter | Outer diameter (mm) | ter Thickness (mm) | Flare tool for R410A, R22 | | nal flare tool A or R32) | Conventional flare tool (R22) | | |
| | , , | | clutch type | Clutch type | Wing nut type | Clutch type | Wing nut type | |
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 0.8 | 0 to 0.5 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 1.5 to 2.0 | 0.5 to 1.0 | 1.0 to 1.5 | |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.8 | 0 to 0.5 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 1.5 to 2.0 | 0.5 to 1.0 | 1.0 to 1.5 | |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.8 | 0 to 0.5 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 2.0 to 2.5 | 0.5 to 1.0 | 1.5 to 2.0 | |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 1.0 | 0 to 0.5 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 2.0 to 2.5 | 0.5 to 1.0 | 1.5 to 2.0 | |
| 3/4 | 19.1 | 1.2 | 0 to 0.5 | 1.0 to 1.5 | 2.0 to 2.5 | _ | _ | |

Table 6-2-4 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R410A or R32

| Nominal Outer | Thickness | Dimension (mm) | | | Flare nut width | | |
|---------------|---------------|----------------|------|------|-----------------|----|------|
| diameter | diameter (mm) | (mm) | Α | В | С | D | (mm) |
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 0.8 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 13 | 17 |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.8 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 9.7 | 20 | 22 |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.8 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 12.9 | 23 | 26 |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 1.0 | 19.7 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 25 | 29 |
| 3/4 | 19.1 | 1.2 | 24.0 | _ | 19.2 | 28 | 36 |

Table 6-2-5 Flare and flare nut dimensions for R22

| Nominal | Outer | Thickness | Dimension (mm) | | | | Flare nut width |
|----------|---------------|-----------|----------------|------|------|----|-----------------|
| diameter | diameter (mm) | (mm) | Α | В | С | D | (mm) |
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 0.8 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 6.5 | 13 | 17 |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 0.8 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 9.7 | 20 | 22 |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 0.8 | 16.2 | 16.0 | 12.9 | 20 | 24 |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 1.0 | 19.4 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 23 | 27 |
| 3/4 | 19.1 | 1.0 | 23.3 | 24.0 | 19.2 | 34 | 36 |

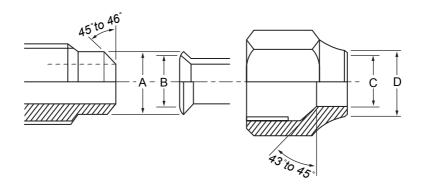


Fig. 6-2-2 Relations between flare nut and flare seal surface

2. Flare Connecting Procedures and Precautions

- a) Make sure that the flare and union portions do not have any scar or dust, etc.
- b) Correctly align the processed flare surface with the union axis.
- c) Tighten the flare with designated torque by means of a torque wrench.
 The tightening torque for R410A or R32 is the same as that for conventional R22.
 Incidentally, when the torque is weak, the gas leakage may occur.
 When it is strong, the flare nut may crack and may be made non-removable.
 When choosing the tightening torque, comply with values designated by manufacturers.
 Table 6-2-6 shows reference values.

NOTE

When applying oil to the flare surface, be sure to use oil designated by the manufacturer. If any other oil is used, the lubricating oils may deteriorate and cause the compressor to burn out.

Table 6-2-6 Tightening torque of flare fo R410A or R32 [Reference values]

| Nominal diameter | Outer diameter (mm) | Tightening torque N•m (kgf•m) | Tightening torque of torque wrenches available on the market N•m (kgf•m) |
|---------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1/4 | 6.4 | 14 to 18 (1.4 to 1.8) | 16 (1.6), 18 (1.8) |
| 3/8 | 9.5 | 33 to 42 (3.3 to 4.2) | 42 (4.2) |
| 1/2 | 12.7 | 50 to 62 (5.0 to 6.2) | 55 (5.5) |
| 5/8 | 15.9 | 68 to 82 (6.8 to 8.2) | 65 (6.5) |
| 3/4 | 19.1 | 100 to 120 (10.0 to 12.0) | |

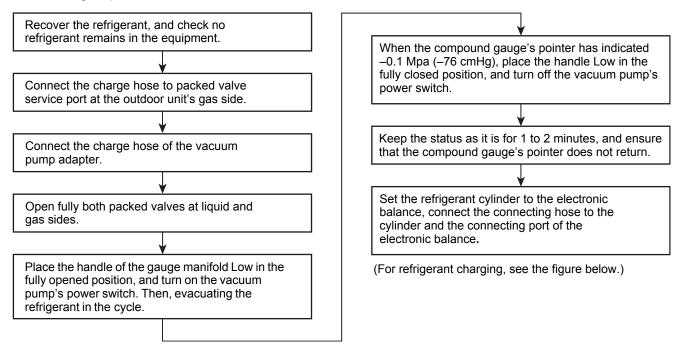
6-3. Tools

6-3-1. Required Tools

Refer to the "4. Tools"

6-4. Recharging of Refrigerant

When it is necessary to recharge refrigerant, charge the specified amount of new refrigerant according to the following steps.



- 1) Never charge refrigerant exceeding the specified amount.
- 2) If the specified amount of refrigerant cannot be charged, charge refrigerant bit by bit in COOL mode.
- 3) Do not carry out additional charging.
 When additional charging is carried out if refrigerant leaks, the refrigerant composition changes in the refrigeration cycle, that is characteristics of the air conditioner changes, refrigerant exceeding the specified amount is charged, and working pressure in the refrigeration cycle becomes abnormally high pressure, and may cause a rupture or personal injury.

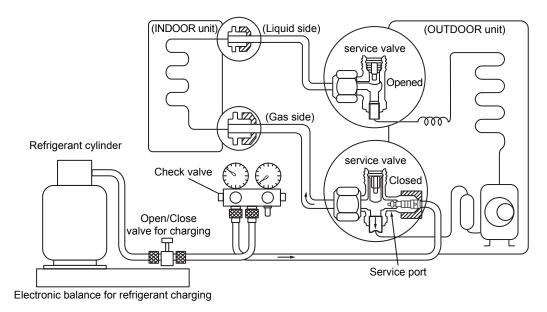


Fig. 6-4-1 Configuration of refrigerant charging

6-5. Brazing of Pipes

6-5-1. Materials for Brazing

1. Silver brazing filler

Silver brazing filler is an alloy mainly composed of silver and copper.

It is used to join iron, copper or copper alloy, and is relatively expensive though it excels in solderability.

2. Phosphor bronze brazing filler

Phosphor bronze brazing filler is generally used to join copper or copper alloy.

3. Low temperature brazing filler

Low temperature brazing filler is generally called solder, and is an alloy of tin and lead.

Since it is weak in adhesive strength, do not use it for refrigerant pipes.

- Phosphor bronze brazing filler tends to react with sulfur and produce a fragile compound water solution, which may cause a gas leakage. Therefore, use any other type of brazing filler at a hot spring resort, etc., and coat the surface with a paint.
- When performing brazing again at time of servicing, use the same type of brazing filler.

6-5-2. Flux

1. Reason why flux is necessary

- By removing the oxide film and any foreign matter on the metal surface, it assists the flow of brazing filler.
- In the brazing process, it prevents the metal surface from being oxidized.
- By reducing the brazing filler's surface tension, the brazing filler adheres better to the treated metal.

2. Characteristics required for flux

- Activated temperature of flux coincides with the brazing temperature.
- Due to a wide effective temperature range, flux is hard to carbonize.
- · It is easy to remove slag after brazing.
- The corrosive action to the treated metal and brazing filler is minimum.
- It excels in coating performance and is harmless to the human body.

As the flux works in a complicated manner as described above, it is necessary to select an adequate type of flux according to the type and shape of treated metal, type of brazing filler and brazing method, etc.

3. Types of flux

Noncorrosive flux

Generally, it is a compound of borax and boric acid.

It is effective in case where the brazing temperature is higher than 800°C.

Activated flux

Most of fluxes generally used for silver brazing are this type.

It features an increased oxide film removing capability due to the addition of compounds such as potassium fluoride, potassium chloride and sodium fluoride to the borax-boric acid compound.

4. Piping materials for brazing and used brazing filler/flux

| Piping material | Used brazing filler | Used flux |
|--------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| Copper - Copper | Phosphor copper | Do not use |
| Copper - Iron | Silver | Paste flux |
| Iron - Iron | Silver | Vapor flux |

- 1) Do not enter flux into the refrigeration cycle.
- 2) When chlorine contained in the flux remains within the pipe, the lubricating oil deteriorates. Therefore, use a flux which does not contain chlorine.
- 3) When adding water to the flux, use water which does not contain chlorine (e.g. distilled water or ion-exchange water).
- 4) Remove the flux after brazing.

6-5-3. Brazing

As brazing work requires sophisticated techniques, experiences based upon a theoretical knowledge, it must be performed by a person qualified.

In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting dry Nitrogen gas flow.

Never use gas other than Nitrogen gas.

1. Brazing method to prevent oxidation

- 1) Attach a reducing valve and a flow-meter to the Nitrogen gas cylinder.
- Use a copper pipe to direct the piping material, and attach a flow-meter to the cylinder.
- Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping material and inserted copper pipe for Nitrogen in order to prevent backflow of the Nitrogen gas.
- 4) When the Nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.
- 5) Adjust the flow rate of Nitrogen gas so that it is lower than 0.05 m³/Hr or 0.02 MPa (0.2kgf/cm²) by means of the reducing valve.
- 6) After performing the steps above, keep the Nitrogen gas flowing until the pipe cools down to a certain extent (temperature at which pipes are touchable with hands).
- 7) Remove the flux completely after brazing.

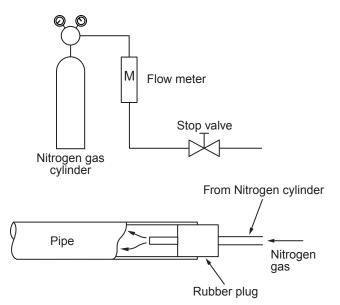


Fig. 6-5-1 Prevention of oxidation during brazing

6-6. Instructions for Re-use Piping of R22 or R407C

Instruction of Works:

The existing R22 and R407C piping can be reused for our super digital inverter R32 products installations.

MARNING

Confirming the existence of scratches or dents on the existing pipes and confirming the reliability of the pipe strength are conventionally referred to the local site.

If the specified conditions can be cleared, it is possible to update existing R22 and R407C pipes to those for R32 models.

6-6-1 Basic conditions needed to reuse existing pipes

Check and observe the presence of three conditions in the refrigerant piping works.

- 1. **Dry** (There is no moisture inside of the pipes.)
- 2. Clean (There is no dust inside of the pipes.)
- 3. **Tight** (There are no refrigerant leaks.)

6-6-2 Restrictions for use of existing pipes

In the following cases, the existing pipes should not be reused as they are. Clean the existing pipes or exchange them with new pipes.

- 1. When a scratch or dent is heavy, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
- 2. When the existing pipe thickness is thinner than the specified "Pipe diameter and thickness," be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
 - The operating pressure of R32 is high. If there is a scratch or dent on the pipe or a thinner pipe is used, the pressure strength may be inadequate, which may cause the pipe to break in the worst case.
- * Pipe diameter and thickness (mm)

| Reference outside diameter (mm) | Wall thickness (mm) | Material |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------|
| 6.4 | 0.8 | ı |
| 9.5 | 0.8 | _ |
| 12.7 | 0.8 | - |
| 15.9 | 1.0 | _ |

- In case the pipe diameter is Ø12.7 mm or less and the thickness is less than 0.7 mm, be sure to use new pipes for the refrigerant piping works.
- When the outdoor unit was left with the pipes disconnected, or the gas leaked from the pipes and the pipes were not repaired and refilled.
 - There is the possibility of rain water or air, including moisture, entering the pipe.
- 4. When refrigerant cannot be recovered using a refrigerant recovery unit.
 - There is the possibility that a large quantity of dirty oil or moisture remains inside the pipes.

5. When a commercially available dryer is attached to the existing pipes.

There is the possibility that copper green rust has been generated.

6. When the existing air conditioner is removed after refrigerant has been recovered.

Check if the oil is judged to be clearly different from normal oil.

- The refrigerator oil is copper rust green in color: There is the possibility that moisture has mixed with the oil and rust has been generated inside the pipe.
- There is discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, or a bad smell.

A large quantity of shiny metal dust or other wear

- 7. When the air conditioner has a history of the compressor failing and being replaced.
 - When discolored oil, a large quantity of residue, of foreign matter is observed, trouble will occur.
- 8. When temporary installation and removal of the air conditioner are repeated such as when leased, etc.
- 9. If the type of refrigerator oil of the existing air conditioner is other than the following oil (Mineral oil), Suniso, Freol-S, MS (Synthetic oil), alkyl benzene (HAB, Barrel-freeze), ester series, PVE only of ether series.

The winding-insulation of the compressor may deteriorate.

NOTE

The above descriptions are results have been confirmed by our company and represent our views on our air conditioners, but do not guarantee the use of the existing pipes of air conditioners that have adopted R32 or R410A in other companies.

6-6-3 Branching pipe for simultaneous operation system

In the concurrent twin system, when TOSHIBA has specified that branching pipe is to be used, it can be reused. Branching pipe model name: RBC-TWP30E, RBC-TWP50E

On the existing air conditioner for simultaneous operation system (twin system), there are cases of branch pipes being used that have insufficient compressive strength. In such case, please change the piping to a branch pipe for R32 or R410A.

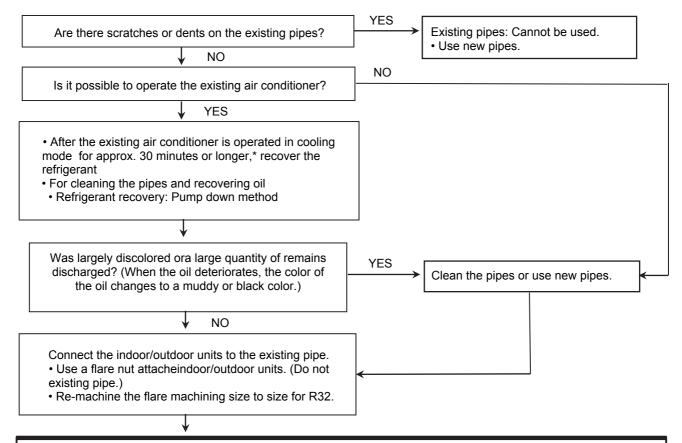
6-6-4 Curing of pipes

When removing and opening the indoor or outdoor unit for a long time, cure the pipes as follows

- Otherwise rust may be generated when moisture or foreign matter due to condensation enters the pipes.
- The rust cannot be removed by cleaning, and new pipes are necessary.

| Placement location | Term | Curing manner |
|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|
| | 1 month or more | Pinching |
| Outdoors | Less than | Pinching or |
| | 1 month | _ |
| Indoors | Every time | Taping |

6-6-5 Final Installation Checks



■ In case use existing pipe,The gas pipe Ø19.1 mm is able to use for the outdoor unit of GM80 (3 Hp) or higher,However,

Prior specify to use gas pipe Ø19.1 mm. for the air conditioners

■ Existing piping

The following settings are required when using a pipe Ø19.1 mm as the existing piping at the gas pipe side.

Steps taken to support existing piping

- 1. Set the circuit breaker to the ON position to turn on the power.
- 2. Check that the LED displays are placed in their initial status. If not, place them in the initial status.
- 3. Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 5)
- 4. Press SW01 four times to set the LED displays (D800 to D805) to the "LED displays for existing piping settings" shown below. (Fig. 6)

| (Fig. 5) | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LED displays indicated when step 3 is taken | | | | | | | | | |
| D800 | D801 | D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | | |
| 0 | \circ \bullet \bullet \diamond \bullet | | | | | | | | |
| (): ON, € | O: ON, ●: OFF, ♦: Slow flashing | | | | | | | | |

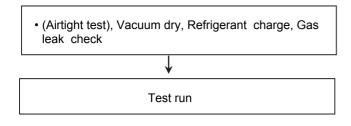
| (1 ig. 0) | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LED displays for existing piping settings | | | | | | | | |
| D800 | D801 | D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| ○: ON. | O: ON. ♠: OFF. ۞: Bapid flashing | | | | | | | |

- 5. Press SW02 to set D805 to rapid flashing. (Each time SW02 is pressed, D805 is switched between rapid flashing and OFF.) (Fig. 7)
- 6. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly and that D805 lights. (Fig. 8)

| (Fig. 7) | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------|--------------------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| LED displays indicated when step 5 is taken | | | | | | | | |
| D800 | D801 | D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | |
| • • • • • • | | | | | | | | |
| O. ON ■ | · OFF | · Rapid fla | ashina | | | | | |

| (Fig. 8) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| LED displays indicated when step 6 is taken | | | | | | | | | |
| D800 | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | | | |
| \bullet \bullet \circ \bullet \diamond \circ | | | | | | | | | |
| ○: ON. ● | O: ON. ♠: OFF. ♦: Slow flashing | | | | | | | | |

- 7. Hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status. The existing piping is now supported by taking the above steps. In this status, the heating capacity may decrease during heating depending on the outside air temperature and indoor temperature.
- * If there is any reason to doubt whether establishing support was successful in the course of this operation, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the setting steps.



6-6-6. Handling of Existing Pipe

When using the existing pipe, carefully check it for the following:

- Wall thickness (within the specified range)
- · Scratches and dents
- · Water, oil, dirt, or dust in the pipe
- · Flare looseness and leakage from welds
- Deterioration of copper pipe and heat insulator
- Before recovering the refrigerant in the existing system, perform a cooling operation for at least 30 minutes.

Cautions for using existing pipe

- Do not reuse a flare nut to prevent gas leaks.
 Replace it with the supplied flare nut and then process it to a flare.
- Blow nitrogen gas or use an appropriate means to keep the inside of the pipe clean.
 If discolored oil or much residue is discharged, wash the pipe.
- · Check welds, if any, on the pipe for gas leaks.
- There may be a problem with the pressure resistance of the branching pipes of the existing piping

Replace them with branch pipes (sold separately).

When the pipe corresponds to any of the following, do not use it. Install a new pipe instead.

- The pipe has been opened (disconnected from indoor unit or outdoor unit) for a long period.
- The pipe has been connected to an outdoor unit that does not use refrigerant R22, R410A, R32 or R407.
- The existing pipe must have a wall thickness equal to or larger than the following thicknesses.

| Reference outside diameter (mm) | Wall thickness (mm) | Material | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|-----------|--|--|
| 6.4 | 0.8 | _ | | |
| 9.5 | 0.8 | _ | | |
| 12.7 | 0.8 | _ | | |
| 15.9 | 1.0 | _ | | |
| 19.1 | 1.2 | _ | | |
| 22.2 | 1.0 | Half hard | | |
| 28.6 | 1.0 | Half hard | | |

 Do not use any pipe with a wall thickness less than these thicknesses due to insufficient pressure capacity.

RAV-GM801ATP*

 To use an existing Ø19.1 mm pipe, set bit 3 of SW802 (switch for existing pipe) on the P.C. board of the outdoor unit to ON.

In this case, the heating performance may be reduced depending on the outside air temperature and room temperature.

| SW802 | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| When shipped from factory | When using existing pipe | | | | | | | |
| ON 1 2 3 | 0N | | | | | | | |

6-6-7. Recovering Refrigerant

Use the refrigerant recovery equipment to recover the refrigerant.

6-7 Charging additional refrigerant

Amount of additional refrigerant shall be restricted by the following explanation to ensure the reliability. Miss-charging leads to the abnormal high pressure in the refrigerant cycle, causing a rupture, a injury and a compressor malfunction.

6-7-1 [Assumed gas leak]

The refrigerant can be charged only when the amount of a leak such as a slow-leak found at the installation work can be ensured that it is within the additional limits shown in the following.

Recharge the refrigerant, as the amount of leakage is unknown when calling "Cooling is not good" or "Warming is not good".

6-7-2 [Limiting the additional charge]

- The maximum amount of additional refrigerant shall be up to 10 % of the normal amount of the refrigerant.
 If no improvement in symptoms can be found at the above limitation, recover all gases and recharge the normal amount of refrigerant.
- If the slow leak is found at the installation work and the connection pipe length is 15 m or less, tighten the flare nut at the leak point and do not add the refrigerant.

6-7-3 [Cautions on charging additional refrigerant]

- When adding, use a balance with an accuracy of more than 10 g scale. Do not use a health-meter etc.
- If the refrigerant gas leaks, find the leakage point and repair it securely. Though the refrigerant gas itself is innocuous, if it touch a fire source such as fan heater, stove or kitchen stove, noxious gas may occur.
- When charging the refrigerant, charge with liquid refrigerant.
 Work carefully and charge it little by little since it may be rapidly charged due to the liquid state.

6-8 General safety precautions for using R32 refrigerant

6-8-1 Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely.
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available.
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of flammable refrigerants.
- In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall be available and in good working order.
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- Before using recovery machine check that it is satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release.
- Consult manufacturer if in doubt.
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged.
- Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers.
- Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process.
- When oil is drained from a system, it shall be carried out safely.

6-8-2 Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that
 the technician is completely familiar with the
 equipment and all its details. Only a qualified installer
 (*1) or qualified service person (*1)
 is allowed to do this work.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that :
- mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person;
- recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible.
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from the various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturers instructions.
- h) Do not overfill cylinders (No more than 80%volume liquid change).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process complete, make sure that cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be changed into another refrigerant system unless it has been cleaned and checked.

6-8-3 Labelling

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant.
- The label shall be dated and signed.
- Ensure that are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

7. OUTDOOR CONTROL CIRCUIT

7-1. Outline of Main Controls

1. Pulse Modulating Valve (PMV) control

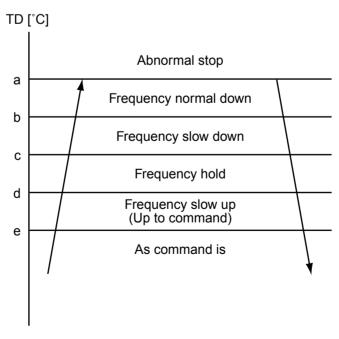
- 1) For PMV withGM56, 80: 50 to 500, GM110, 140: 30 to 500 pulses during operation, respectively.
- 2) In cooling operation, PMV is controlled with the temperature difference between TS sensor and TC sensor.
- 3) In heating operation, PMV is controlled with the temperature difference between TS sensor and TE sensor.
- 4) For the temperature difference in items 2) and 3), -1 to 5K is aimed as the target in both cooling and heating operations.
- 5) When the cycle excessively rose in both cooling and heating operations, PMV is controlled by TD sensor.
 - The aimed value is usually GM56, 80 : 100°C, GM110, 140 : 91°C in both cooling and heating operations.

REQUIREMENT

A sensor trouble may cause a liquid back-flow or abnormal overheat resulting in excessive shortening of the compressor life. In a case of trouble on the compressor, be sure to check there is no error in the resistance value an the refrigerating cycle of each sensor after repair and then start the operation.

2. Discharge temperature release control

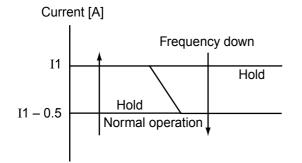
- 1) When the discharge temperature did not fall or the discharge temperature rapidly went up by PMV control, this control lowers the compressor frequency. It subdivides the frequency control up to 0.6Hz to stabilize the cycle.
- 2) When the discharge temperature detected an abnormal stop zone, the compressor stops and then restarts after 2 minutes 30 seconds.
 - The error counting is cleared when the operation continued for 10 minutes. If the error is detected by 4 times without clearing, the error is determined and restarting is not performed.
 - * The cause is considered as excessively little amount of refrigerant, PMV error or clogging of the cycle.
- 3) For displayed contents of error, confirm on the check code list.



| | а | b | С | d | е |
|------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|
| GM56, 80 | 117 | 115 | 106 | 103 | 96 |
| GM110, 140 | 111 | 109 | 106 | 103 | 96 |

3. Current release control

The output frequency and the output voltage are controlled by AC current value detected by current transformer on the outdoor P.C. board so that input current of the inverter does not exceed the specified value.



| Model | GN | 156 | GM80 | | |
|--------------|------|---|-------|------|--|
| Model | COOL | DL HEAT COOL 1 12.0 14.5 GM110 GN | HEAT | | |
| I1 value [A] | 10.1 | 12.0 | 14.5 | 14.0 | |
| Model | GM | 110 | GM140 | | |
| Wodei | COOL | HEAT | COOL | HEAT | |
| l1 value [A] | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 21.2 | |

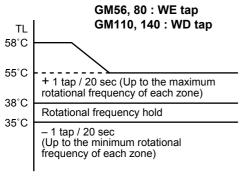
4. Outdoor fan control

Allocations of fan tap revolutions [rpm]

| Model | W1 | W2 | W3 | W4 | W5 | W6 | W7 | W8 | W9 | WA | WB | wc | WD | WE | WF |
|-------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|
| GM56 | 200 | 300 | 350 | 410 | 480 | 500 | 530 | 560 | 640 | 670 | 700 | 750 | 800 | 840 | 950 |
| GM80 | 200 | 300 | 350 | 410 | 480 | 500 | 530 | 560 | 640 | 670 | 700 | 750 | 840 | 980 | 1050 |
| GM110 | 200 | 210 | 250 | 320 | 390 | 460 | 530 | 600 | 660 | 730 | 770 | 840 | 880 | 930 | 930 |
| GM140 | 200 | 210 | 250 | 320 | 390 | 460 | 530 | 600 | 660 | 730 | 770 | 840 | 880 | 930 | 930 |

4-1. Cooling fan control

- 1) An outdoor fan is controlled by TL sensor, TO sensor and compressor frequency. An outdoor fan is controlled at 1-tap interval of DC fan control.
- 2) At the start time, the fan is fixed for 60 seconds only with the maximum fan tap corresponded to the zone in the following table but it is controlled with TL sensor temperature after then.



| _ | GM56 | 34.2 Hz | or lower | 34.2Hz t | o 58.8Hz | 58.8Hz c | r higher |
|----------------|------------------|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Temp. range | GM80 | 46.8 Hz or lower | | 46.8Hz to 83.4Hz | | 83.4Hz c | r higher |
| rungo | | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| 38°C ≤ | ТО | W6 | WB | W8 | WE | WA | WE |
| 29°C ≤ TO | 29°C ≤ TO < 38°C | | WA | W7 | WE | W9 | WE |
| 15°C ≤ TO | < 29°C | W3 | W7 | W5 | W9 | W7 | WB |
| 5°C ≤ TO | < 15°C | W2 | W5 | W4 | W7 | W6 | W9 |
| 0°C ≤ TO | < 5°C | W1 | W3 | W3 | W5 | W4 | W7 |
| -4°C ≤ TC |) < 0°C | W1 | W2 | W2 | W4 | W3 | W5 |
| TO < -4°C | | OFF | OFF | OFF | W3 | W1 | W4 |
| TO eri | ror | OFF | WB | OFF | WE | W1 | WE |

| Temp. | GM110 GM140 | 34.2 Hz | or lower | 34.2Hz t | o 52.2Hz | 52.2Hz c | r higher |
|-----------------|----------------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| range | | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. | Min. | Max. |
| 38°C ≤ | ТО | W6 | WD | W8 | WD | WA | WD |
| 29°C ≤ TO | < 38°C | W5 | WC | W7 | WC | W9 | WD |
| 15°C ≤ TO | < 29°C | W3 | W7 | W5 | W9 | W7 | WB |
| 5°C ≤ TO | < 15°C | W2 | W5 | W4 | W7 | W6 | W9 |
| 0°C ≤ TO | < 5°C | W1 | W3 | W3 | W5 | W4 | W7 |
| -4°C ≤ TO < 0°C | | W1 | W2 | W2 | W4 | W3 | W5 |
| TO < -4°C | | OFF | W2 | OFF | W4 | OFF | W4 |
| TO er | ror | OFF | WD | OFF | WD | OFF | WD |

4-2. Heating fan control

- 1) An outdoor fan is controlled by TE sensor, TO sensor and compressor frequency. (It is controlled with W1 for minimum and the maximum is controlled according to the following table.)
- 2) At the start time, the fan is fixed for 3 minutes only with the maximum fan tap corresponded to the zone in the following table but it is controlled with TE sensor temperature after then.
- 3) When a status TE ≥ 24°C continues for 5 minutes, the operation stops. In this case, no error display appears and the status is same as the normal thermo-OFF. The can restarts after approx. 2 minutes 30 seconds and this continuous operation is not an error.
- 4) When the above status as 3) occurs frequently, it is considered that filter of the suction part of the indoor unit is dirty. Clean the filter and restart the operation.

| TE | - 2 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1) Stop timer count - 2 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1) |
|------|--|
| | - 2 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1) |
| 21°C | - 1 tap / 20 seconds (up to W1) |
| 18°C | Rotational frequency hold |
| 15°C | + 1 tap / 20 seconds (up to Max. tap of each zone) |

| Temp. | GM56 | 39.0 Hz or lower | 39.0Hz to 67.8Hz | 67.8Hz or higher |
|-------------------|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| range | | Max. | Max. | Max. |
| 10°C ≤ TO | | W7 | W8 | W9 |
| 5°C ≤ TO < 10°C | | W9 | WB | WE |
| -3°C ≤ TO < 5°C | | WE | WE | WF |
| -10°C ≤ TO < -3°C | | WF | WF | WF |
| TO < -10°C | | WF | WF | WF |
| TO e | rror | WF | WF | WF |

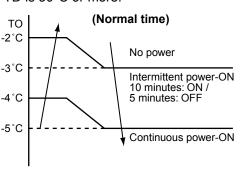
| Temp. | GM80 | 49.8 Hz or lower | 49.8Hz to 88.8Hz | 88.8Hz or higher |
|-------------------|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| range | | Max. | Max. | Max. |
| 10°C ≤ | ≤ TO | W7 | W8 | W9 |
| 5°C ≤ TO < 10°C | | W9 | WB | WF |
| -3°C ≤ TO < 5°C | | WF | WF | WF |
| -10°C ≤ TO < -3°C | | WF | WF | WF |
| TO < -10°C | | WF | WF | WF |
| TO e | rror | WF | WF | WF |

| Temp. | GM110 GM140 | 20.4 Hz or lower | 20.4Hz to 45.0Hz | 45.0Hz or higher |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| range | | Max. | Max. | Max. |
| 10°C ≤ TO | | W7 | W8 | W9 |
| 5°C ≤ TO < 10°C | | W9 | WB | WE |
| -3°C ≤ TO < 5°C | | WE | WE | WE |
| -10°C ≤ TO < -3°C | | WE | WE | WE |
| TO < -10°C | | WE | WE | WE |
| TO e | rror | WE | WE | WE |

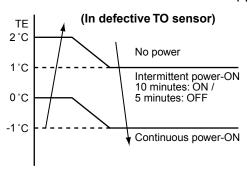
5. Coil heating control

- 1) This control function heats the compressor by turning on the stopped compressor instead of a case heater. It purposes to prevent stagnation of the refrigerant inside of the compressor.
- 2) As usual, turn on power of the compressor for the specified time before a test run after installation; otherwise a trouble of the compressor may be caused.
 - As same as a test run, it is recommended to turn on power of the compressor beforehand when starting operation after power of the compressor has been interrupted and left as it is for a long time.
- 3) A judgment for electricity is performed by TD and TO sensors. If TO sensor is defective, a backup control is automatically performed by TE sensor. For a case of defective TO sensor, judge it with outdoor LED display.
- 4) For every model, the power is turned off when TD is 30°C or more.





• Power-ON condition TD < 30°C



| | GM56, 80 | GM110, 140 |
|--------------|----------|------------|
| Output power | 20W | 50W |

REQUIREMENT

While heating the coil, the power sound may be heard. However it is not a trouble.

6. Short intermittent operation preventive control

- For 3 to 10 minutes after operation start, in some cases, the compressor does not stop to protect the compressor even if receiving the thermostat-OFF signal from indoor.
 However it is not abnormal status. (The operation continuance differs according to the operation status.)
- 2) When the operation stops by the remote controller, the operation does not continue.

7. Current release value shift control

- This control purposes to prevent troubles of the electronic parts such as the compressor driving elements and the compressor during cooling operation.
- The current release control value (I1) is selected from the following table according to TO sensor value.

Current release control value (I1)

[A]

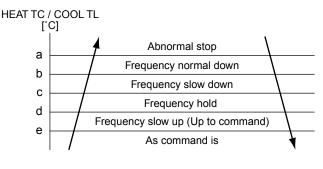
| Temperature range | GM56 | GM80 | GM110 | GM140 |
|-------------------|------|------|-------|-------|
| 47°C ≤ TO | 4.7 | 7.1 | 15.8 | 15.8 |
| 44°C ≤ TO < 47°C | 4.7 | 9.9 | 17.4 | 17.4 |
| 39°C ≤ TO < 44°C | 6.2 | 11.3 | 18.3 | 18.3 |
| TO error | 4.7 | 7.1 | 15.8 | 15.8 |

8. Over-current protective control

- 1) When the over-current protective circuit detected an abnormal current, stop the compressor.
- 2) The compressor restarts after 2 minutes 30 seconds setting [1] as an error count.
- 3) When the error count [8] was found, determine an error and restart operation is not performed.
- 4) For the error display contents, confirm on the check code list.

9. High-pressure release control

- 1) The operation frequency is controlled to restrain abnormal rising of high pressure by TL sensor in cooling operation and TC sensor in heating operation.
- 2) When TL sensor in cooling operation or TC sensor in heating operation detects abnormal temperature of the stop zone, stop the compressor and the error count becomes +1.
- 3) When the compressor stopped with 2), the operation restarts from the point of the normal operation zone (e point or lower) where it returned after 2 minutes 30 seconds.
- 4) The error count when the compressor stopped with 2) is cleared after the operation continued for 10 minutes.
 - If the error count becomes [10] without clearing, the error is determined and reactivation is not performed.
- 5) For the error display contents, confirm on the check code list.

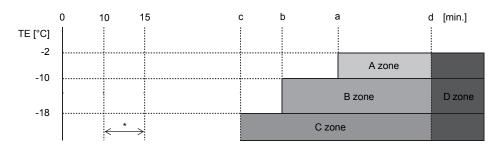


| | | | | [°C] |
|---|------|-------|------|--------|
| | GM5 | 6, 80 | GM11 | 0, 140 |
| | HEAT | | HEAT | COOL |
| | TC | TL | TC | TL |
| а | 62°C | 63°C | 62°C | 63°C |
| b | 57°C | 63°C | 57°C | 62°C |
| С | 55°C | 61°C | 55°C | 60°C |
| d | 53°C | 59°C | 53°C | 58°C |
| е | 49°C | 55°C | 49°C | 54°C |

10. Defrost control

- ① In heating operation, defrost operation is performed when TE sensor temperature satisfies any condition in A zone to D zone.
- 2 The defrost operation is immediately finished if TE sensor temperature has become 12°C continuing for 3 seconds or more, or it also is finished when condition of 7°C < TE < 12°C has continued for 1 minute. The defrost operation is also finished when defrost operation has continued for 10 minutes even if TE sensor temperature has become 7°C or lower.</p>
- 3 After defrost operation has finished, the compressor and the outdoor fan start heating operation after stopped for approx. 40 seconds.

Start of heating operation



* From 10 minutes to 15 minutes after a heating operation started, the minimum value of TE is stored in memory as TEO and the minimum temperature of TO as ToO.

| | At normal TO | At error TO | | |
|--------|---|--|--|--|
| A zone | When status of [(TEO – TE) – (ToO – TO) ≥ 3°C] continued for 20 seconds | When status of [(TEO – TE) ≥ 3°C] continued for 20 seconds | | |
| B zone | When status of [(TEO – TE) – (ToO – TO) ≥ 2°C] continued for 20 seconds | When status of [(TEO – TE) ≥ 2°C] continued for 20 seconds | | |
| C zone | When status of [GM56, 80 : TE \leq -25° C, GM110,140 : TE \leq -18° C] continued for 20 seconds | | | |
| D zone | When compressor operation status with TE < - 2°C is added by d times | | | |

| | GM56, 80 | GM110, 140 |
|---|----------|------------|
| а | 43 | 55 |
| b | 41 | 45 |
| С | 31 | 39 |
| d | 90 | 150 |

11. High-pressure switch

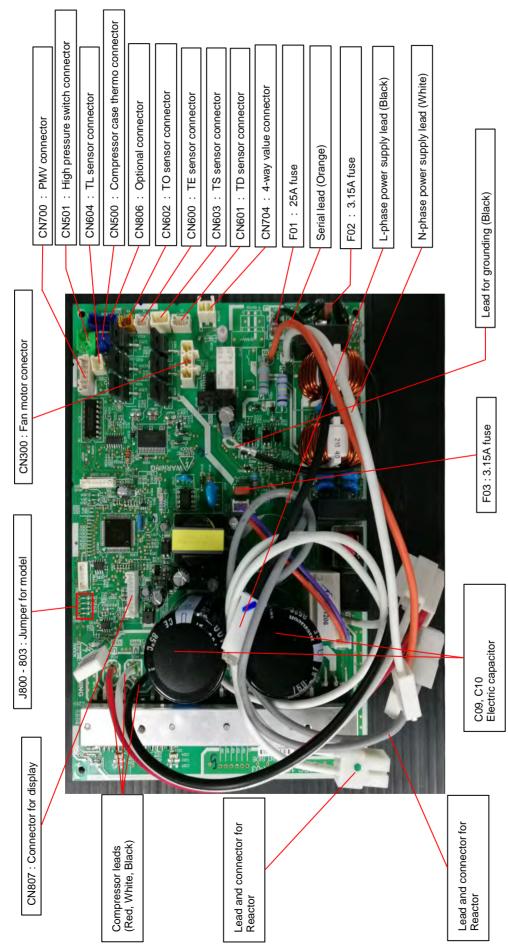
- 1) When the high-pressure switch operates, the operation of the compressor is terminated.
- 2) The compressor restarts after 5 minutes using [1] as an error count.

 After restart, the error count is cleared when operation continues for 10 minutes or more.
- 3) An error is confirmed with the error count [10].
- 4) For the indicated contents of error, confirm using the check code table.

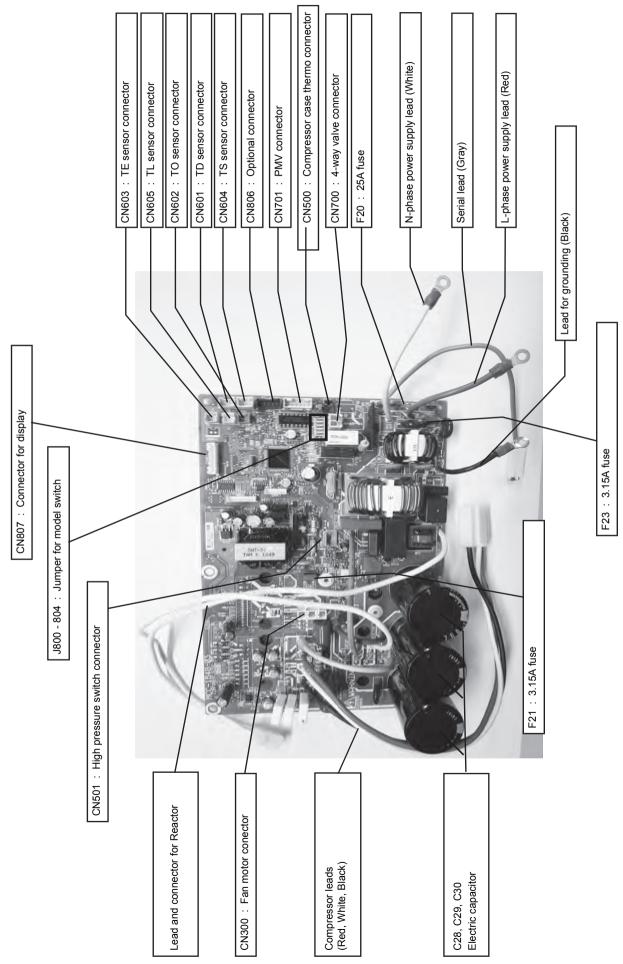
12. Control of compressor case thermo

- 1) The compressor stops when the case thermo of the compressor operated.
- 2) When the case thermo operated for approx. 80 seconds, H04 error code is displayed on the wired remote controller. → Refer to the Check Code.
- 3) When the case thermo is reset, the operation restarts.

7-2. Outdoor Print Circuit Board RAV-GM561AT*P*, GM801AT*P* <MCC-1645>



RAV-GM1104AT*P*, GM1404AT*P* <MCC-1648>



8. TROUBLESHOOTING

8-1. Summary of Troubleshooting

<Wired remote controller type>

1. Before troubleshooting

- 1) Required tools/instruments
 - ⊕ and ⊝ screwdrivers, spanners, radio cutting pliers, nippers, push pins for reset switch
 - · Tester, thermometer, pressure gauge, etc.
- 2) Confirmation the following points before check
 - a) The following operations are normal.
 - 1. Compressor does not operate.
 - When 3-minutes delay (3 minutes after compressor OFF)
 - When the outdoor unit is in standby mode due to the room temperature reached the setup temperature
 - · When the timer is operating
 - When indoor fan only operation mode
 - · When an overflow error is detected in the indoor unit
 - · When outside high-temperature operation controlled is in heating operation
 - When Thermo-OFF setting by Application Control Kit (TCB-PCOS1E2)
 - 2. Indoor fan does not rotate.
 - · When cool air discharge prevention control is working in heating operation
 - 3. Outdoor fan does not rotate or air volume changes.
 - · When high-temperature release operation control is working in heating operation
 - When outside low-temperature operation control is working in cooling operation
 - When defrost operation is being performed
 - 4. ON/OFF operation cannot be performed from remote controller.
 - When the control operation is being performed from outside/remote side
 - When automatic address is being set up (When the power is turned on at the first time or when indoor unit address setting is changed, the operation will be performed after power-ON in 5 minutes or before.)
 - · When the test run is being performed by operation of the outdoor controller
- b) Did you return the cabling to the initial positions?
- c) Are indoor unit and remote controller connected correctly?

2. Troubleshooting procedure

When a trouble occurred, check the parts along with the following procedure.



NOTE

Microcomputer misdiagnosis may also be caused by power condition problem and outer noise other than the checked items. If there is any noise source, change the cables of the remote controller to shield cables.

<Wireless remote controller type>

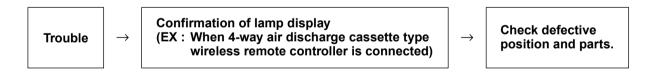
1. Before troubleshooting

- 1) Required tools/instruments
 - \oplus and \ominus screwdrivers, spanners, radio cutting pliers, nippers, etc.
 - Tester, thermometer, pressure gauge, etc.
- 2) Confirmation the following points before check
 - a) The following operations are normal.
 - 1. Compressor does not operate.
 - When 3-minutes delay (3 minutes after compressor OFF)
 - When the outdoor unit in standby status due to the room temperature reached the setup temperature
 - · When the timer is operating
 - · When indoor fan only operation mode
 - · When an overflow error is detected on the indoor unit
 - When outside high-temperature operation controlled is in heating operation
 - When Thermo-OFF setting by Application Control Kit (TCB-PCOS1E2)
 - 2. Indoor fan does not rotate.
 - Does not cool air discharge preventive control work in heating operation?
 - 3. Outdoor fan does not rotate or air volume changes.
 - When high-temperature release operation control is working in heating operation
 - When outside low-temperature operation control is working in cooling operation
 - When defrost operation is being performed
 - 4. ON/OFF operation cannot be performed from remote controller.
 - · When forced operation is being performed
 - · When the control operation is being performed from outside/remote side
 - · When automatic address being set up
 - When the test run is being performed by operation of the outdoor controller
 - a) Did you return the cabling to the initial positions?
 - b) Are connecting cables between indoor unit and receiving unit correct?

2. Troubleshooting procedure

(When the power is turned on at the first time or when indoor unit address setting is changed, the operation will be performed after power-ON in 5 minutes or before.)

When a trouble occurred, check the parts along with the following procedure.



1) Outline of judgment

The primary judgment to check where a trouble occurred in indoor unit or outdoor unit is performed with the following method.

The errors can be identified by lamp indication of indoor unit (sensors of the receiving unit

The indoor unit monitors operating status of the air conditioner, and the blocked contents of self-diagnosis are displayed restricted to the following cases if a protective circuit works.

8-2. Troubleshooting

8-2-1. Outline of judgment

The following method can be done to check whether the problem occurred in indoor or outdoor unit. The error is indicated by indication lamp on the display of the indoor unit. (sensors of the receiving part)

The indoor unit monitors the operating status of the air conditioner, and the blocked contents of self-diagnosis are displayed restricted to the following cases if a protective circuit works.

● : OFF, ○ : ON, -ं्- : Flash (0.5 sec.)

| Lamp | indication | on | Check code | Cause of tro | uble | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Operation No inc | Timer dication a | Ready ot all | _ | Power supply OFF or miswiring between re | wer supply OFF or miswiring between receiving unit and indoor unit | |
| | | E01 | | Receiving error Receiving unit | | |
| | | E02 | Conding orror (VIISV | viring or wire connection error veen receiving unit and indoor unit | | |
| Onerstien | Ti | Doody | E03 | Communication stop | • | |
| ' , | Timer | Ready | E08 | Duplicated indoor unit No. | Setup error | |
| -\(\tilde{\tau}\)- Flash | | • | E09 | Duplicated header units of remote controlle | | |
| Flasii | | | E10 | Communication error between CPUs on ind | oor unit P.C. board | |
| | | | E11 | Communication error between Application of | control kit and indoor unit P.C. board | |
| | | | E18 | Wire connection error between indoor units, Indoor power OFF (Communication stop between indoor master and follower or between sub indoor twin) | | |
| Operation | Timer | Ready -\'- Flash | E04 | Miswiring between indoor unit and outdoor (Communication stop between indoor and o | | |
| Operation | Timer -\\\\- | Ready | P10 | Overflow was detected. Protective device | ce of indoor unit worked. | |
| | Alterna | te flash | P12 | Indoor DC fan error | | |
| | | | P03 | Outdoor unit discharge temp. sensor error |] | |
| | | | P04 | Case thermostat operation, High pressure High pressure SW system error, Power sup | oply error, Protective | |
| | | | P05 | Power supply error | device of outdoor unit | |
| | | | P07 | Heat sink overheat error worked. | | |
| Operation | Timer | Ready | P15 | Gas leak detection | J | |
| -> | • | - <u>`</u> | P19 | 4-way valve inverse error (Indoor or outdoo | r unit detected) | |
| Alte | Alternate flash | | P20 | High pressure protective operation | | |
| | | | P22 | Outdoor unit fan system error | Protective device of outdoor unit | |
| | | P26 | Short-circuit of compressor drive element | worked. | | |
| | | | P29 | Position detection circuit error | | |
| | | | P31 | Stopped because of error of other indoor un (Check codes of E03/L03/L07/L08) | nits in a group | |

| Lamp indication | | Check code | Cause of trouble occurrence | | |
|--------------------|---|------------|--|--|--|
| Operation 7 | Timer | Ready | F01 | Heat exchanger sensor (TCJ) error | |
| -> | -) | | F02 | Heat exchanger sensor (TC) error Indoor unit sensor error | |
| Alternate f | flash | | F10 | Heat exchanger sensor (TA) error | |
| | | | F04 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | |
| | | | F06 | Temp. sensor (TE, TS, TL) error | |
| Operation 7 | Timer | Ready | F07 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL) error | |
| -) | -\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\ | 0 | F08 | Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error Sensor error of outdoor unit | |
| Alternate f | flash | | F12 | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | |
| | | | F13 | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | |
| | | | F15 | Miss-mounting of temp. sensor (TE, TS) | |
| Operation 7 | Γimer -∵- us flash | Ready | F29 | Indoor EEPROM error | |
| Operation 7 | -\\\- | Ready | F31 | Outdoor EEPROM error | |
| Operation 1 | Timer | Ready | H01 | Compressor break down Outdoor compressor system error | |
| • | -)-(- | • | H02 | Compressor lock | |
| F | Flash | | H03 | Outdoor unit current detection circuit error | |
| | | | H04 | Case thermostat operation | |
| | | | L03 | Duplicated header indoor units | |
| Operation 7 | Timer | Ready | L07 | There is indoor unit of group connection in individual indoor unit. → AUTO address * If group construction and | |
| | | | L08 | Unsetting of group address and address are not normal power supply turned on, | |
| Simulta | neous fl | ash | L09 | Missed setting automatically goes to (Unset indoor capacity) address setup mode. | |
| Operation 7 | Timer | Ready | L10 | Outdoor unit unset model type of service P.C. board | |
| ->>- | \circ | | L20 | Duplicated indoor central addresses | |
| Simultaneous flash | | L29 | Outdoor P.C. board part error was detected (EEPROM error, Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error) Outdoor unit unset model type of service P.C. board. Outdoor Heat sink overheat error, Gas leak detection, or 4-way valve system error. | | |
| | | | L30 | Outside interlock error | |

8-2-2. Others (Other than Check Code)

| Lam | p indicat | tion | Check code | Cause of trouble occurrence |
|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|------------|--|
| Operation Simu | Timer -\o'- taneous | Ready flash | | During test run |
| Operation | Timer | Ready te flash | | Disagreement of cool/heat (Automatic cool/heat setting to automatic cool/heat prohibited model, or setting of heating to cooling-only model) |

8-2-3. Monitor Function of Remote Controller Switch

■ Calling of sensor temperature display

<Contents>

Each data of the remote controller, indoor unit and outdoor unit can be shown by calling the service monitor mode from the remote controller.

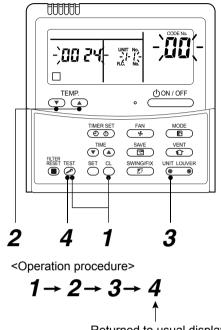
<Procedure>

1 Push $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\nearrow}$ + $\stackrel{\text{cl}}{\bigcirc}$ buttons simultaneously for 4 seconds to call the service monitor mode.

The service monitor shows up, the master indoor unit No. is displayed at first and then the temperature CODE No. 22 is displayed.

2 Push temperature set 🔭 🛦 buttons and then change the CODE No. of data to be monitored.

The CODE No. list is shown below.



<RBC-AMT32E>

Returned to usual display

| | CODE No. | Data name | Unit |
|-----------|----------|--|-------|
| | 01 | Room temperature (Remote controller) | °C |
| a | 02 | Indoor suction temperature (TA) | °C |
| unit data | 03 | Indoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TCJ) | °C |
| ndoor ur | 04 | Indoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TC) | °C |
| l bu | * 07 | Indoor fan revolution frequency | rpm |
| = | * F2 | Indoor fan calculated operation time | ×100h |
| | F3 | Filter sign time | ×1h |
| | * F8 | Indoor discharge temperature*1 | °C |
| | | (4-way only) | |

| | CODE No. | Data name | Unit |
|---------|----------|--|-------|
| | 60 | Outdoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TE) | °C |
| | 61 | Outside temperature (TO) | °C |
| data | 62 | Compressor discharge temperature (TD) | °C |
| | 63 | Compressor suction temperature (TS) | °C |
| unit | 65 | Heat sink temperature (TH) | °C |
| ğ | 6A | Operation current (× 1/10) | Α |
| Outdoor | * 6D | Outdoor heat exchanger (Coil) temperature (TL) | °C |
| ŏ | * 70 | Compressor operation frequency | rps |
| | * 72 | Outdoor fan revolution frequency (Lower) | rpm |
| | * 73 | Outdoor fan revolution frequency (Upper) | rpm |
| | F1 | Compressor calculated operation time | ×100h |

- The CODE No. with * marks in the above table are displayed only on the indoor units of 1 series models and later. (1 series indoor units mean RAV-RM1401UT-E for example.).
- The indoor discharge temperature of CODE No. [F8] is the estimated value from TC or TCJ sensor. Use this value to check discharge temperature at test run. (A discharge temperature sensor is not provided to this model.)
- The data value of each item is not the real time, but value delayed by a few seconds to ten-odd seconds.

Û

Push ${}^{\text{UNIT LOUVER}}_{\scriptsize{\textcircled{\scriptsize \bullet}}}$ button to select the indoor unit to be monitored. Each data of the indoor unit and its outdoor units can be monitored.

4 Pushing button to returns to the usual display.

8-2-4. Check Code List (Outdoor)

ON ⊚ : Flash, ● : OF Alternate): Alternate flashing when there are two flashing LED/SIM (Simultaneous): Simultaneous flashing when there are two flashing LED

| g LED | Operation | nnation | × | × | × | 0 | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | 1 | I | × | × | × | × | |
|---|---|-----------------------|--|---|--|---|---|--|--|---|-------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| flashin | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| are two | Automatic | Reset | × | × | × | 0 | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | × | I | I | 0 | 0 | 0 | × | 0 |
| ALT (Alternate): Alternate flashing when there are two flashing LED/SIM (Simultaneous): Simultaneous flashing when there are two flashing LED | Evaluation of great and | | Disconnection, short of discharge temp. sensor (TD) was detected | Disconnection, short of outdoor unit heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) was detected. | Disconnection, short of outside heat exchanger temp. Sensor (TL) was detected. | Disconnection, short of outside air temp. Sensor (TO) was detected. | Disconnection, short of suction temp. Sensor (TS) was detected. | Disconnection, short of heat sink temp. Sensor (TH) (P.C. board installed) was detected. | Miss-mounting of outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) and suction temp. sensor(TS) was detected. | Reached release point at min-Hz during compressor operating. Short-circuited current (Idc) was detected after DC excitation. | Compressor lock was detected. | Current detection circuit error. | Case thermostat operated. | When outdoor service P.C. board was used, model type select jumper setting was inappropriate. | Outdoor P.C. board part error was detected (EEPROM error, Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error) Outdoor unit Unset model type of service P.C. board. Outdoor Heat sink overheat error, Gas leak detection, or 4-way valve system error. | Error was detected by discharge temp, release control. | High pressure protection switch operated. | Power supply voltage error. | Abnormal overheat was detected by outdoor heat sink temp. sensor (TH). | Abnormal overheat of discharge temp. sensor (TD) or suction temp. sensor (TS) was detected. | Error was detected by high pressure release control from indoor / outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor. | Error (Over-current, lock, etc.) was detected on outdoor fan drive circuit. | Short-circuited protective operation of compressor drive circuit element (G-Tr / IGBT) operated. | Position detection error of compressor motor was detected. | Signal was not received from indoor unit. Main remote controller was not set. (including 2 remote controllers) | Signal cannot be sent to indoor unit. | No communication from remote controller and network adapter | Serial communication error between indoor and outdoor | Same address as yours was detected. | In 2-remote controller control, both were set as master. (Indoor master unit stops warning and follower unit continues operation.) | MCU communication error between main motor and micro computer |
| there ar | doi:to:ctoC | Delection | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Outdoor | Remote controller | Remote controller | Indoor | Indoor | Indoor | Remote controller | Indoor |
| ALT (Alternate): Alternate flashing when | Population of the state of the | | Outdoor unit Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | Outdoor unit heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error | Outdoor unit Heat exchanger t temp. sensor (TL) error | Outdoor unit Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error | Outdoor unit Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | Outdoor unit Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | Outdoor unit Miss-mounting of temp. sensor (TE, TS) | Outdoor unit Compressor break down | Outdoor unit Compressor lock | Outdoor unit Current detection circuit error | Outdoor unit case thermostat operated | Outdoor unit Unset model type of service P.C. board | Outdoor unit error | Outdoor unit Discharge temp. error | Outdoor unit High pressure SW system error | Power supply error | | Gas leak detection | Outdoor High pressure protective operation | Outdoor unit Outdoor fan system error | Outdoor unit Short-circuit of compressor drive element | Outdoor unit Position detection circuit error | No remote controller master unit Remote controller communication error | Remote controller send error | Regular communication error between indoor and remote controller | Indoor/Outdoor serial error | Duplicated indoor addresses ⇔ | Duplicated main remote controllers | Communication error between CPU |
| | i ii | y Flash | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | | | | | SIM | SIM | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | ALT | | | | | | | |
| | Sensor lamp part | Operation Timer Ready | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | • © • | • © | | • © • | 0 0 | 0 0 | •• | | <!--</td--><td><!--</td--><td><!--</td--><td></td><td><!--</td--><td>•</td><td><!--</td--><td>• •</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></td></td></td></td> | <!--</td--><td><!--</td--><td></td><td><!--</td--><td>•</td><td><!--</td--><td>• •</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></td></td></td> | <!--</td--><td></td><td><!--</td--><td>•</td><td><!--</td--><td>• •</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></td></td> | | <!--</td--><td>•</td><td><!--</td--><td>• •</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td></td> | • | <!--</td--><td>• •</td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td></td><td>•</td><td>•</td><td>•</td> | • • | • | • | | • | • | • |
| | Remote | indication | F04 | F06 | F07 | F08 | F12 | F13 | F15 | H01 | H02 | H03 | H04 | L10 | L29 | P03 | P04 | P05 | P07 | P15 | P20 | P22 | P26 | P29 | E01 | E02 | E03 | E04 | E08 | E09 | E10 |
| | Central | | 19 | 48 | 18 | 4 | A2 | 43 | 18 | 1 | 1d | 17 | 77 | 88 | 1C | 1 | 21 | AF | 10 | ĄĘ | 77 | 4 | 4 | 16 | 26 | ı | 26 | 8 | 96 | 66 | ᆼ |

| Central | Remote | Sensor lamp part | | | | : | : |
|------------|------------|--|--|-------------------------------------|--|-----------|---------------------|
| Control | Controller | Block indication | Defected position | Detection | Explanation of error contents | Automatic | Automatic Operation |
| indication | indication | Operation Timer Ready Flash | Flash | | | 1000 | |
| 4B | E11 | • | Communication error between Application control kit and indoor unit | Indoor | Indoor Communication error between Application control kit and indoor unit P.C. board | 0 | × |
| 92,99 | E18 | • | Regular communication error between master and follower indoor units | Indoor | Regular communication cannot be performed between master and follower indoor units. Communication between twin master (Main unit) and follower (sub unit) cannot be performed. | 0 | × |
| 96 | F03 | •• | SIM Duplicated indoor master units | Indoor | There are multiple master units in a group. | × | × |
| 66 | L07 | <!--</td--><td>SIM There is group cable in individual indoor unit.</td><td>Indoor</td><td>When even one group connection indoor unit exists in individual indoor unit</td><td>×</td><td>×</td> | SIM There is group cable in individual indoor unit. | Indoor | When even one group connection indoor unit exists in individual indoor unit | × | × |
| 66 | 80T | | SIM Unset indoor group address \diamondsuit | Indoor | Indoor address group was unset. | × | × |
| 46 | 607 | | SIM Unset indoor capacity | Indoor | Indoor Capacity of indoor unit was unset. | × | × |
| 99 | L30 | 0 0 | SIM Outside error input to indoor unit (Interlock) | Indoor | Indoor Abnormal stop by CN80 outside error input | × | × |
| 80 | P19 | <!--</td--><td>ALT 4-way valve inverse error</td><td>Indoor In heatir Outdoor TE, TS.</td><td>Indoor In heating operation, error was detected by temp. down of indoor heat exchanger or temp. up of Dutdoor TE, TS.</td><td>0</td><td>×</td> | ALT 4-way valve inverse error | Indoor In heatir Outdoor TE, TS. | Indoor In heating operation, error was detected by temp. down of indoor heat exchanger or temp. up of Dutdoor TE, TS. | 0 | × |

When this warning was detected before group construction/address check finish at power supply was turned on, the mode shifts automatically to AUTO address setup mode.

Error mode detected by indoor unit

| | Operation of diagnosti | c function | T | |
|---------------|--|---|----------------------------------|---|
| Check code | Cause of errors | Status of air conditioner | Condition | Judgment and measures |
| E03 | No communication from remote controller (including wireless) and communication adapter | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check cables of remote controller and communication adapters. Remote controller LCD display OFF (Disconnection) Central remote controller [97] check code |
| E04 | The serial signal is not output from outdoor unit to indoor unit. Miswiring of inter-unit wire Defective serial sending circuit on outdoor P.C. board Defective serial receiving circuit on indoor P.C. board | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Outdoor unit does not completely operate. • Inter-unit wire check, correction of misswiring • Check outdoor P.C. board. Correct wiring of P.C. board. 2. When outdoor unit normally operates Check P.C. board (Indoor receiving / Outdoor sending). |
| E08 | Duplicated indoor unit address | | | Check whether remote controller connection (Group/Individual) |
| L03 | Duplicated indoor master unit | | Displayed when | was changed or not after power supply turned on (Finish of group construction/Address check). * If group construction and address are not normal when the |
| L07 | There is group wire in individual indoor unit. | Stop | error is detected | power has been turned on, the mode automatically shifts to address setup mode. (Resetting of address) |
| L08 | Unset indoor group address | | | |
| L09 | Unset indoor capacity | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Set indoor capacity (CODE No. (DN) = 11) |
| L30 | Abnormal input of outside interlock | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check outside devices. Check indoor P.C. board. |
| P10 | Float switch operation •Float circuit, Disconnection, Coming-off, Float switch contact error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Trouble of drain pump 2. Clogging of drain pump 3. Check float switch. 4. Check indoor P.C. board. 5. Check Application control kit of indoor unit |
| P12 | Indoor DC fan error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Position detection error Over-current protective circuit of indoor fan driving unit operated. Indoor fan locked. Check indoor P.C. board. |
| P19 | 4-way valve system error • After heating operation has started, indoor heat exchangers temp. is down. | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check 4-way valve. Check PMV Check indoor heat exchanger (TC/TCJ). Check indoor P.C. board. |
| P31 | Own unit stops while warning is output to other indoor units. | Stop (Follower unit) (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Judge follower unit while header unit is [E03], [L03], [L07] or [L08]. Check indoor P.C. board. |
| F01 | Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TCJ) | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TCJ). Check indoor P.C. board. |
| F02 | Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TC) | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TC). Check indoor P.C. board. |
| F10 | Coming-off, disconnection or short of indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TA) | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check indoor heat exchanger temp. sensor (TA). Check indoor P.C. board. |
| F29 | Indoor EEPROM error • EEPROM access error | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check indoor EEPROM. (including socket insertion) Check indoor P.C. board. |
| E10 | Communication error between indoor MCU Communication error between fan driving MCU and main MCU | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check indoor P.C. board. |
| E11 | Communication error between Application and indoor unit | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check power supply / communication harness Check indoor P.C. board |
| E18 | Regular communication error between indoor master and follower units and between main and sub units | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check remote controller wiring. Check indoor power supply wiring. Check indoor P.C. board. |

Error mode detected by outdoor unit

| | Operation of diagnostic func | tion | | |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|
| Check code Indoor unit | Cause of errors | Status of air conditioner | Condition | Judgment and measures |
| F04 | Disconnection, short of discharge temp. sensor (TD) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check discharge temp. sensor (TD). Check outdoor P.C. board |
| F06 | Disconnection, short of heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE). Check outdoor P.C. board . |
| F07 | Disconnection, short of heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL). Check outdoor P.C. board . |
| F12 | Disconnection, short of suction temp. sensor (TS) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check suction temp. sensor (TS). Check outdoor P.C. board. |
| F15 | Miss-mounting of outdoor temp. sensor (TE, TS) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check temp. sensor (TE, TS). Check outdoor P.C. board. |
| F08 | Disconnection, short of outside air temp. sensor (TO) | Continue | Displayed when error is detected | Check outside air temp. sensor (TO). Check outdoor P.C. board. |
| F13 | Disconnection, short of heat sink temp. sensor (TH) | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Check outdoor P.C. board |
| F31 | Outdoor EEPROM error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Check outdoor P.C. board. |
| L10 | Unset model type of service P.C. board | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Outdoor service P.C. board. Check model type setting jumper wire. |
| P07 | Heat sink overheat error * Heat sink temp. sensor detected over specified temperature. | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check screw tightening between P.C. board and heat sink and check radiator grease. Check heat sink blast path. |
| P15 | Detection of gas leak * Discharge temp. sensor (TD), Suction temp. sensor (TS) detected temperature over specified temp. | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check gas leak, recharge Check full open of service valve. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve). Check broken pipe. Check discharge temp. sensor (TD), suction temp. sensor (TS). |
| P19 | 4-way valve inverse error * After heating operation has started, indoor heat exchanger temp. drops under the specified temp. * After heating operation has started, outdoor heat exchanger / suction temp. rises over the specified temp. | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check operation of 4-way valve. Check outdoor heat exchanger (TE), suction temp. sensor (TS). Check indoor heat exchanger sensor (TC). Check 4-way valve coil. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve). |
| H01 | Compressor break down * Although operation has started, operation frequency decreases and operation stops. | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check power supply voltage. (50 Hz : AC 198 to 264 V, 60 Hz : AC 198 to 242 V) Overload operation of refrigerating cycle |
| H02 | Compressor lock * Over-current detection after compressor start-up | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Compressor problem (Lock, etc.): Replace compressor. Compressor wiring error (Open phase) |

| | Operation of diagnostic fu | nction | | |
|---------------------------|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| Check code Indoor unit | Cause of errors | Status of air conditioner | Condition | Judgment and measures |
| H03 | Current detection circuit error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check outdoor P.C. board. (AC current detection circuit) |
| H04 | Case thermostat operation *Abnormal overheat of compressor | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check case thermostat and its connector Check gas leak, recharge Check full open of service valve Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve) Check broken pipe |
| P03 | Discharge temp. error * Discharge temp. (TD) over specified value was detected. | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check refrigerating cycle (Gas leak) Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve) Check discharge temp. sensor (TD). |
| P04 | High pressure SW system error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | 1. Check service valves are fully opened. (Gas side, Liquid side) 2. Check outdoor fan operation. 3. Check motor error of outdoor fan. 4. Check clogging of outdoor PMV. 5. Check clogging of heat exchanger in indoor/outdoor units. 6. Short-circuit of suction/discharge air in outdoor unit. 7. Check outdoor P.C. board error. 8. Check fan system error (Cause of air volume drop) at indoor side. 9. Check PMV opening status in indoor unit. |
| P05 | Power supply voltage error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check power supply voltage. 50 Hz : AC 198 to 264 V, 60 Hz : AC 198 to 242 V |
| P20 | High pressure protective operation During cooling operation, outdoor temp. sensor (TL) detected temperature over specified temp. During heating operation, indoor temp. sensor (TC, TCJ) detected temperature over specified temp. | titive operation ration, outdoor reletected pecified temp. Stop Displayed when error is detected pecified temp. Displayed when error is detected pecified temp. | | Check outdoor heat exchanger sensor (TL). Check indoor heat exchanger sensor (TC, TCJ). Check full open of service valve. Check indoor/outdoor fan. Check PMV (Pulse Motor Valve). Check clogging and short circuit of indoor/outdoor heat exchanger. Overcharge of refrigerant. Recharge |
| P22 | Outdoor fan system error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check lock of fan motor. Check power supply voltage. 50 Hz : AC 198 to 264 V, 60 Hz : AC 198 to 242 V Check outdoor P.C. board. |
| P26 | Short-circuit error of compressor driving element | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | When performing operation while taking-off compressor wire. If P26 error occurs, check control P.C. board. When performing operation while taking-off compressor wire. If an error does not occurs, compressor is layer short. |
| P29 | Position detection circuit error | Stop | Displayed when error is detected | Check control P.C. board. |

Error mode detected by remote controller or central controller (TCC-LINK)

| | Operation of diagnostic fur | nction | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|---|
| Check code | Cause of errors | Status of air conditioner | Condition | Judgment and measures |
| Not displayed at all (Operation on remote controller cannot be operated.) | No communication with master indoor unit Remote controller wiring is not correct. Power of indoor unit is not turned on. Automatic address cannot be completed. | Stop | _ | Power supply error of remote controller, Indoor EEPROM error 1. Check remote controller inter-unit wiring. 2. Check remote controller. 3. Check indoor power wiring. 4. Check indoor P.C. board. 5. Check indoor EEPROM. (including socket insertion) → Automatic address repeating phenomenon generates. |
| E01 *1 | No communication with master indoor unit Disconnection of inter-unit wire between remote controller and master indoor unit (Detected by remote controller side) | Stop (Automatically reset) * If center exists, operation continues. | Displayed when error is detected | Receiving error from remote controller 1. Check remote controller inter-unit wiring. 2. Check remote controller. 3. Check indoor power wiring. 4. Check indoor P.C. board. |
| E02 | Signal send error to indoor unit (Detected by remote controller side) | Stop (Automatically reset) * If center exists, operation continues. | Displayed when error is detected | Error sending of remote controller 1. Check sending circuit inside the remote controller. → Replace remote controller. |
| E09 | There are multiple main remote controllers. (Detected by remote controller side) | Stop (Sub unit continues operation.) | Displayed when error is detected | In 2-remote controllers (including wireless), there are multiple main units. Check that there are 1 main remote controller and other sub remote controllers. |
| L20 Central controller L20 | Duplicated indoor central addresses on communication of central control system (Detected by indoor/central controller side) | Stop (Automatically reset) | Displayed when error is detected | Check setting of central control system network address. (Network adapter SW01) Check network adapter P.C. board. |
| | Communication circuit error of central control system (Detected by central controller side) | Continues (By remote controller) | Displayed when error is detected | Check communication wire / miswiring Check communication (U3, U4 terminals) Check network adapter P.C. board. Check central controller (such as central control remote controller, etc.) Check terminal resistance. (TCC-LINK) |
| Central controller | Indoor Gr sub unit error (Detected by central controller side) | Continuation/Stop (According to each case) | Displayed when error is detected | Check the check code of the corresponding unit from remote controller. |

- *1 The check code cannot be displayed by the wired remote controller. (Usual operation of air conditioner becomes unavailable.)

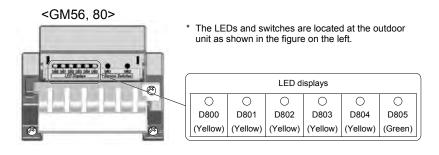
 For the wireless models, an error is notified by indication lamp.
- *2 This trouble is related to communication of remote controller (A, B), central system (TCC-LINK U3, U4), and [E01], [E02], [E03], [E09] or [E18] is displayed or no check display on the remote controller according to the contents.

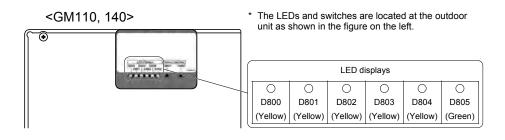
Contents Error Display

- * When the errors were overlapped, the latest error is displayed.
- * When D800 to D804 are slowly flashing or D805 is flashing, push and hold SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for 5 seconds or more. The error display changes to the error which is generated.

○ : ON, • : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

| | | () . ON, | | | • | isplay | | , |
|-----|--|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| No. | Error | Check code [Wired remote controller] | D800 (Yellow) | D801 (Yellow) | D802 (Yellow) | D803 (Yellow) | D804 (Yellow) | D805 (Green) |
| 1 | Normal | _ | • | • | • | • | • | 0 |
| 2 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | F04 | 0 | • | • | • | • | 0 |
| 3 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error | F06 | • | 0 | • | • | • | 0 |
| 4 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TL) error | F07 | 0 | 0 | • | • | • | 0 |
| 5 | Outside air temp. sensor (TO) error | F08 | • | • | 0 | • | • | 0 |
| 6 | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | F12 | 0 | • | 0 | • | • | 0 |
| 7 | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | F13 | • | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 |
| 8 | Miss-mounting of outdoor temp. sensor (TE, TS) | F15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 |
| 9 | EEPROM error | F31 | • | 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 |
| 10 | Compressor break down | H01 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 |
| 11 | Compressor lock | H02 | • | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 |
| 12 | Current detection circuit error | H03 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 |
| 13 | Case thermostat operation | H04 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 |
| 14 | Unset model type of P.C.board | L10 | • | • | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| 15 | Discharge temp. error | P03 | • | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| 16 | High pressure SW system error | P04 | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| 17 | Power supply error | P05 | • | • | 0 | • | 0 | 0 |
| 18 | Heat sink overheat error | P07 | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 |
| 19 | Gas leak detection | P15 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 |
| 20 | 4-way valve inverse error | P19 | • | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 21 | High pressure protective operation | P20 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 22 | Fan system error | P22 | • | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 23 | Short-circuit of compressor drive element | P26 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 24 | Position detection circuit error | P29 | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 25 | Others (continuously operate) | - | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |





8-2-5. Diagnostic Procedure for Each Check Code (Outdoor Unit)

- 1) This section describes the diagnostic method for each check code displayed on the wired remote controller.
- In some cases, a check code indicates multiple symptoms.
 In this case, confirm LED display on the outdoor unit to narrow the contents to be confirmed.
- 3) The check code on the wired remote controller is displayed only when the same error occurred continuously by multiple times while LED of the outdoor unit displays even an error which occurred once.
 Therefore the display on the wired remote controller may differ from that of LED.

LED display on outdoor unit

Operation method of the service SW

[Display of error which is generating]

 When even one of D800 to D804 rapid flashing, it indicates that an error occurred. When D800 to D801 indicate slow flashing or when D805 flashes, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. The error display exchanges to display of the error under occurrence at present.

[Example of discharge temp. sensor error] (No error)

| • | • | • | • | • | 0 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Green) |

 \bigcirc : ON, lacktriangle : OFF, \bigcirc : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

(Error occurred)

| 0 | • | • | • | • | 0 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Green) |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

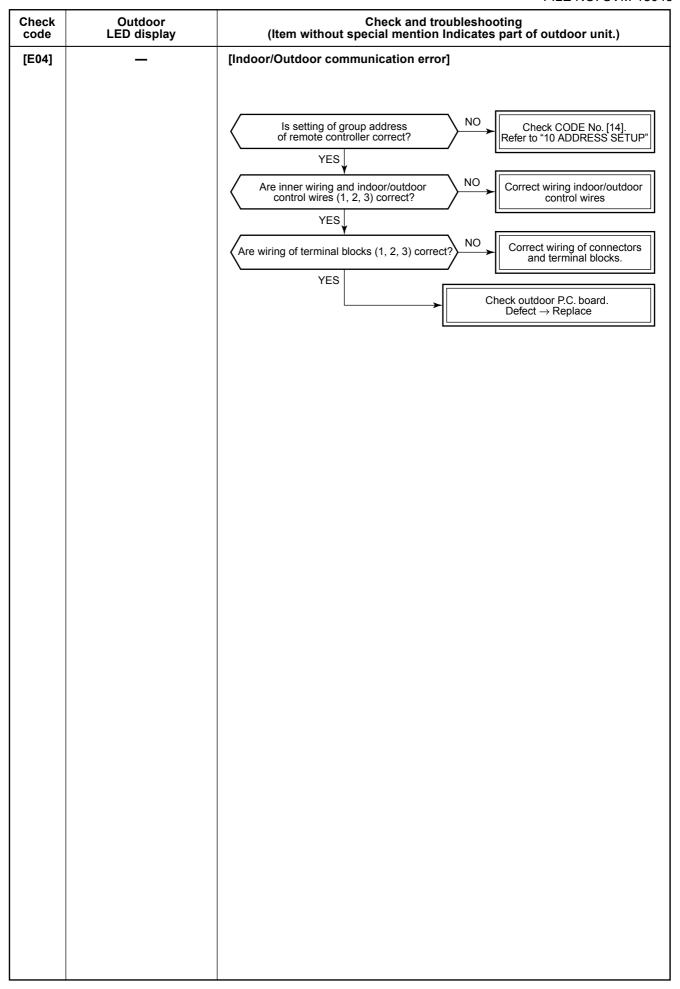
Display of the latest error

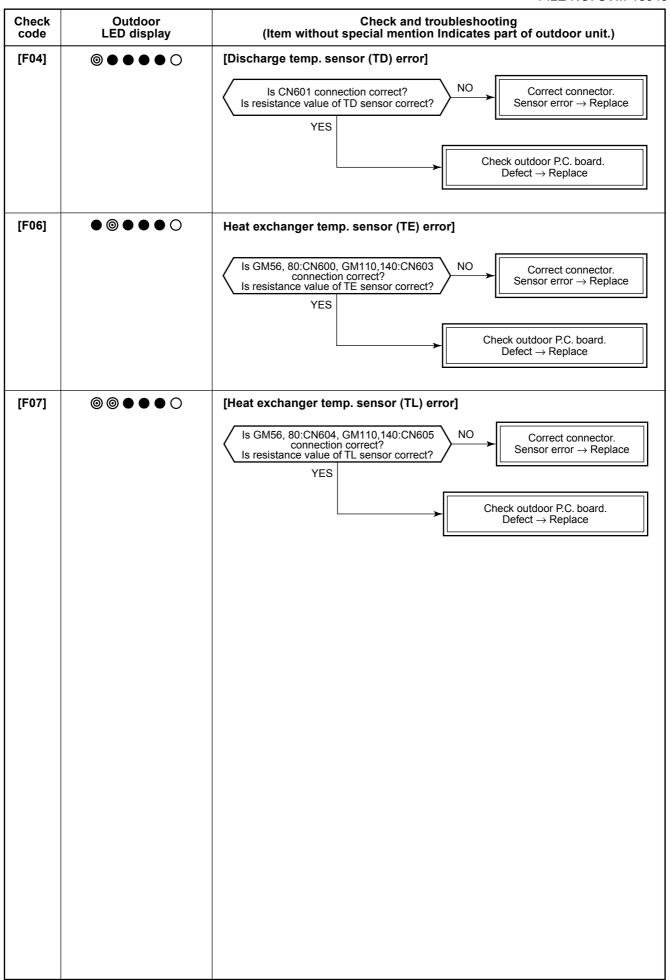
- The latest error is displayed by the following action.
 As the memory is kept, it is confirmed even after the power supply was turned off once. (Except outside air temp. sensor (TO) error)
- 1) Check D800 to D804 are turned off (or rapid flashing) and D805 is turned on. When D800 to D804 are slowly flashing or D805 flashes, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. D800 to D804 will be turned off (or rapid flashing) and D805 flashes.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing.
- Push SW01 several times and change LED display (D800 to D804) to [Display of latest error (Including the present error)].
- 4) Push SW02. The latest error is displayed.
- 5) When finishing the work, be sure to execute item 1) to return LED to the initial status (Display of on occurring error).

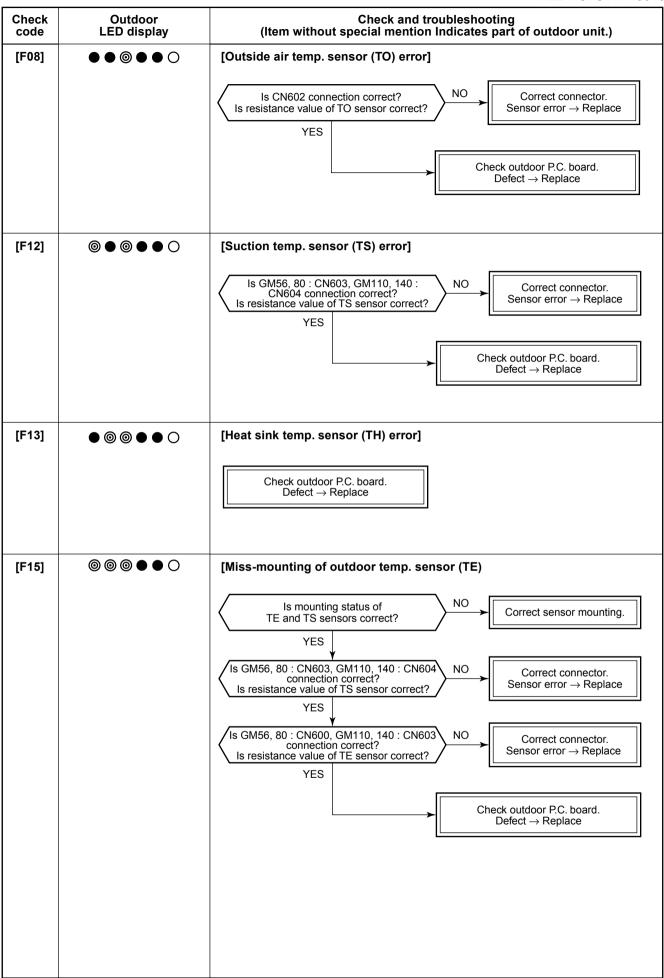
Display of latest error (Including the present error)

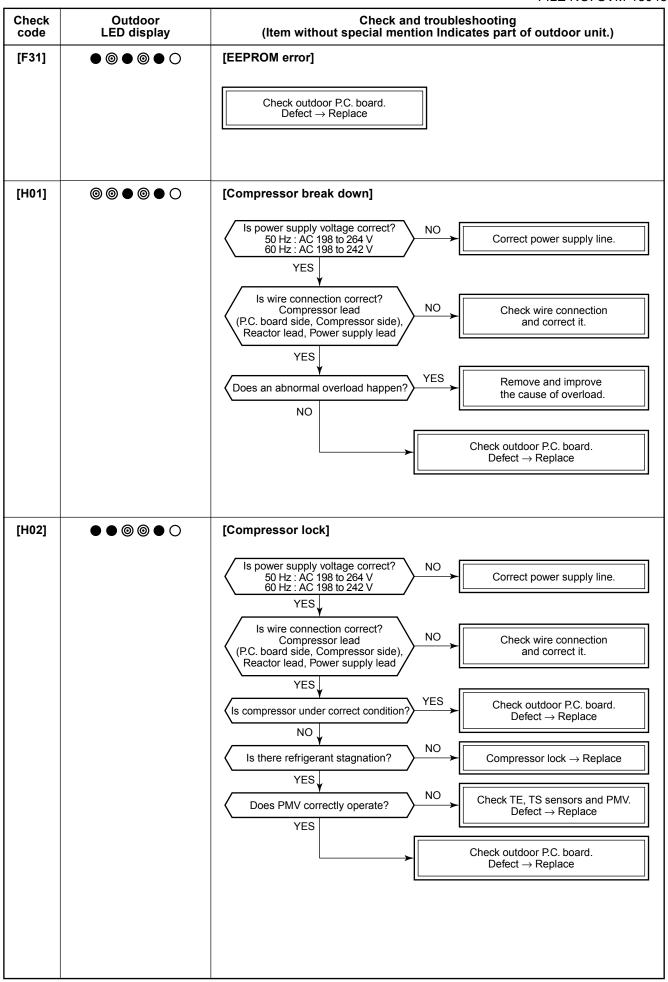
| 0 | • | • | • | • | 0 |
|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Yellow) | (Green) |

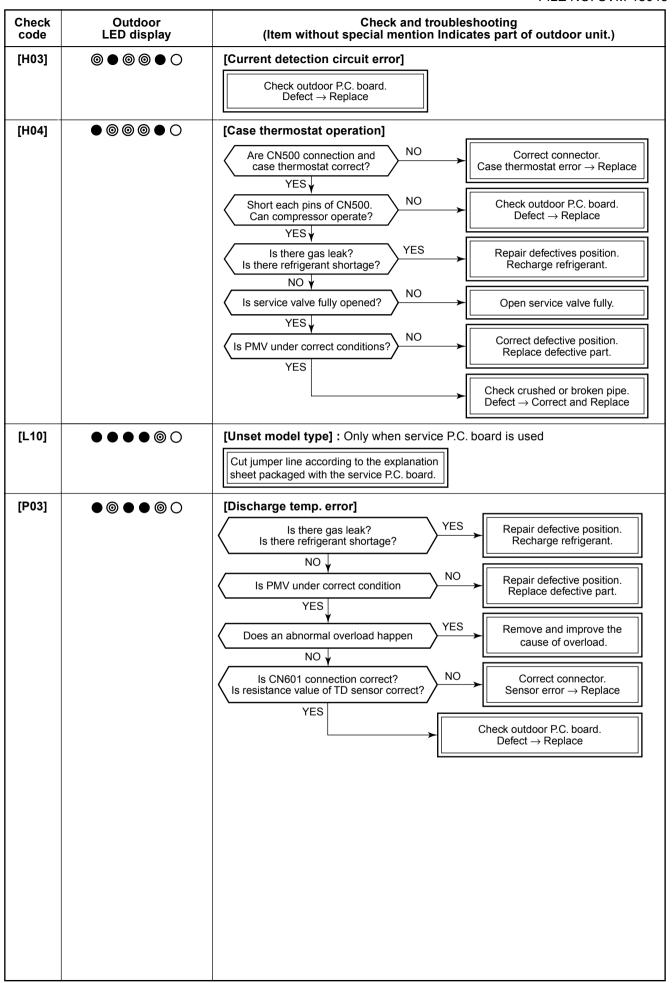
○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times /second)

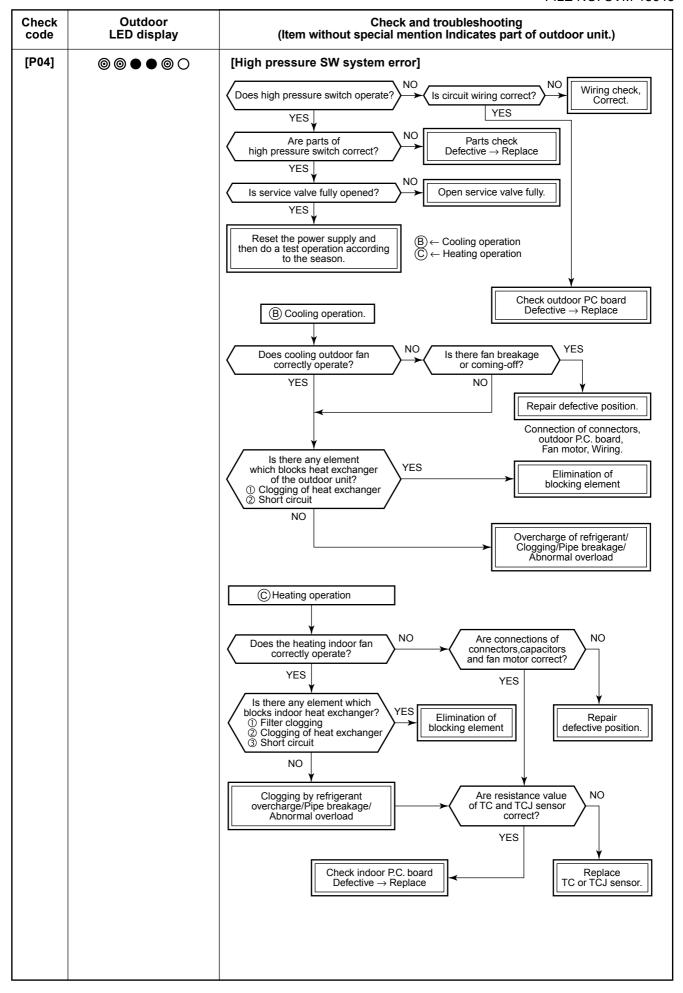


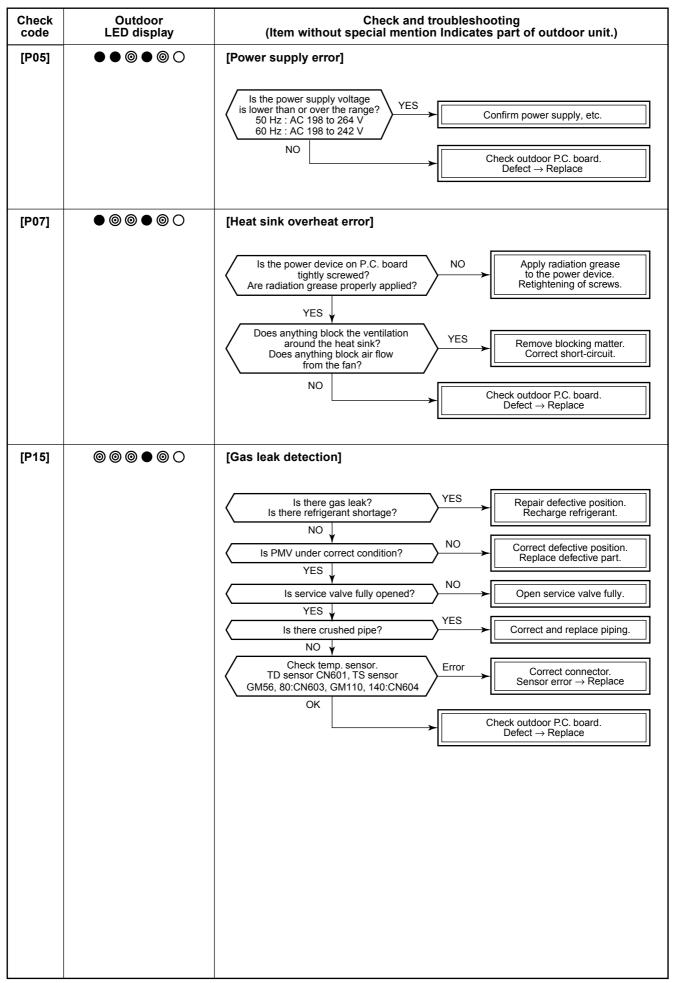


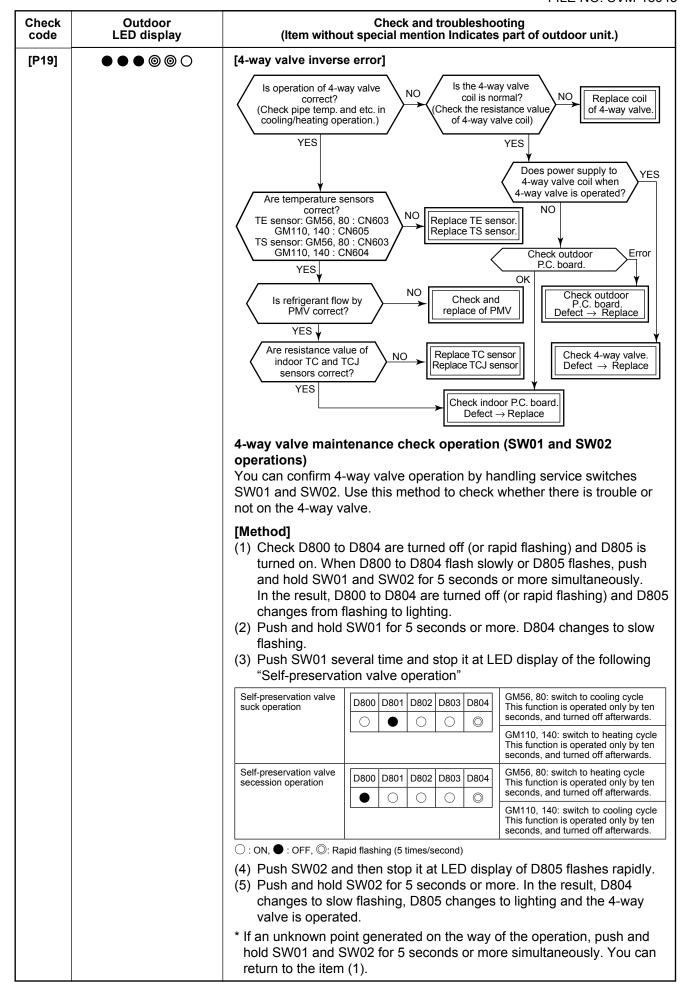


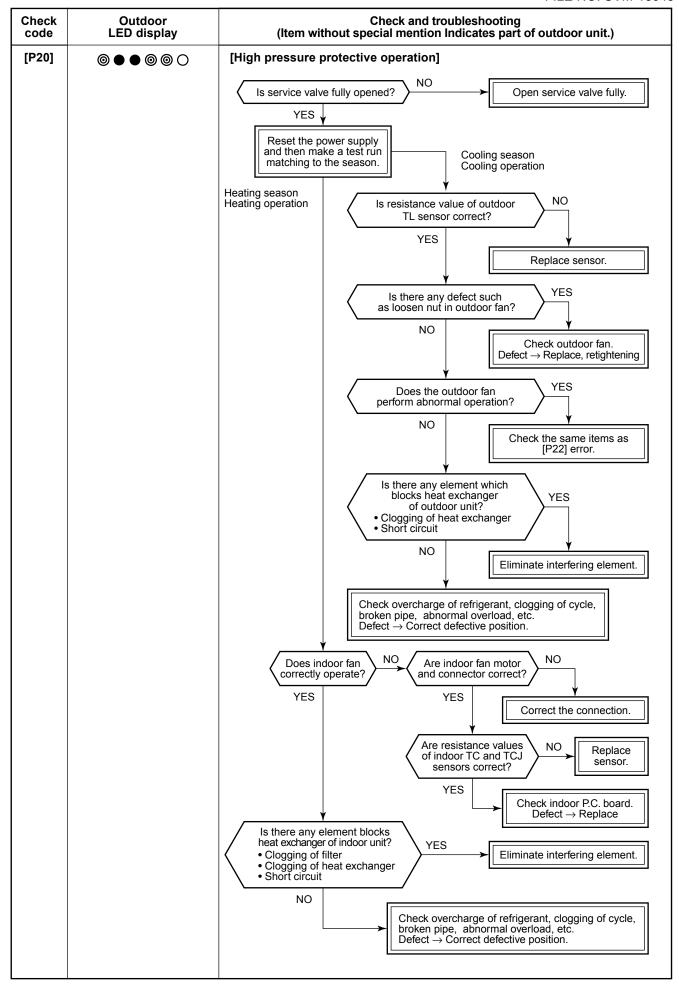


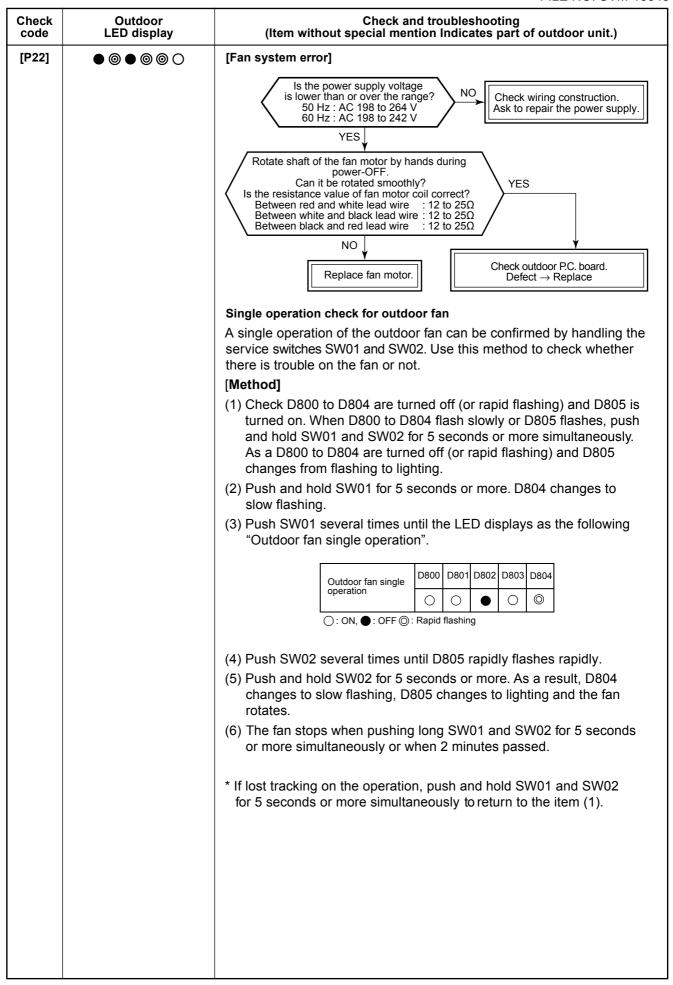


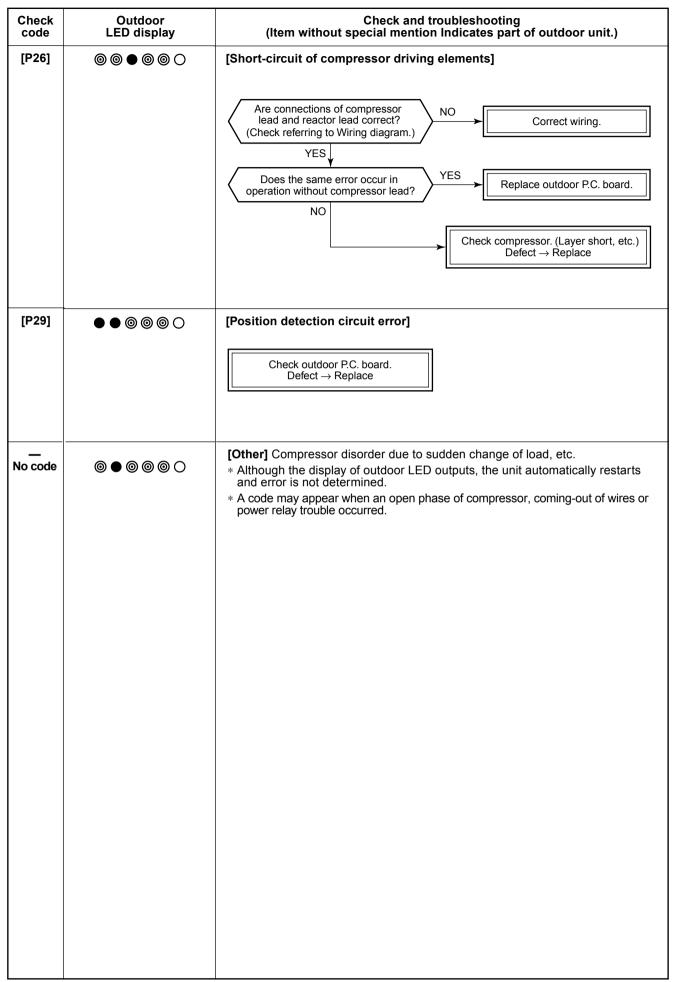












8-2-5. Diagnostic Procedure for Each Check Code (Outdoor Unit)

Temperature sensor

<u>Temperature – Resistance value characteristic table</u>

TA, TC, TCJ, TE, TS, TO sensors

TD, TL sensors

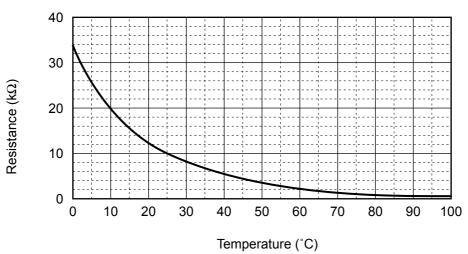
Representative value

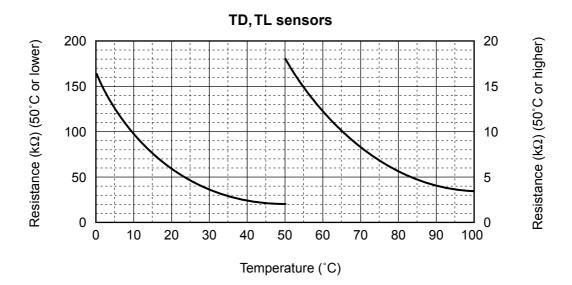
| Temperature | Resistance value (kΩ) | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| (°C) | (Minimum value) | (Standard value) | (Maximum value) | | | | | |
| 0 | 32.33 | 33.80 | 35.30 | | | | | |
| 10 | 19.63 | 20.35 | 21.09 | | | | | |
| 20 | 12.23 | 12.59 | 12.95 | | | | | |
| 25 | 9.75 | 10.00 | 10.25 | | | | | |
| 30 | 7.764 | 7.990 | 8.218 | | | | | |
| 40 | 5.013 | 5.192 | 5.375 | | | | | |
| 50 | 3.312 | 3.451 | 3.594 | | | | | |
| 60 | 2.236 | 2.343 | 2.454 | | | | | |
| 70 | 1.540 | 1.623 | 1.709 | | | | | |
| 80 | 1.082 | 1.146 | 1.213 | | | | | |
| 90 | 0.7740 | 0.8237 | 0.8761 | | | | | |
| 100 | 0.5634 | 0.6023 | 0.6434 | | | | | |

Representative value

| Temperature | Re | sistance value (k | Ω) |
|-------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| (°C) | (Minimum value) | (Standard value) | (Maximum value) |
| 0 | 150.5 | 161.3 | 172.7 |
| 10 | 92.76 | 99.05 | 105.6 |
| 20 | 58.61 | 62.36 | 66.26 |
| 25 | 47.01 | 49.93 | 52.97 |
| 30 | 37.93 | 40.22 | 42.59 |
| 40 | 25.12 | 26.55 | 28.03 |
| 50 | 17.00 | 17.92 | 18.86 |
| 60 | 11.74 | 12.34 | 12.95 |
| 70 | 8.269 | 8.668 | 9.074 |
| 80 | 5.925 | 6.195 | 6.470 |
| 90 | 4.321 | 4.507 | 4.696 |
| 100 | 3.205 | 3.336 | 3.468 |

TA, TC, TCJ, TE, TS, TO sensors





^{*} As TH sensor (Outdoor unit heat sink temp. sensor) is incorporated in the outdoor control P.C. board, the resistance value cannot be measured.

8-3. Table Inspection of outdoor unit main parts

| No. | Parts name | Checl | king procedure | |
|-----|--|---------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 1 | Compressor | Measure the resistance value of | each winding by usi | ing the tester. |
| | (Model : DX150A1T-20F) | Red | Position | Resistance value |
| | | | Red – White | |
| | | White – Black | White – Black | 1.03 Ω |
| | | White Black | Black – Red | |
| | | | | Under 20°C |
| 2 | Fan motor | Measure the resistance value of | each winding by usi | ing the tester. |
| | (Model : ICF-140-43-4R) | Red | Position | Resistance value |
| | | | Red – White | |
| | | (COO LEE) | White – Black | 21.00±1.05 Ω |
| | | White Black | Black – Red | |
| | | | | Under 20°C |
| 3 | Compressor | Measure the resistance value of | each winding by usi | ing the tester. |
| | (Model : DX330A2T-20M) | Red | Position | Resistance value |
| | | | Red – White | |
| | | | White – Black | 0.37 Ω |
| | | White Black | Black – Red | |
| | | | | Under 20°C |
| 4 | Outdoor fan motor | Measure the resistance value of | each winding by usi | ing the tester. |
| | (Model : WDF-340-A100-1) | Red | Position | Resistance value |
| | | | Red – White | |
| | | (Coo Lee) | White – Black | 17.3±1.7 Ω |
| | | White Black | Black – Red | |
| | | | | Under 20°C |
| 5 | 4-way valve coil | Measure the resistance value of | each winding by usi | ing the tester. |
| | (Cooling/heating switching) (Model : STF-H) | | Resista | nce value |
| | | | 7.1±0 | 0.36 Ω |
| | | Connector : White | L | Under 20°C |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

9. SETUP AT LOCAL SITE AND OTHERS

9-1. Calling of Error History

<Contents>

The error contents in the past can be called.

<Procedure>

1 Push
→ + → buttons simultaneously for 4 seconds or more to call the service check mode.

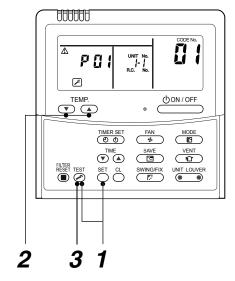
Service Check goes on, the **CODE No.** \mathcal{Q} ℓ is displayed, and then the content of the latest alarm is displayed. The number and error contents of the indoor unit in which an error occurred are displayed.

2 In order to monitor another error history, push the set temperature v / buttons to change the error history No. (CODE No.).

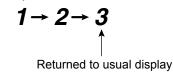
CODE No. \mathcal{I} / (Latest) \rightarrow CODE No. \mathcal{I} \mathcal{I} (Old)

NOTE: 4 error histories are stored in memory.

 $m{3}$ Pushing $m{\tilde{E}}$ button returns the display to usual display.



<Operation procedure>



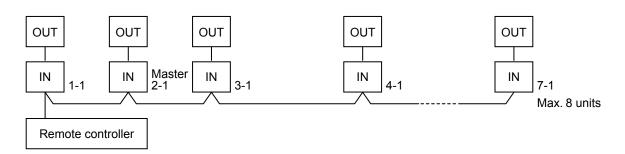
REQUIREMENT

Do not push $\stackrel{\text{cl.}}{\bigcirc}$ button, otherwise all the error histories of the indoor unit are deleted.

9-2. Group Control Operation

In a group control, operation of maximum 8 indoor units can be controlled by a remote controller. The indoor unit connected with outdoor unit (Individual/Master of twin) controls room temperature according to setting on the remote controller.

<System example>



1. Display range on remote controller

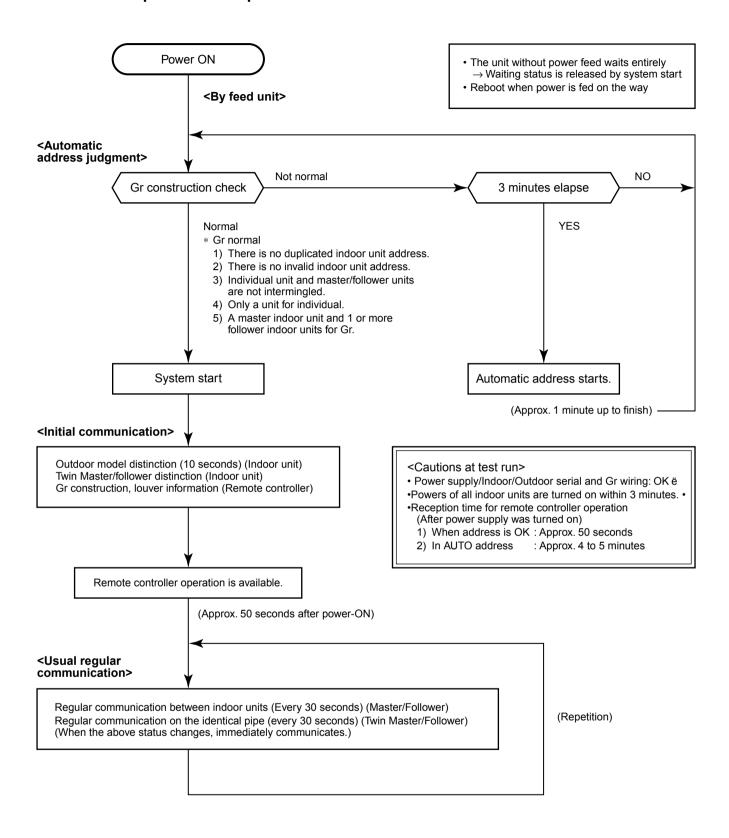
The setup range (Operation mode/Air volume select/Setup temp) of the indoor unit which was set to the master unit is reflected on the remote controller.

2. Address setup

Turn on power of the indoor unit to be controlled in a group within 3 minutes after setting of automatic address. If power of the indoor unit is not turned on within 3 minutes (completion of automatic address setting), the system is rebooted and the automatic address setting will be judged again.

- 1) Connect 3 In/Out cables surely.
- 2) Check line address/indoor address/group address of the unit one by one.
- 3) The unit No. (line/indoor gout address) which have been set once keep the present status as a rule if the unit No. is not duplicated with one of another unit.

■ Indoor unit power-ON sequence



In a group operation, if the indoor unit which was fed power after judgment of automatic address cannot receive regular communication from the master unit and regular communication on identical pipe within 120 seconds after power was turned on, it reboots (system reset).

→ The operation starts from judgment of automatic address (Gr construction check) again. (If the address of the master unit was determined in the previous time, the power fed to the master unit and reboot works, the master unit may change though the indoor unit line address is not changed.)

9-3. Outdoor Unit

Various displays and various operations are enabled by push buttons (service) switches and LED on the outdoor control P.C. board.

Service switch (SW01, SW02) operations

LED display

- 4 patterns are provided for LED display.
 - : ON, : OFF, : Rapid flashing (5 times/second), ◇ : Slow flashing (Once/second)
- In the initial status of LED display, D805 is ON as the right figure.

When the initial status does not appear (in case of flashing of D805), LED display can be returned to the initial status by pushing and holding the service switches SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously.

LED display: initial status or O or © or © or © or © \bigcirc D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Yellow) (Green)

9-3-1. Refrigerant recovery control

HFC refrigerant is "Ozone layer destructive coefficient = 0". However the discharge regulation is established for HFC refrigerant as it is greenhouse gas.

For this Model, a switch is mounted for refrigerant recovery operation (pump down) by the outdoor unit so that this Model can easily react to the environment when it will be reinstalled or scrapped.

[Operating method]

- 1) Set fan operation to the indoor unit.
- 2) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 3) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 4) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display (D800 to D804) is indicated as the following table.

| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 0 | • | • | • | 0 |

- : ON, : OFF, : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)
- 5) Push SW02 so that D805 flashes rapidly.
- 6) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. The forced cooling operation starts if D804 flashes slowly and D805 is turned on. (Max. 10 minutes)
- 7) After operation for 3 minutes or more, close the valve at liquid side.
- 8) After recovery of refrigerant, close the valve at gas side.
- 9) Push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. The LED returns to the initial status, the cooling operation stops and the indoor fan operation stops.
- 10) Turn off the power supply.
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item 2).

9-3-2. Various settings on outdoor unit (Existing piping etc.)

(1) Service switch setting

Various settings are available by setting service switches.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the LED display of function item to be set up.

| Function | LED display | | Co | ontrol o | contents | | | | | |
|------------------------|---|------|--|----------|----------|-------------|------|------|------|------|
| Existing pipes setting | D800 D801 D802 D803 ● ● ○ ● | D804 | When the existing piping uses Ø19.1 pipe, this function is validated. In this case, the heating capacity may drop due to outside temp. and indoor temp. in heating time. | | | | | | | |
| Snow-break fan control | D800 D801 D802 D803 | D804 | This function validates the control to prevent occurrence of motor lock by the accumulated snow entered from clearance of the fan guard or heat exchanger into blast route. Even when the compressor stops, the outdoor fan is operated with GM56, 80: W3, GM110, 140: W5 when the outside temperature is under 4°C. | | | | n | | | |
| Max. frequency change | D800 D801 D802 D803 ● ● ● ○ | D804 | This function is validation is required to lower. It ime. In this case, the | t lowers | s the m | ax. frequei | | | | |
| | | | Max. compressor frequency (rps) | | | | | | | |
| | | | Model GM56 GM80 GM110 GM140 | | | 140 | | | | |
| | | | Cool Heat Cool Heat Cool Heat Cool | | Cool | Heat | | | | |
| | | | Standard status 70.8 98.4 100.2 100.2 78.6 79.8 92.4 99 | | | 99.6 | | | | |
| | | | When setting is valid | 70.8 | 83.4 10 | 00.2 85.0 | 63.6 | 63.6 | 79.8 | 79.8 |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)

- 4) Push SW02 so that D805 will flash rapidly.
- 5) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 changes to lighting and then various settings are validated.
- 6) When you want to continue the settings, moreover repeat items from 3) to 5).
- 7) To invalidate various settings, execute items 1) to 3), push SW02 and then turn off D805.
- 8) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 is turned off and then various settings are invalidated.
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item (1).

Confirmation method of various settings

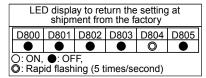
You can confirm that various settings are validated.

- 1) Check LED displays are in the initial status. If it are not so, return them to the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing.
- 3) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display (D800 to D804) to be checked. If the setting became valid, D804 and D805 flash rapidly. (When the setup was invalid, D804 flashes rapidly and D805 goes off.)
- 4) Push SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously to return LED display to the initial status.

In the case to return the setting to one at shipment from factory

When to return the setting to one at shipment from the factory due to reinstallation and so on, the setting can be returned in the following procedure.

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not the initial status, return the setting to the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 several times to make LED display status to "LED display to return the setting at shipment from the factory" in the right table.
- 4) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 5) Push and hold SW01 and SW02 simultaneously to return the LED display to the initial status.



(2) Operation mode for cooling only/heating only

As for the indoor unit, the mode for cooling only/heating only is applied from the Ceiling 7 series.

When a group operates and twin operating, the indoor unit (master unit) connected with the outdoor unit is set to the header unit.

▼ Functions

The heating only (cooling only) mode can be selected by the sub P.C. board of outdoor unit.

| State | Details of Processing | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|--|--|-----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| (Factory | Operation mode | Operation State | Remote control | | | | | | | | |
| default) | Normal | AUTO, COOL, DRY, HEAT, FAN ONLY or can be selected | - | | | | | | | | |
| | The heating only (c | cooling only) mode can be selected by the sub P.C. board of o | utdoor unit. | | | | | | | | |
| Sub P.C. board | P.C. board selection mode Remote control operation/display | | | | | | | | | | |
| setting | Normal | - | | | | | | | | | |
| | Cooling only | ling only COOL, DRY, FAN ONLY or can be selected | | | | | | | | | |
| | Heating only | control, (Operation mode controlled) indicator might be lit displayed. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | The remote controller display becomes "AUTO", "COOL", "D "FAN ONLY" according to the connection and the indoor unit heating only. The compressor is a stop though the indoor far "AUTO-cooling", "COOL", and "Dry" are selected. | t even if it sets for | | | | | | | | |

Setting/cancel method of operation mode for cooling only/heating only

The setting/cancel are done by operating the switch (SW01 and SW02) on the sub P.C. board of outdoor unit.

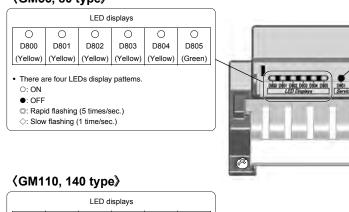
Service switches

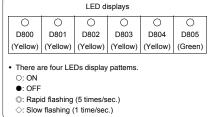
SW01. SW02

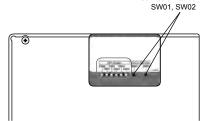
8

Service switches









■Setting method

- 1. Check the LED display is an initial state. (Fig. 1)

 If the initial status is not established (if D805 is flashing), hold down the SW01 and SW02 service switches simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return the LED displays to the initial status.
- 2. Hold down SW01 for at least 5 seconds, and check that D804 flashes slowly. (Fig. 2)
- 3. Several times press SW01 to set the LED displays of the selection mode shown below. (Fig. 3)
- 4. Press SW02, D805 is rapid flashing. (Fig. 4)
- 5. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and when D804 flashes slowly and D805 lights, and the setting is completed. (Fig. 5)

XIf there is any trouble, hold down SW01 and SW02 simultaneously for at least 5 seconds to return to the initial status, and then repeat the steps.

There are four LEDs display patterns. O: ON, ●: OFF, ⊚: Rapid flashing (5 times/sec.) ♦: Slow flashing (1 time/sec.)

(Fig. 1)

| | LED display initial status | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | ● or ◎ | 0 | | | | | | |
| OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | OFF or Rapid | ON | | | | | | |
| flashing | flashing | flashing | flashing | flashing | ON | | | | | | |

(Fig. 2)

| Procedure 2. LED display | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----|-----|---------------|-----|--|--|--|--|--|
| D800 | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | | | | | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| ON | OFF | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | OFF | | | | | |

(Fig. 3)

| Selection mode | Procedure 3. LED display | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|----------------|------|--|--|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | | | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | • | | | |
| Cooming only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | OFF | | | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | | | |
| | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | OFF | | | |

(Fig. 4)

| , • , | | | | | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Coloction made | | | Procedure 4. | LED display | | |
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| nealing only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |

(Fig. 5)

| Selection mode | Procedure 5. LED display | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------|--|--|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | | | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 0 | | | |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | ON | | | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 0 | | | |
| | ON | ON | ON | ON | Slow flashing | ON | | | |

■ Cancel

- 1. 1. and 2. of the setting methods are executed.
 2. Several times press SW01 to set the LED displays of the selection mode shown below. (Fig. 6)
 3. Press SW02, D805 is turned off. (Fig. 7)
 4. Hold down SW02 for at least 5 seconds, and when D804 flashes slowly and D805 lights, and the setting is completed. (Fig. 8)

(Fig. 6)

| Coloction made | | | Procedure 2. | LED display | | |
|----------------|------|------|--------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ricating only | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | Rapid flashing |

(Fig. 7)

| Selection mode | Procedure 3. LED display | | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|----------------|------|--|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | • | | |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Rapid flashing | OFF | | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | | |
| | ON | ON | ON | ON | Rapid flashing | OFF | | |

(Fig. 8)

| Coloction mode | Procedure 4. LED display | | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|------|--|
| Selection mode | D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | |
| Cooling only | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | • | |
| Cooling only | ON | ON | OFF | OFF | Slow flashing | OFF | |
| Heating only | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | • | |
| | ON | ON | ON | ON | Slow flashing | OFF | |

9-3-3. Service support function (LED display, service switch operating method)

1. LED display switching

1-1. Display switching list

The displayed contents of LED D800 to D805 on the outdoor P.C. board can be switched by handling the service switches SW01 and SW02.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push SW01 several times and then stop it at the point where LED display to be indicated.

| LED display | Control contents |
|---|---|
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 | Error display (Error which is occurring at present) The error which is occurring at present is displayed. LED goes off while an error does not occur. (Refer to table A) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ● ● ● ● | Error display (The latest error: The latest error including this moment) After error status was eliminated, if you want to check the error which occurred before, call this setting and check it. (Even after turning off the power supply once, you can recheck it.) * In the case that an error occurred at present, the same contents as that at present is displayed. * TO sensor error only is not displayed in this setting. (Check setting which is occurring at present.) (Refer to table B) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ● ● ● ● | Discharge temperature sensor (TD) display Detected value of the discharge temperature (TD) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ● ● ● | Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TE) display Detected value of the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TE) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Liquid temperature sensor (TL) display The detected value of the liquid temperature sensor (TL) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ● ○ | Suction temperature sensor (TS) display Detected value of the suction temperature sensor (TS) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Outside temperature sensor (TO) display Detected value of the outside temperature sensor (TO) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ○ ● ● ● | Heat sink temperature sensor (TH) display Detected value of the heat sink temperature sensor (TH) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Current display The current value which flows to the outdoor unit is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Compressor operation frequency display The operation frequency of the compressor is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ○ ● ○ ● ○ | PMV opening display The opening of PMV (Electronic expansion valve) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Indoor suction temperature sensor (TA) display The detected value of the indoor suction temperature sensor (TA) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ○ ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TC) display The detected value of the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TC) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |
| D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 D805 ● ○ ○ ○ ● ● | Indoor heat exchanger temperature (TCJ) display The detected value of the indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor (TCJ) is displayed. (Refer to table C) |

- : ON, : OFF, ② : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)
- 3) Pushing SW02 changes item to one to be displayed.
- 4) To see other display contents, repeat items 1) to 3).
- 5) To finish LED display, be sure to execute item 1) to return LED to the initial status (error display of current occurrence) and then finish LED display.

1-2. Error display

The error which is occurring at present and the latest error (the latest error data including one which is occurring now) can be confirmed by lighting LED D800 to D805 on the outdoor control P.C. board.

A. Error display which occurs at present

| | LED display | | | | | F | Wired remote controller |
|------|-------------|------|------|------|------|--|-------------------------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Error name Wiled remote control error code | |
| | • | • | • | • | 0 | Normal | _ |
| 0 | • | • | • | • | 0 | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | F04 |
| | 0 | • | • | • | 0 | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error | F06 |
| 0 | 0 | • | • | • | 0 | Liquid temp. sensor (TL) error | F07 |
| | • | 0 | • | • | 0 | Outside temp. sensor (TO) error | F08 |
| 0 | | 0 | • | • | 0 | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | F12 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | F13 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | Heat exchanger sensor (TE, TS) misconnection | F15 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | EEPROM error | F31 |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | Compressor breakdown | H01 |
| | • | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | Compressor lock | H02 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | Case thermostat operation | H04 |
| | | | • | 0 | 0 | Model unset | L10 |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | Discharge temp. error | P03 |
| 0 | 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | High-pressure SW error | P04 |
| 0 | | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | Current detection circuit error | H03 |
| 0 | | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Power supply error | P05 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Heat sink overheat error | P07 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | Gas leak detection | P15 |
| | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4-way valve reversal error | P19 |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | High pressure protective operation | P20 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | Fan system error | P22 |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | Driving element short circuit | P26 |
| | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Position detection circuit error | P29 |
| 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Others (No determination) | L31 |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ○ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)

B. Error display of the latest (including error which occurs at present) error

| LED display | | | | | | Error name | |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|------------|--|--|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | Enormanie | |
| • | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Normal | |
| 0 | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Discharge temp. sensor (TD) error | |
| | 0 | • | • | • | \Diamond | Heat exchanger temp. sensor (TE) error | |
| 0 | 0 | • | • | • | \Diamond | Liquid temp. sensor (TL) error | |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | Suction temp. sensor (TS) error | |
| | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | Heat sink temp. sensor (TH) error | |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | Heat exchanger sensor (TE, TS) misconnection | |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | EEPROM error | |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | Compressor breakdown | |
| | • | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Compressor lock | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Case thermostat operation | |
| | • | • | • | • | \Diamond | Model unset | |
| | 0 | | | 0 | \Diamond | Discharge temp. error | |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | \Diamond | High-pressure SW error | |
| 0 | | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | Current detection circuit error | |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | Power supply error | |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | Heat sink overheat error | |
| | 0 | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | Gas leak detection | |
| | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 4-way valve reversal error | |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | High pressure protective operation | |
| | 0 | | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Fan system error | |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Driving element short circuit | |
| | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Position detection circuit error | |
| 0 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Others (No determination) | |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ○ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second), ◇ : Slow flashing (Once/second)

C. Sensor, current, compressor operation frequency, PMV opening display

The values, such as the temperature sensor or the current value, which the controller detects are easily confirmed.

* Temperature sensor: TD, TE, TL, TS, TO, TH, TA, TC, TCJ

| LED display | | | | | Temp. sensor | Current | Compressor | PMV opening | |
|-------------|------|------|------|------|--------------|---------------|------------|-----------------|-----------|
| D800 | D801 | D802 | D803 | D804 | D805 | (°C) | (A) | frequency (rps) | (pls) |
| | • | • | | • | \Diamond | – 25 or less | 0 ~ | 0 ~ | 0 ~ 19 |
| 0 | • | | | • | \Diamond | − 25 ~ | 1 ~ | 5 ~ | 20 ~ 39 |
| | 0 | • | • | • | \Diamond | − 20 ~ | 2 ~ | 10 ~ | 40 ~ 59 |
| 0 | 0 | | | • | \Diamond | − 15 ~ | 3 ~ | 15 ~ | 60 ~ 79 |
| | • | 0 | | | \Diamond | – 10 ~ | 4 ~ | 20 ~ | 80 ~ 99 |
| 0 | • | 0 | | | \Diamond | − 5 ~ | 5 ~ | 25 ~ | 100 ~ 119 |
| | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 0 ~ | 6 ~ | 30 ~ | 120 ~ 139 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | • | • | \Diamond | 5 ~ | 7 ~ | 35 ~ | 140 ~ 159 |
| | • | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | 10 ~ | 8 ~ | 40 ~ | 160 ~ 179 |
| 0 | • | | 0 | • | \Diamond | 15 ~ | 9 ~ | 45 ~ | 180 ~ 199 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | • | \Diamond | 20 ~ | 10 ~ | 50 ~ | 200 ~ 219 |
| 0 | 0 | | 0 | | \Diamond | 25 ~ | 11 ~ | 55 ~ | 220 ~ 239 |
| | • | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 30 ~ | 12 ~ | 60 ~ | 240 ~ 259 |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 35 ~ | 13 ~ | 65 ~ | 260 ~ 279 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | • | \Diamond | 40 ~ | 14 ~ | 70 ~ | 280 ~ 299 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | \Diamond | 45 ~ | 15 ~ | 75 ~ | 300 ~ 319 |
| | • | | • | 0 | \Diamond | 50 ~ | 16 ~ | 80 ~ | 320 ~ 339 |
| 0 | • | | | 0 | \Diamond | 55 ~ | 17 ~ | 85 ~ | 340 ~359 |
| | 0 | • | • | 0 | \Diamond | 60 ~ | 18 ~ | 90 ~ | 360 ~ 379 |
| 0 | 0 | | | 0 | \Diamond | 65 ~ | 19 ~ | 95 ~ | 380 ~ 399 |
| | • | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | 70 ~ | 20 ~ | 100 ~ | 400 ~ 419 |
| 0 | • | 0 | • | 0 | \Diamond | 75 ~ | 21 ~ | 105 ~ | 420 ~439 |
| | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | 80 ~ | 22 ~ | 110 ~ | 440 ~ 459 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | \Diamond | 85 ~ | 23 ~ | 115 ~ | 460 ~ 479 |
| | • | | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 90 ~ | 24 ~ | 120 ~ | 480 ~ 499 |
| 0 | • | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 95 ~ | 25 ~ | 125 ~ | 500 |
| | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 100 ~ | 26 ~ | 130 ~ | _ |
| 0 | 0 | • | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 105 ~ | 27 ~ | 135 ~ | _ |
| | | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 110 ~ | 28 ~ | 140 ~ | _ |
| 0 | • | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 115 ~ | 29 ~ | 145 ~ | _ |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | 120 or more | 30 ~ | 150 ~ | 1 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \Diamond | Sensor error | 31 or more | 155 or more | _ |

 \bigcirc : ON, lacktriangle : OFF, \diamondsuit : Slow flashing (Once/second)

2. Special operation for maintenance check (SW01 and SW02 operations)

The following special operations for maintenance check can be performed by handling the service switches SW01 and SW02.

[Operating method]

- 1) Check LED display is the initial status. If it is not so, set the initial status.
- 2) Push and hold SW01 for 5 seconds or more and then check D804 flashes slowly.
- 3) Push SW01 and then stop it at the LED display of the function item to be set.

| Special operation | LED display | Control contents | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Refrigerant recovery operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ● ● ● | The outdoor unit performs cooling operation. As the indoor unit does not operate by this operation only, carry out the fan operation beforehand. (Refer to 9-3-1.) | |
| PMV full open operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ○ ● ○ | Open PMV (Electronic expansion valve) fully. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) | |
| PMV full close operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ○ ● ○ | Close PMV (Electronic expansion valve) completely. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) | |
| PMV middle opening operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ○ ○ ● ● | Open PMV (Electronic expansion valve) to middle position (250 pulses). Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) | |
| Indoor heating trial operation command | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ● ● ○ ● | Carry out a trial heating operation. The operation returns to the normal control by executing the following item 6). (Refer Note 2) | |
| Indoor cooling trial operation command | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● ○ ● ○ ● | Carry out a trial cooling operation. The operation returns to the normal control by executing the following item 6). (Refer Note 2) | |
| Fan motor forced operation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ○ ○ ● ○ ○ | Operate the fan motor forcedly. Execute the following item 6) or the control returns to normal operation after 2 minutes. (Refer Note 1) | |
| Self-preservation | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 O ● O O ⊚ | GM56, 80 : switch to cooling cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. | |
| valve suck operation | | GM110, 140 : switch to heating cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. | |
| Self-preservation valve secession | D800 D801 D802 D803 D804 ● O O ⊙ | GM56, 80 : switch to heating cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. | |
| operation | | GM110, 140 : switch to cooling cycle This function is operated only by ten seconds, and turned off afterwards. | |

○ : ON, ● : OFF, ◎ : Rapid flashing (5 times/second)

(Note 1) Although these special operations are available even operating time, basically carry out these operations while the machine stops. If carrying out these operations, the pressure may change suddenly and a danger may grow.

(Note 2) Indoor trial cooling operation request / Indoor trial heating operation request Cooling/heating trial operations are available from the outdoor unit only in combination with the following indoor units.

Trial operation is available: Indoor units after 1 series (RAV-GM****1*T*)

Trial operation is unavailable: Indoor units except the above units or in case that the indoor units except the above units are included at twin connection.

Note) The forced trial operation in this setting cannot be cleared by the indoor remote controller. Be sure to clear it by operation of the outdoor unit (6 below).

- 4) Push SW02 and then stop it at point where D805 becomes rapid flashing.
- 5) Push and hold SW02 for 5 seconds or more. D804 changes to slow flashing, D805 changes lighting and then the special operation becomes valid.
- 6) To invalidate various settings, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. D800 to D804 go off (or rapid flashing), D805 goes on (Initial status: Display of error which is occurring at present), and then the special operation becomes invalid (normal control).
- * If an unknown point generated on the way of the operation, push and hold SW01 and SW02 for 5 seconds or more simultaneously. You can return to the item 1).

9-4. Applicable Control of Outdoor unit

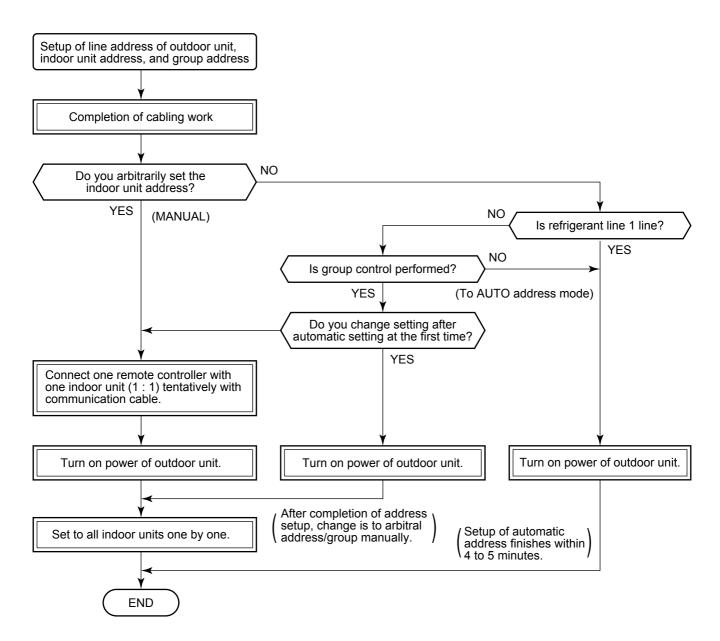
The following controls are enabled by connecting the part "Application control kit" (TCB-PCOS1E2) sold separately.

- (1) Power peak cut control
- * The capacity of the outdoor unit is saved by the Demand signal from outside and corresponds to the temporary peak cut.
- * The capacity save is switched to 3 stages, 75%, 50% and operation stop.
- (2) Night operation (Sound reduction)
- * Input a timer on the market (Arranged at site). The capacity is lowered regardless of load and the operation noise is reduced until 45dB. However the normal control is carried out if the outside temperature (TO sensor value) is 40°C or more.
- (3) Compressor operation output
- * When the compressor drives, turn on the contact output of no voltage.

10. ADDRESS SETUP

10-1. Address Setup Procedure

When an outdoor unit and an indoor unit are connected, or when an outdoor unit is connected to each indoor unit respectively in the group operation even if multiple refrigerant lines are provided, the automatic address setup completes with power-ON of the outdoor unit. The operation of the remote controller is not accepted while automatic address works. (Approx. 4 to 5 minutes)



• When the following addresses are not stored in the neutral memory (IC503) on the indoor P.C. board, a test run operation cannot be performed. (Unfixed data at shipment from factory)

| | Item code | Data at shipment | Setup data range | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| Line address 12 | | 0099 | 0001 (No. 1 unit) to 0064 (No. 64 unit) | |
| Indoor unit address | door unit address 13 0099 | | 0001 (No. 1 unit) to 0064 (No. 64 unit) Max. value of indoor units in the identical refrigerant line | |
| Group address | 14 | 0099 | 0000 : Individual (Indoor units which are not controlled in a group) 0001 : Master unit (1 indoor unit in group control) 0002 : Sub unit (Indoor units other than master unit in group control) | |

10-2. Address Setup & Group Control

<Terminology>

Indoor unit No. : N - n = Outdoor unit line address N (Max. 30) - Indoor unit address n (Max. 64)

Group address : 0 = Single (Not group control)

1 = Master unit in group control 2 = Sub unit in group control

Master unit (= 1): The representative of multiple indoor units in group operation sends/receives signals to/from the remote controllers and sub indoor units.

(* It has no relation with an indoor unit which communicates serially with the outdoor units.)

The operation mode and setup temperature range are displayed on the remote controller LCD.

(Except air direction adjustment of louver)

Sub unit (= 2) : Indoor units other than master unit in group operation

Basically, sub units do not send/receive signals to/from the remote controllers.

(Except errors and response to demand of service data)

Header unit (Representative unit) (Master Twin)

: This unit communicates with the indoor unit (follower) which serial-communicates with the outdoor units and sends/receives signal (Command from compressor) to/from the outdoor units as the representative of the cycle control in the indoor units of the identical line address within the minimum unit which configures one of the refrigerating cycles of Twin.

Follower unit (Subordinate unit) (Sub Twin)

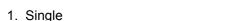
: Indoor units excluding the header unit in Twin

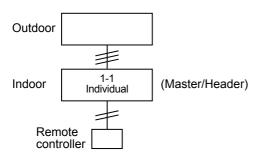
This unit communicates with (Header) indoor unit in the identical line address and performs control synchronized with (Header) indoor unit.

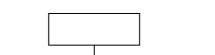
This unit does not perform the signal send/receive operation with the outdoor units. : No judgment for serial signal error.

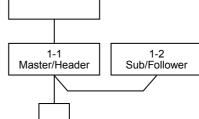
2. Twin

10-2-1. System Configuration

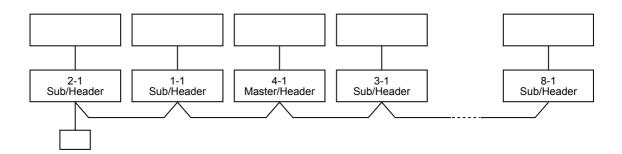






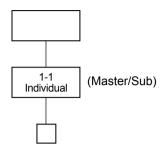


3. Single group operation

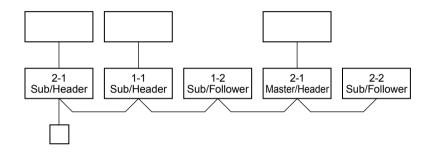


10-2-2. Automatic Address Example from Unset Address (No miswiring)

- 1. Standard (One outdoor unit)
 - 1) Single



2) Group operation (Twin operation)
(Multiple outdoor units = Miltiple indoor units only with serial communication)



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

 Header unit: The header unit receives the indoor unit data (thermo status) of the follower (Without identical line address & indoor/outdoor serial) and then finally controls the outdoor compressor matching with its own thermo status.

The header unit sends this command information to the follower unit.

• Follower unit: The follower unit receives the indoor unit data from the header (With identical line address & indoor/outdoor serial) and then performs the thermo operation synchronized with the header unit.

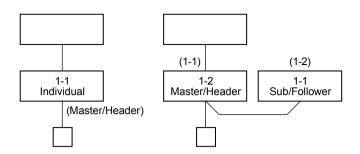
The follower unit sends own thermo ON/OFF demand to the header unit.

(Example)

No. 1-1 header unit sends/receives signal to/from No. 1-2 and No. 1-3 follower units. (It is not influenced by the line 2 or 3 address indoor unit.)

10-2-3. Automatic Address Example from Unset Address (No miswiring)

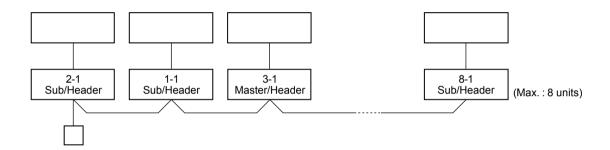
- 1. Standard (One outdoor unit)
 - 1) Single 2) Twin



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

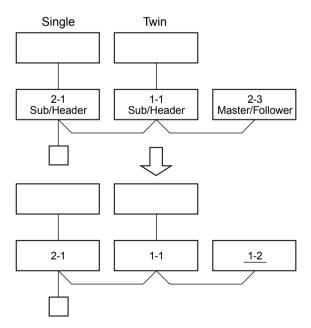
2. Group operation

(Multiple outdoor units = Multiple indoor units with serial communication only, without twin)



Only turning on source power supply (Automatic completion)

3. Multiple groups operation



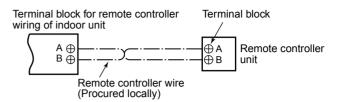
Change is necessary

Manually change addresses of the multiple follower units simultaneously from the remote controller.

10-3. Remote Controller Wiring

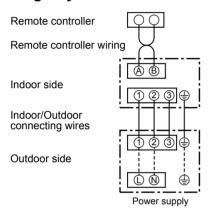
- Strip off approx. 9 mm the wire to be connected.
- For single system, use non polarity, 2 core wire is used for wiring of the remote controller. (0.5 mm² to 2.0 mm² wires)
- For the synchronous twin, triple system, use 2-conre shield wire (Vinyl cord for microphone 0.5 to 2.0 mm²) to conform to the EMC standard.

Wiring diagram

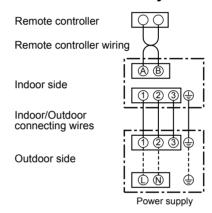


* For details of wiring/installation of the remote controller, refer to the Installation Manual enclosed with the remote controller.

Single system



Simultaneous twin system



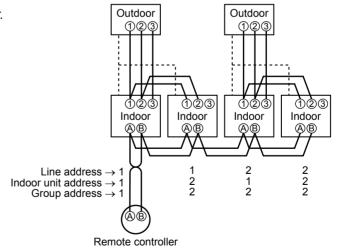
10-4. Address Setup (Manual setting from remote controller)

In case that addresses of the indoor units will be determined prior to piping work after cabling work

· Set an indoor unit per a remote controller.

Turn on power supply.

(Example of 2-lines cabling) (Real line: Cabling, Broken line: Refrigerant pipe)



For the above example, perform setting by connecting singly the wired remote controller without remote controller inter-unit cable.

Group address

Individual : 0000 Master unit : 0001 In case of group control Sub unit : 0002

- **1** Push ^{SET} + ^{CL} + [™] + [™] buttons simultaneously for 4 seconds or more.
- **2** (← Line address)

Using the temperature setup \checkmark / \checkmark buttons, set \checkmark to the CODE No.

Using timer time 👽 / 📤 buttons, set the line address.

4 Push ^{SET} button. (OK when display goes on.)

(← Indoor unit address)

Using the temperature setup 🔻 / 🔺 buttons, set 🖪 to the CODE No.

6 Using timer time ▼ / buttons, set 1 to the line address.

Push ^{SET} button. (OK when display goes on.)

8 (← Group address)

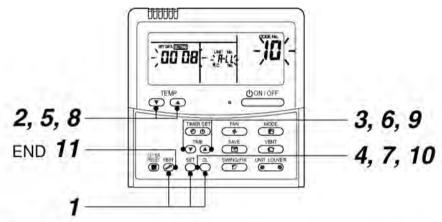
Using the temperature setup \checkmark / \checkmark buttons, set /4 to the CODE No.

9 Using timer time **▼** / **▲** buttons, set □□□□ to Individual, □□□ / to Master unit, and □□□□ to sub unit.

10 Push button. (OK when display goes on.)

11 Push (F) button.

Setup completes. (The status returns to the usual stop status.)



<Operation procedure>

$$1 \rightarrow 2 \rightarrow 3 \rightarrow 4 \rightarrow 5 \rightarrow 6 \rightarrow 7 \rightarrow 8 \rightarrow 9 \rightarrow 10 \rightarrow 11$$
 END

10-5. Confirmation of Indoor Unit No. Position

1. To know the indoor unit addresses though position of the indoor unit body is recognized

• In case of individual operation (Wired remote controller : indoor unit = 1 : 1)

(Follow to the procedure during operation)

<Procedure>

1 Push (JON/OFF) button if the unit stops.

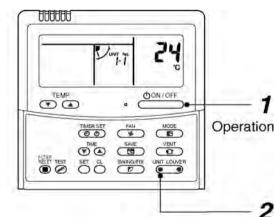
2 Push button.

Unit No. /- / is displayed on LCD.

(It disappears after several seconds.)

The displayed unit No. indicate line address and indoor unit address.

(When other indoor units are connected to the identical remote controller (Group control unit), other unit numbers are also displayed every pushing button.



<Operation procedure>

1 → 2 END

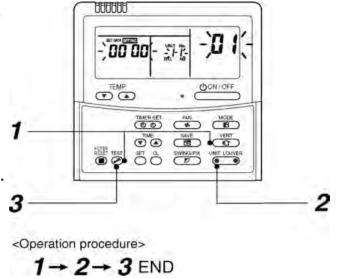
2. To know the position of indoor unit body by address

• To confirm the unit No. in the group control (Follow to the procedure during operation) (in this procedure, the indoor units in group control stop.)

<Procedure>

The indoor unit numbers in the group control are successively displayed, and fan, louver, and drain pump of the corresponding indoor unit are turned on. (Follow to the procedure during operation)

- Push and buttons simultaneously for 4 seconds or more.
 - Unit No. **ALL** is displayed.
 - Fans and louvers of all the indoor units in the group control operate.
- **2** Every pushing button, the unit numbers in the group control are successively displayed.
 - The unit No. displayed at the first time indicates the master unit address.
 - Fan and louver of the selected indoor unit only operate.
- Push button to finish the procedure.
 All the indoor units in the group control stop.



<Maintenance/Check list>

Aiming in environmental preservation, it is strictly recommended to clean and maintain the indoor/outdoor units of the operating air conditioning system regularly to secure effective operation of the air conditioner.

It is also recommended to maintain the units once a year regularly when operating the air conditioner for a long time.

Check periodically signs of rust or scratches, etc. on coating of the outdoor units.

Repair the defective position or apply the rust resisting paint if necessary.

If an indoor unit operates for approx. 8 hours or more per day, usually it is necessary to clean the indoor/outdoor units once three months at least.

These cleaning and maintenance should be carried out by a qualified dealer.

Although the customer has to pay the charge for the maintenance, the life of the unit can be prolonged.

Failure to clean the indoor/outdoor units regularly will cause shortage of capacity, freezing, water leakage or trouble on the compressor.

| Dout name | Object | | Contents of shoot | Comtonto of maintaname |
|------------------------------|--------|---------|--|---|
| Part name | Indoor | Outdoor | Contents of check | Contents of maintenance |
| Heat exchanger | 0 | 0 | Blocking with dust, damage check | Clean it when blocking is found. |
| Fan motor | 0 | 0 | Audibility for sound | When abnormal sound is heard |
| Filter | 0 | _ | Visual check for dirt and breakage | Clean with water if dirty Replace if any breakage |
| Fan | 0 | 0 | Visual check for swing and balance Check adhesion of dust and external appearance. | Replace fan when swinging or balance is remarkably poor. If a large dust adheres, clean it with brush or water. |
| Suction/ Discharge grille | 0 | _ | Visual check for dirt and scratch | Repair or replace it if deformation or damage is found. |
| Drain pan | 0 | _ | Check blocking by dust and dirt of drain water. | Clean drain pan, Inclination check |
| Face panel, Louver | 0 | _ | Check dirt and scratch. | Cleaning/Coating with repair painting |
| External appearance | _ | 0 | Check rust and pealing of insulator Check pealing and floating of coating film | Coating with repair painting |

11. REPLACEMENT OF THE SERVICE P.C. BOARD(MCC-1646)

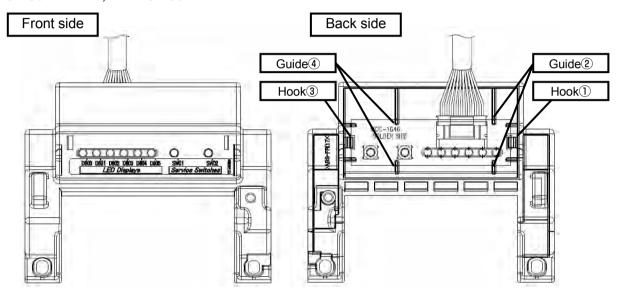
⚠ WARNING

Don't open the inverter cover before 1 minute after power has been turned off because an electric shock may be occurred.

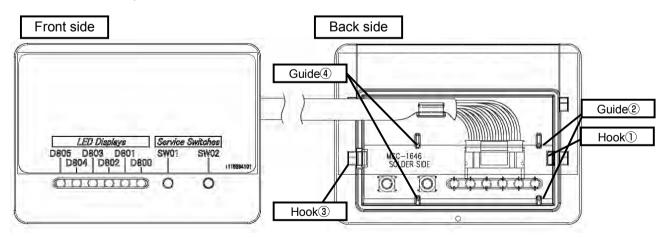
Assembly steps:

- 1 LED side of P.C.Board (MCC-1646) shall be inserted to hook along the guide of mold.
- 2 Switch side of P.C.Board (MCC-1646) shall be pressed to hook along guide of mold.
- 3 After assembly, push SW01 and SW02 to check that switches can be click (sound or feeling of click).

RAV-GM561AT*P*, RAV-GM801AT*P*

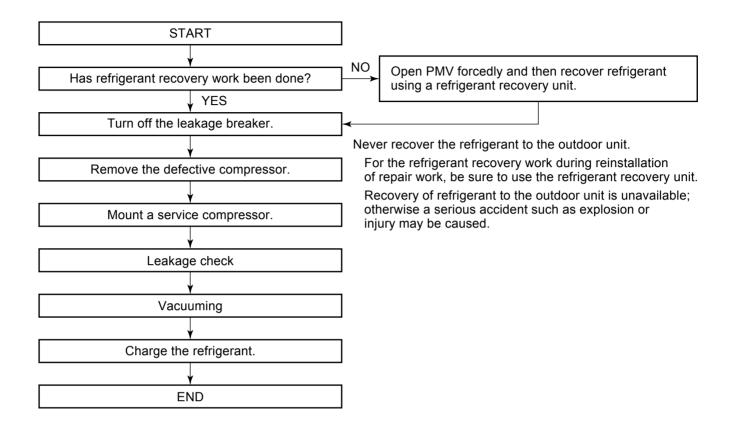


RAV-GM1101AT*P*, RAV-GM1401AT*P*



12. HOW TO EXCHANGE COMPRESSOR

12-1. Exchanging Procedure of Compressor (Outline)



12-2. Exchange of Compressor

For exchange of compressors, refer to (11) Compressor in Section of 13. Detachments.

13. DETACHMENTS

13-1. RAV-GM561AT*P*, GM801AT*P*

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| No. | Part name Common procedure | CAUTION Never forget to put on the gloves at working time, otherwise an injury will be caused by the parts, etc. 1. Detachment 1) Stop operation of the air conditioner, and turn off the main switch of the breaker for air conditioner. 2) Remove the valve cover. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 3 pcs.) • After removing screw, remove the valve cover pulling it downward. 3) Remove wiring cover (PT2T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.), and then remove connecting cable. 4) Remove the upper cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 5 pcs.) • After taking off screws, remove the upper cabinet pulling it upward. | Valve cover Wiring cover Upper cabinet |
| | | 2. Attachment 1) Attach the waterproof cover. CAUTION Be sure to attach a waterproof cover. If it is not attached, there is a possibility that water enters inside of the outdoor unit. 2) Attach the upper cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 5 pcs.) • Hook the rear side of the upper cabinet to claw of the rear cabinet, and then put it on the front cabinet. 3) Perform cabling of connecting cables, and fix with cord clamp. (BT2T Ø4 × 12L, 3 pcs.) 4) Attach the wiring cover. (PT2T Ø4 × 10L, 1 pc.) 5) Attach the valve cover. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 3 pcs.) | Water-proof cover Front cabinet |

| No. | Dort name | Dreamdure | Remarks |
|-----|---------------|--|---|
| | Part name | Procedure | |
| 2 | Front cabinet | How to remove Perform 1 of ①. Remove the screw between front cabinet and side cabinet (right). (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 1 pc.) Remove the screw between front cabinet and inverter. | Front cabinet Corner hole Hook Corner hole Hook |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|----------------------|---|----------------------------|
| 3 | Inverter assembly | 1. Detachment 1) Perform work of item 1 of ①. 2) Take off screws of the upper part of the front cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 2 pcs.) • If removing the inverter cover under this condition, P.C. board can be checked. • If there is no space in the upper part of the upper cabinet, perform work of ②. | Screws |
| | | Be careful to check the inverter because high-voltage circuit is incorporated in it. WARNING Never disassemble the inverter for 1minute after power has been turned off because an electric shock may be caused. | Front panel Inverter cover |
| | | 3) Perform 1 of ②. 4) Take off screw between side cabinet (right) and inverter box (wiring gate side) (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 2 pcs.) 5) Take off screw between partition plate and inverter box. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 1 pc.) 6) Remove each lead wire type from holder of inverter upper part. 7) Pull upper part of inverter. Here, please cut bundling band that tie each lead wire type. 8) Remove the cover plate assembly. By hold cover plate assembly and pull down from PC board base's hook. 9) Remove connector of each lead wire type. | Cord clamp Screws |
| | | | Cover plate assembly |

| No | Part name | Procedure | FILE NO. SVM-18043 |
|-----|-----------------------------|---|---|
| No. | Part name Inverter assembly | • Connector Connection to compressor…(3P: Relay connector white) ** (Warning 1) Reactor (2P: Relay connector white) CN300… Outdoor fan (3P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN701… 4 directional valve (3P: yellow) ** (Warning 1) CN700… PMV coil (6P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN601… TD sensor (3P: white) CN603… TS sensor (3P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN600… TE sensor (2P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN604… TL sensor (2P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN602… TO sensor (2P: white) ** (Warning 1) CN501… Case thermo (2P: blue) ** (Warning 1) CN501… High pressure switch (3P: green) ** (Warning 1) ** Warning 1) Please remove housing part's lock before removing connectors. **REQUIREMENT** As each connector has a lock mechanism, avoid to remove the connector by holding the lead wire, but by holding the connector. | Remarks Remove the connectors with locking function by pushing the part indicated by the arrow mark. |
| | | | |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-----------------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| 4 | Control P.C. board assembly | 1) Remove sub board base from inverter frame. (BT 2T Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) ※ Remove connector of control board frame side. 2) Remove lead wire • connector that are connected from control board frame to | Sub board base |
| | | other parts. 1. Lead wire: Connect with terminal block Black, white, orange (single phase), earthed lines (black)… 1 pc. | Power line |
| | | 2. Connector CN807··· Display P.C.board (10P : white) ※ (Warning 1) | Remove |
| | | Please cut the bundling band that tie lead wire of compressor, reactor and display P.C.board with inverter box(metal plate). | earth screw |
| | | ※ Warning 1) Please remove housing part's lock before removing connectors. | Screws |
| | | 3) Take off 2 screws that connect inverter box and P.C.board base. And then remove inverter box from base.P.C.board base. Warning 2) Remove P.C.board base's hook (Hook 1, 2, 3, 4), hold P.C.board base, pull inverter box up. 4) Remove control board frame from PC | |
| | | board base. (Remove while heat sink is still attached to control board frame) Warning 2) | Hook 1, 2 |
| | | Remove PC board base's hook (4 places), hold heat sink, pull up. | Hook 4, 3 Control Inverter box |
| | | 5) Take off 2 screws that connect heat sink and control board frame.6) Install new control board frame. | board frame (metal plate) |
| | | Warning 3) When install new control board frame, please correctly insert the board. Make sure to install that heat sink touch metal plate. | PC board base Hook (4 place) |
| | | | Control PC board base board frame |

| No. | Dort name | Procedure | FILE NO. SVM-18043 Remarks |
|----------|------------------------|--|--|
| (5) | Part name Rear cabinet | 1) Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②, ③. 2) Take off fixed screws for the bottom plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 2 pcs.) 3) Take off fixed screw for the valve mounting plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 3 pcs.) | Rear cabinet |
| 6 | Fan motor | Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②. Take off the flange nut fixing the fan motor and the propeller. Turning it clockwise, the flange nut can be loosened. (To tighten the flange nut, turn counterclockwise.) Remove the propeller fan. Disconnect the connector for fan motor from the inverter. Take off the fixing screws (3 pcs.) holding by hands so that the fan motor does not fall. NOTE: Tighten the flange nut with torque 4.9Nm (50kgf/cm). | Loosen the nut by turning clockwise Propeller fan motor |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|------------|--|--|
| 7 | Compressor | Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②, ③, ⑤. Discharge refrigerant gas. Remove the partition plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 3 pcs.) Remove the terminal covers of the compressor, and disconnect lead wires of the compressor and the compressor thermo assembly from the terminal. Take off the soundproof plate. Remove pipes connected to the compressor with a burner. | Partition plate |
| | | Pay attention to that flame does not involve 4-way valve or PMV. (If doing so, a malfunction may be caused.) 7) Take off the fixing screws of the bottom plate and heat exchanger. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L) 8) Take off the fixing screws of the valve clamping plate to the bottom plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 2 pcs.) 9) Pull upward he refrigerating cycle. 10) Take off nut fixing the compressor to the bottom place. CAUTION When reconnecting the lead wires to the compressor terminals after replacement of the compressor, be sure to caulk the Faston terminal without loosening. | Case thermo Remove (Discharge pipe) Remove (Suction pipe) Remove (Suction pipe) Screw (Surve support board Screws (2 pcs.) Compressor bolt (3 pcs.) |
| 8 | Reactor | 1) Perform works of item 1 of ①, ② and ③. 2) Remove partition plate (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 3 pcs.) 3) Take off screw attached to reactor (ST1T Ø4 × 8L, 5 pcs.) | |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|--|
| 9 | Pulse Motor Valve (PMV) coil | 1. Detachment 1) Perform works of items ① and ②. 2) Release the coil from the concavity by turning it, and remove coil from the PMV. 2. Attachment 1) Put the coil deep into the bottom position. 2) Fix the coil firmly by turning it to the concavity. | GM56* type Attachment state PMV Coil GM80* type Attachment state PMV |
| 100 | Fan guard | 1. Detachment 1) Perform works of items 1 of ① and ②. 2) Remove the front cabinet, and put it down so that fan guard side directs downward. CAUTION Perform works on a corrugated cardboard, cloth, etc. to prevent flaw on the product. 3) Remove the hooking claws by pushing with minus screwdriver along with the arrow mark in the right figure, and remove the fan guard. 2. Attachment 1) Insert claws of the fan guard in the hole of the front cabinet. Push the hooking claws (10 positions) with hands and then fix the claws. CAUTION All the attaching works have completed. Check that all the hooking claws are fixed to the specified positions. | Hooking claw Front cabinet Front cabinet Fan guard |

13-2. RAV-GM1104AT*P*, GM1401AT*P*

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|------------------|---|--|
| 1 | Common procedure | CAUTION Be sure to put on the gloves at working time; otherwise an injury may be caused by a part, etc. | SHIRA - |
| | | Detachment Stop operation of the air conditioner and then turn off switch of the breaker. Remove the front panel. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) * After removing screws, remove the front panel while pulling it downward. | TOSHIBA |
| | | 3) Remove the power wire and indoor/outdoor connecting wire from the cord clamp and the terminals. 4) Remove the top plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 5 pcs.) | Front panel Top plate |
| | | Attachment Attach the top plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 5 pcs.) In this time, insert the fin guard of rear side between the top plate and the heat exchanger (Rear side). Connect the power supply wire and the indoor/outdoor connecting wire to the terminal and fix it with cord clamp. | Insert the fin guard of rear side between |
| | | Using bundling band on the market, be sure to fix the power wire and indoor/outdoor connecting wire along the crossover pipe so that they do not come to contact with the compressor, valve at gas side, pipe at gas side and discharge pipe. 3) Attach the front panel. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) | the top plate and the heat exchanger (at rear side). |
| | | | |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|------------------------|---|--|
| 2 | Discharge port cabinet | Detachment Carry out work of 1 of ①. Remove screws for the discharge port cabinet and the partition plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 3 pcs.) Remove screws for the discharge port cabinet and the bottom plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the discharge port cabinet and the motor base. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the discharge port cabinet and the heat exchanger. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 1 pc.) Remove screws of the discharge port cabinet and the fin guard. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) | Heat exchanger Discharge port cabinet Motor base Partition plate Fin guard |
| 3 | Side cabinet | Detachment Carry out work of 1 of ①. Remove screws which fix the inverter assembly and the side cabinet. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the side cabinet and the valve fixing plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 8, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the side cabinet and the pipe panel (Rear). (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the side cabinet and the bottom plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 1 pc.) Remove screws of the side cabinet and the heat exchanger. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 3 pcs.) Slide the side cabinet upward and then remove it.(Hook of inverter) | Inverter assembly Side cabinet Valve fixing plate Panel piping (Rear) |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|----------------------------|--|---|
| 4 | Exchange of electric parts | 1. Control P.C. board 1) Carry out work of 1 of ①. | Cover inverter |
| | Exchange of | 1. Control P.C. board | |
| | | | Radiator grease Insulating sheet (Q300) |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|--|--|---|
| 4 | Exchange of electric parts (Continued) | Reactor Carry out works of 1 of ① and ③. Remove the relay connector connected to the control P.C. board. Remove each reactor. (Truss B tight screw Ø4 × 6, 2 pcs. each) Attach a new reactor. | Reactor relay connector (Connected to lead wire (White) at P.C. board side) |
| | | | Screws |
| | | | |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-----------|--|--|
| (5) | Fan motor | Carry out works of 1 of ① and ②. Remove the flange nut fixing the fan motor and the propeller fan. * The flange nut is loosened by turning clockwise. (To tighten it, turn it counterclockwise.) Remove the propeller fan. Remove the connector for fan motor from the inverter. Remove the fan motor lead from the fan motor lead fixing rubber of the penetrated part of the partition plate. | Propeller fan Loosened by turning clockwise |
| | | 6) Remove the fixing screws (4 pcs. each) while supporting the fan motor so that it does not fall. * Cautions when assembling the fan motor * Tighten the flange nut with 4.95N\u00e4n (50kgf.cm). * Adjust length on the fan motor lead fixing rubber so that the fan motor lead does not slacken in order not to put the fan motor lead into contact with the propeller fan. Attach the fan motor lead fixing rubber to the partition plate so that projection directs to the refrigerating cycle side. * Be sure that the rector body does not come to contact with the fan motor lead. * Be sure to bind the removed bundling band with the bundling band on the market. | Fan motor connector Fan motor lead Reuse this calmp filter, when fixing rubber replace the fan motor. Bundling band Projection/Refrigerating cycle side Fan motor |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|-----------------|--|---|
| (6) | Compressor lead | 1. Removal of broken compressor 1) Recover the refrigerant gas. 2) Carry out works of 1 of ① and ②, ③. 3) Remove the piping panel (Front). Remove screws of the piping panel (Front) and the bottom plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) Remove screws of the piping panel (Front) and the piping panel (Rear). (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 1 pc.) 4) Remove the piping panel (Rear). Remove screws of the piping panel (Rear) and the bottom plate. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 2 pcs.) 5) Remove the valve fixing plate. Remove botts of the valve. (Hexagonal screw Ø6 × 16, 4 pcs.) Remove screws of the valve fixing plate and the partition plate. (ST1T Ø4 × 10, 1 pc.) Remove screws of the valve fixing plate and the accumulator. (Hexagonal screw Ø4 × 10, 1 pc.) Cut off the bundling band for the discharge pipe and the suction pipe and then remove each sensor and coil lead of PMV. 6) Remove the soundproof plate. (Upper side, outer winding, inner winding) 7) Remove terminal cover from the compressor and then remove the compressor lead and also the compressor case thermo. 8) Remove TD sensor fixed to the discharge pipe. 9) Remove the compressor lead. (Leave the ferrite core attached to the electric parts box as it is.) | Piping panel (Front) Piping panel (Rear) TD sensor Compressor lead TS sensor TS sensor Pipe cover, bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE, TD, TS sensors) PMV coil lead. Accumulator Suction pipe Pipe cover, bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE, TD sensors) PMV coil lead. Bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE, TD sensors) PMV coil lead. |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|--|--|---|
| 6 | Compressor Compressor lead (Continued) | 10) Using a burner, remove the discharge pipe and the suction pipe connected to the compressor. | Remove Remove (Discharge pipe) (Suction pipe) |
| | | <u></u> | |
| | | In case of removing the piping by broiling the welded part with a burner, if the piping includes oil, it may burst into flames at the moment when wax melted, so take sufficient care. | |
| | | | |
| | | Note so that the flame does not catch the 4-way valve and PMV. (An operation may become an error.) | |
| | | 11) Pull off the discharge pipe and the suction pipe of the refrigerating cycle upward. | |
| | | 12) Remove the compressor bolts which fix the compressor to the bottom plate.(3 pcs.) | Compressor bolt (3 pcs.) |
| | | 13) Pull out the compressor toward you. | |
| | | ⚠ CAUTION | |
| | | The weight of the compressor is 15kg or more, so handle it by 2 workers. | |
| | | | |
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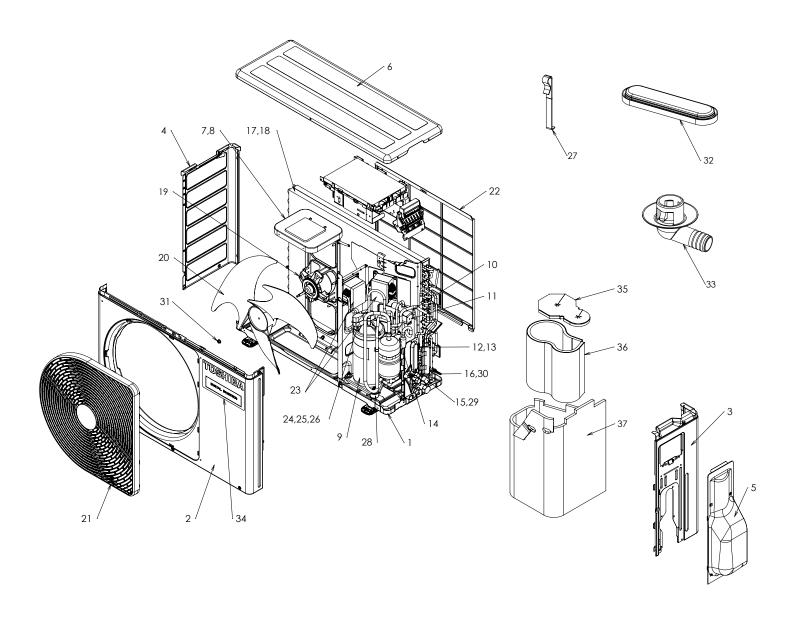
| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 6 | Compressor Compressor lead (Continued) | Mounting of compressor Mount the compressor in the reverse procedure of removal. | Header pipe Suction pipe Accumulator |
| | (Continued) | procedure of removal. NOTES: * After exchange of the compressor, be sure to exchange the compressor lead. (Repair part code of compressor lead: 43T60443) * Fix the removed each sensor and PMV coil lead wire to the discharge pipe and the suction pipe with the bundling band via the pipe cover. In this time, take note that each sensor and PMV coil lead wire do not come to contact with the discharge pipe and the reactor. (For fixing to the discharge pipe, use the black heat-proof pipe cover and the bundling band for heat-proof which is sold on the market.) * As shown in the right figure, mount the soundproof plate (inner winding, outer winding) by inserting between the compressor and the piping, and between piping and the partition plate. * Put the compressor lead wire and the compressor case thermo between inner winding and outer winding of the soundproof as if dropping them in. | Pass the soundproof plate (inner winding) through between compressor and discharge pipe, suction pipe and then put it on the other side at this position. Soundproof plate (upper) Do not make clearance between the soundproof plate (upper) and the soundproof plate (outer |
| | | Pipe cover, bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE, TD, TS sensors) PMV coil lead. Pipe cover, bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE, TD sensors) PMV coil lead. | Soundproof plate (outer winding) Bundling band, each sensor (TL, TO, TE sensors) Suction pipe PMV coil lead |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|-----|--|---|----------------------|
| © | Compressor Compressor lead (Continued) | 3. Vacuuming 1) Connect the vacuum pump to the charge port of the gas pipe valve and then drive the vacuum pump. 2) Carry out vacuuming until the vacuum low pressure gauge indicates 1 (mmHg). NOTE: Before vacuuming, open PMV fully. If PMV is closed, vacuuming may be impossible between the liquid pipe valve and PMV of the outdoor unit. Forced full-opening method of PMV Please refer to "9. SETUP AT LOCAL SITE AND OTHERS" (9-3-3.2) 4. Refrigerant charging 1) Add the quantity of refrigerant specified by the pipe length into the charge port of the valve. | |
| 7 | PMV coil | 1. Detachment 1) Carry out works of 1 of ① and ③. 2) While pulling the coil upward and removing the spring which pinches the copper pipe, remove the coil from PMV main body. 2. Attachment 1) Match the spring to the copper pipe and fix it. | Spring PMV main body |

| No. | Part name | Procedure | Remarks |
|------------|---------------------|--|--|
| No. | Part name Fan guard | Procedure 3. Detachment 1) Carry out works of 1 of ① and ②. CAUTION To prevent scratching on the product, handle the product on a cardboard or cloth. | Remarks Bell mouth Discharge port cabinet |
| | | 2) Remove the discharge port cabinet and then put on it so that the fan guard side directs downward. 3) Remove the hooking claws (8 positions) of the fan guard. 2. Attachment 1) Push the hooking claws (8 positions) with hands from the front side to fix the claws. | Fan guard Hooking claw |
| | | CAUTION Check that all the hooking claws are fixed at the specified positions. | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

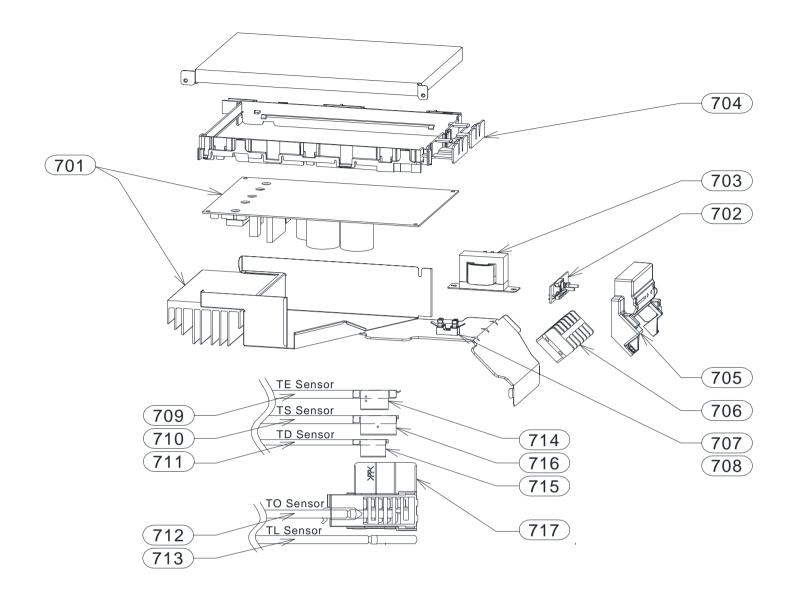
14. EXPLODED VIEWS AND PARTS LIST

14-1. RAV-GM561ATP-E, GM561ATJP-E, GM561ATP-TR, GM561ATP-NZ



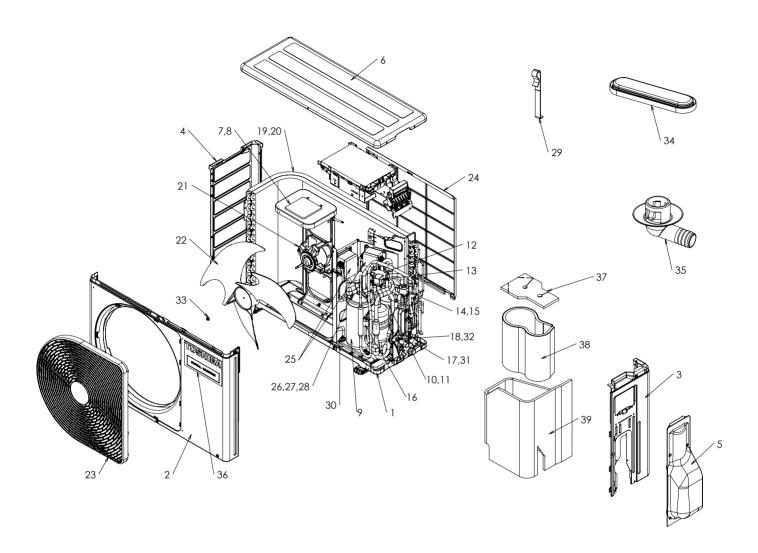
| Location | Part No. | Part No. Description | RAV- | | | | |
|----------|----------|--------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| No. | | 200011711011 | GM561ATP-E | GM561ATJP-E | GM561ATP-TR | GM561ATP-NZ | |
| 1 | 43T42352 | ASM-COAT-BASE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 2 | 43T00605 | ASM-CABI-F-S | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 3 | 43T00599 | ASM-CABI-SIDE-R | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 4 | 43T00603 | ASM-COAT-C-S-L | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 5 | 43T19352 | ASM-COVER-PV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 6 | 43T00604 | ASM-COAT-CABI-U | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 7 | 43T39348 | ASM-M-BASE | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| 8 | 43T39347 | ASM-M-BASE | - | 1 | - | - | |
| 9 | 43T41536 | COMPRESSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 10 | 43T46375 | 4 WAY VALVE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 11 | 43T63352 | COIL-V-4WAY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 12 | 43T46425 | BODY-PMV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 13 | 43T46430 | COIL-PMV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 14 | 43T63370 | SWITCH, PRESSURE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 15 | 43T46374 | VALVE;PACKED 12.7DIA(H4) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 16 | 43T46358 | VALVE;PACKED 6.35 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 17 | 43T43491 | ASM-COND | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| 18 | 43T43490 | ASM-COAT-COND | - | 1 | - | - | |
| 19 | 43T21375 | FAN MOTOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 20 | 43T20319 | PROPELLER FAN | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 21 | 43T19364 | FAN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 22 | 43T19331 | FIN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 23 | 43T58306 | REACTOR | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 24 | 43T60420 | ASM-COMP-LEAD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 25 | 43T54319 | BIMETAL-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 26 | 43T50307 | HOLDER-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 27 | 43T19333 | HOLDER, SENSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | |
| 27 | 43T49361 | FIX-P-SENSOR | - | - | - | 1 | |
| 28 | 43T49335 | RUBBER CUSHION | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 29 | 43T47405 | BONNET, 12.7 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 30 | 43T47403 | BONNET, 6.35 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 31 | 43047669 | NUT, FLANGE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 32 | 43089160 | CAP, WATERPROOF | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 33 | 43T79305 | DRAIN NIPPLE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 34 | 43T85553 | MARK-T | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 35 | 43T04315 | S-INSU(UP) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 36 | 43T04316 | SOUND-INSU(IS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 37 | 43T04317 | SOUND-INSU(OS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

<Inverter assembly GM56>



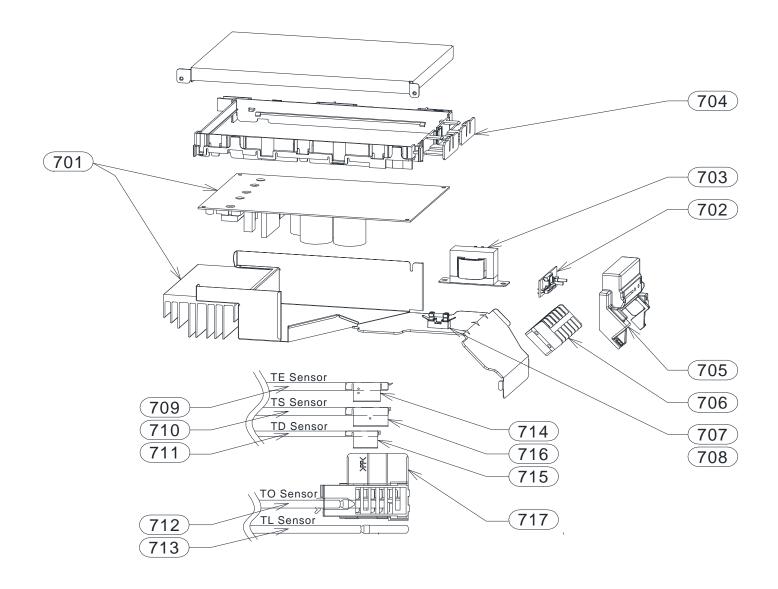
| Location | Part No Description | | | R.A | NV- | |
|----------|-----------------------|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| No. | Part No. | Description | GM561ATP-E | GM561ATJP-E | GM561ATP-TR | GM561ATP-NZ |
| 701 | 43T6W750 | ASM-L-PCB+HEATSINK | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 702 | 43T6V418 | ASM-PCB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 703 | 43T60422 | REACTOR(CH-76) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 704 | 43T62313 | BASE-PLATE-PC | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 705 | 43T61320 | ASM-BASE-PL-SUB-PC | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 706 | 43T60423 | TERMINAL | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 707 | 43T60426 | FUSE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 708 | 43T60425 | FUSE-HOLDER | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 709 | 43T50352 | TC-SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 710 | 43T50353 | TC-SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 711 | 43T50334 | SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 712 | 43T50337 | SENSOR(TO) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 713 | 43T50335 | SENSOR(TL) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 714 | 43T63318 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 715 | 43T63317 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 716 | 43T63323 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 717 | 43T63319 | SENSOR-HOLDER(TO) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

14-2. RAV-GM801ATP-E, GM801ATP-E, GM801ATP-TR, GM801ATP-NZ



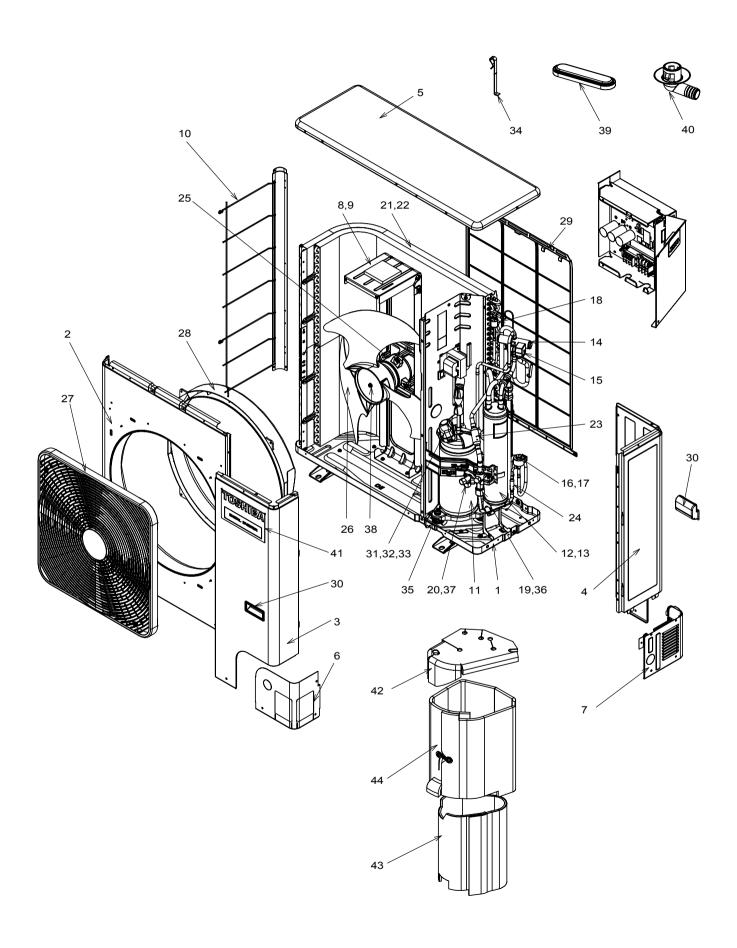
| Location | Part No. | Part No. Description | RAV- | | | | |
|----------|-----------|------------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| No. | T dit No. | Description | GM801ATP-E | GM801ATJP-E | GM801ATP-TR | GM801ATP-NZ | |
| 1 | 43T42352 | ASM-COAT-BASE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 2 | 43T00605 | ASM-CABI-F-S | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 3 | 43T00599 | ASM-CABI-SIDE-R | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 4 | 43T00602 | ASM-COAT-C-S-L | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 5 | 43T19352 | ASM-COVER-PV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 6 | 43T00604 | ASM-COAT-CABI-U | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 7 | 43T39348 | ASM-M-BASE | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| 8 | 43T39347 | ASM-M-BASE | - | 1 | - | - | |
| 9 | 43T41536 | COMPRESSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 10 | 43T48333 | ASM-ACCUM | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| 10 | 43T48334 | ASM-ACCUM | - | 1 | - | - | |
| 12 | 43T46383 | VALVE-4WAY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 13 | 43T63352 | COIL-V-4WAY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 14 | 43T46425 | BODY-PMV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 15 | 43T46430 | COIL-PMV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 16 | 43T63370 | SWITCH, PRESSURE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 17 | 43T46386 | VALVE,PACKED,15.88 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 18 | 43T46380 | VALVE;PACKED 9.52 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 19 | 43T43471 | ASM-COND | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | |
| 20 | 43T43487 | WORK-COND | - | 1 | - | - | |
| 21 | 43T21375 | FAN MOTOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 22 | 43T20319 | PROPELLER FAN | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 23 | 43T19364 | FAN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 24 | 43T19331 | FIN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 25 | 43T58306 | REACTOR | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 26 | 43T60420 | ASM-COMP-LEAD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 27 | 43T54319 | BIMETAL-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 28 | 43T50307 | HOLDER-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 29 | 43T19333 | HOLDER, SENSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | |
| 29 | 43T49361 | HOLDER, SENSOR | - | - | - | 1 | |
| 30 | 43T49335 | RUBBER CUSHION | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | |
| 31 | 43T47410 | BONNET (15.9D) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 32 | 43T47404 | BONNET, 9.52 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 33 | 43047669 | NUT, FLANGE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 34 | 43089160 | CAP, WATERPROOF | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | |
| 35 | 43T79305 | DRAIN NIPPLE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 36 | 43T85553 | MARK-T | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 37 | 43T04416 | SOUND INSULATION(UP) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 38 | 43T04357 | SOUND INSULATION(IS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 39 | 43T04332 | SOUND INSULATION(OUT) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |

<Inverter assembly GM80>



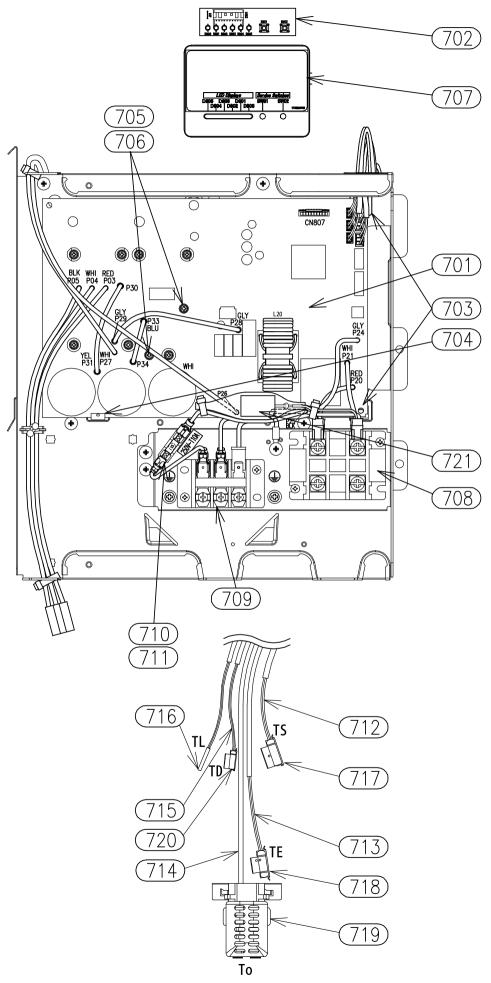
| Location | Part No. | Description | | F | RAV- | |
|----------|----------|--------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| No. | Part No. | Description | GM801ATP-E | GM801ATJP-E | GM801ATP-TR | GM801ATP-NZ |
| 701 | 43T6W751 | ASM-L-PCB+HEATSINK | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 702 | 43T6V418 | ASM-PCB | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 703 | 43T60422 | REACTOR(CH-76) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 704 | 43T62313 | BASE-PLATE-PC | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 705 | 43T61320 | ASM-BASE-PL-SUB-PC | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 706 | 43T60423 | TERMINAL | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 707 | 43T60426 | FUSE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 708 | 43T60425 | FUSE-HOLDER | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 709 | 43T50352 | TC-SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 710 | 43T50353 | TC-SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 711 | 43T50334 | SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 712 | 43T50337 | SENSOR(TO) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 713 | 43T50335 | SENSOR(TL) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 714 | 43T63318 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 715 | 43T63317 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 716 | 43T63323 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 717 | 43T63319 | SENSOR-HOLDER(TO) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

14-3. RAV-GM1101ATP-E, GM1101ATJP-E, GM1101ATP-TR, GM1101ATP-NZ RAV-GM1401ATP-E, GM1401ATPJ-E, GM1401ATP-TR, GM1401ATP-NZ



| Location | Doré No | No. Decement or | | RAV-GM | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|------------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| No. | Part No. | Description | 1101 ATP-E | 1101 ATJP-E | 1101 ATP-TR | 1101 ATP-NZ | 1401 ATP-E | 1401 ATJP-E | 1401 ATP-TR | 1401 ATP-NZ |
| 1 | 43T42351 | ASM-BASE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2 | 43T00606 | ASM-COAT-C-A-T | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 43T00601 | ASM-PANEL-FRONT | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 4 | 43T00607 | ASM-COAT-P-S-R | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 5 | 43T00803 | UPPER CABINET ASSEMBLY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6 | 43T00608 | ASM-COAT-P-P-FR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 7 | 43T00609 | ASM-COAT-P-P-BK | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8 | 43T39342 | MOTOR BASE | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 9 | 43T39349 | ASM-COAT-BASE-M | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 10 | 43T19346 | FIN GUARD ASSEMBLY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 11 | 43T41537 | COMPRESSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 12 | 43T48301 | ACCUMULATOR ASSEMBLY | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 13 | 43T48322 | ACCUMULATOR ASSEMBLY | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 14 | 43T46383 | VALVE-4WAY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 15 | 43T63352 | COIL-V-4WAY | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | 43T46387 | VALVE,PULSE,MODULATING | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 17 | 43T63351 | COIL-PMV | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 18 | 43T63370 | SWITCH, PRESSURE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 19 | 43T46381 | VALVE;BALL 15.88 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 20 | 43T46380 | VALVE;PACKED 9.52 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 21 | 43T43589 | CONDENSER ASSEMBLY | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 |
| 22 | 43T43590 | CONDENSER ASSEMBLY | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - | - |
| 23 | 43T47372 | STRAINER | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 24 | 43T47396 | STRAINER | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 25 | 43T60442 | ASM-SERV-MOT | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 26 | 43T20352 | FAN-PR(PB522) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 27 | 43T19372 | FAN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 28 | 43T22313 | BELLMOUTH | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 29 | 43T19345 | FIN GUARD | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 30 | 43T71302 | HANDLE | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 31 | 43T60443 | ASM-LEAD-COMP | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 32 | 43T54319 | BIMETAL-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 33 | 43T50307 | HOLDER-THERMO | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 34 | 43T19333 | HOLDER, SENSOR | 1 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| 34 | 43T49361 | FIX-P-SENSOR | - | - | - | 1 | - | - | - | 1 |
| 35 | 43T49346 | RUBBER CUSHION | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| 36 | 43T47410 | BONNET (15.9D) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 37 | 43T47404 | BONNET, 9.52 DIA | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 38 | 43047669 | NUT, FLANGE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 39 | 43089160 | CAP, WATERPROOF | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 40 | 43T79305 | DRAIN NIPPLE | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 41 | 43T85553 | MARK-T | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | <u>.</u> 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | |
| 42 | 43T04314 | SOUND-INSU(UP) | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 43 | 43T04312 | SOUND-INSU(IS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 44 | 43T04313 | SOUND-INSU(OS) | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

<Inverter assembly GM110, 140>



| | | | R/ | AV- |
|-----------------|----------|---------------------------|---|---|
| Location No. | Part No. | Description | GM1101ATP-E GM1101ATJP-E GM1101ATP-TR GM1101ATP-NZ | GM1401ATP-E GM1401ATJP-E GM1401ATP-TR GM1401ATP-NZ |
| 701 | 43T6W753 | ASM-L-PCB | 1 | - |
| 701 | 43T6W754 | ASM-L-PCB | - | 1 |
| 702 | 43T6V418 | ASM-PCB | 1 | 1 |
| 703 | 43T95301 | SUPPORT, SPACER | 2 | 2 |
| 704 | 43T95302 | SPACER (EDGE) | 1 | 1 |
| 705 | 43T61319 | SPACER(COLLAR) | 2 | 2 |
| 706 | 43T61315 | SPACER(BUSH) | 2 | 2 |
| 707 | 43T61321 | ASM-BASE-PL-SUB-PC | 1 | 1 |
| 708 | 43T60405 | TERMINAL (power supply) | 1 | 1 |
| 709 | 43T60427 | TERMINAL (to indoor unit) | 1 | 1 |
| 710 | 43T60413 | FUSE(10A/250V) | 1 | 1 |
| 711 | 43T60425 | FUSE-HOLDER | 1 | 1 |
| 712 | 43T50336 | SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 |
| 713 | 43T50338 | SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 |
| 714 | 43T50337 | SENSOR(TO) | 1 | 1 |
| 715 | 43T50346 | SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 |
| 716 | 43T50335 | SENSOR(TL) | 1 | 1 |
| 717 | 43T63323 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TS) | 1 | 1 |
| 718 | 43T63318 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TE) | 1 | 1 |
| 719 | 43T63335 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TO) | 1 | 1 |
| 720 | 43T63317 | HOLDER-SENSOR(TD) | 1 | 1 |
| 721 | 43T60444 | ASM-CAPA | 1 | 1 |

WARNINGS ON REFRIGERANT LEAKAGE

Check of Concentration Limit

The concentration is as given below.

The room in which the air conditioner is to be installed requires a design that in the event of refrigerant gas leaking out, its concentration will not exceed a set limit.

The refrigerant R32 which is used in the air conditioner is safe, without the toxicity or combustibility of ammonia, and is not restricted by laws to be imposed which protect the ozone layer. However, since it contains more than air, it poses the risk of suffocation if its concentration should rise excessively. Suffocation from leakage of R32 is almost non-existent.

If a conditioner system is to be installed in a small room, select a suitable model and installation procedure so that if the refrigerant accidentally leaks out, its concentration does not reach the limit (and in the event of an emergency, measures can be made before injury can occur).

In a room where the concentration may exceed the limit, create an opening with adjacent rooms, or install mechanical ventilation combined with a gas leak detection device.

| Total amount of refrigerant (kg) | ≤ Concentration limit (kg/m³) |
|--|-------------------------------|
| Min. volume of the indoor unit installed room (m3) | |

Refrigerant concentration limit shall be in accordance with local regulations.

Toshiba Carrier (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 144/9 MOO 5, BANGKADI INDUSTRIAL PARK, TIVANON ROAD, TAMBOL BANGKADI, AMPHUR MUANG, PATHUMTHANI 12000, THAILAND.